	BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS MODIFICATIONS
)	2020 GENERAL SESSION
}	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
	House Sponsor: Logan Wilde
7	LONG TITLE
}	General Description:
	This bill creates conflicts of interest and vacancy procedures for certain types of boards,
	commissions, and committees.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	defines terms;
	• enacts procedures to follow for vacancies on certain types of boards, commissions,
	and committees;
	• enacts procedures for a member of certain types of boards, commissions, and
	committees to follow when the member has a conflict of interest;
	 modifies deadlines, and the information provided by the governor, with respect to
	certain non-judicial gubernatorial nominees;
	 requires a Senate confirmation hearing, and provides an exception to a deadline
	waiver provision, for certain nominees;
	 requires notice of anticipated vacancies in certain offices that require Senate
	consent; and
	makes technical changes.
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	This bill provides a special effective date.

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29	This bill provides coordination clauses.
30	Utah Code Sections Affected:
31	AMENDS:
32	4-18-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 115
33	9-6-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 212
34	9-8-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 221
35	19-1-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 451
36	19-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 154
37	19-4-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 360
38	19-5-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 234
39	19-6-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 451
40	23-14-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
41	26-21-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 366
42	26-33a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 118
43	31A-2-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 193
44	32B-2-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 365
45	34-20-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 348
46	35A-8-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 89
47	35A-8-2103, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 182
48	40-6-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 243
49	51-7-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
50	53B-1-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 382
51	53B-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 357
52	53B-2a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 382
53	53B-2a-108, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 382
54	53C-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 247
55	54-1-1.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 176

56	59-1-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 370
57	59-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 114
58	59-13-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 153
59	61-2f-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 25 and 381
60	61-2g-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 289
61	62A-1-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 246
62	63G-2-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 254
63	63H-6-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 447
64	63H-8-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 226
65	63M-2-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 246 and 352
66	63M-7-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 131
67	63N-1-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
68	67-1-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
69	67-1-2.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 246
70	72-1-301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 479
71	72-1-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 10
72	73-10-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
73	77-27-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 366
74	78A-11-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 133
75	78B-22-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 435 and renumbered and
76	amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 326
77	79-3-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
78	79-4-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
79	ENACTS:
80	63G-24-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
81	63G-24-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
82	63G-24-103. Utah Code Annotated 1953

83	63G-24-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
84	63G-24-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
85	63G-24-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
86	63G-24-204, Utah Code Annotated 1953
87	63G-24-205, Utah Code Annotated 1953
88	63G-24-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
89	63G-24-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
90	Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
91	26-21-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 366
92	53B-1-404, renumbered from 53B-1-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018,
93	Chapter 382
94	63G-24-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
95	67-1-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
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97	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah: Section 1. Section 4-18-104 is amended to read:
97	
97 98	Section 1. Section 4-18-104 is amended to read:
97 98 99	Section 1. Section 4-18-104 is amended to read: 4-18-104. Conservation Commission created Composition Appointment
97 98 99 100	Section 1. Section 4-18-104 is amended to read: 4-18-104. Conservation Commission created Composition Appointment Terms Compensation Attorney general to provide legal assistance.
97 98 99 100 101	Section 1. Section 4-18-104 is amended to read: 4-18-104. Conservation Commission created Composition Appointment Terms Compensation Attorney general to provide legal assistance. (1) There is created within the department the Conservation Commission to perform
97 98 99 100 101 102	Section 1. Section 4-18-104 is amended to read: 4-18-104. Conservation Commission created Composition Appointment Terms Compensation Attorney general to provide legal assistance. (1) There is created within the department the Conservation Commission to perform the functions specified in this chapter.
97 98 99 100 101 102 103	Section 1. Section 4-18-104 is amended to read: 4-18-104. Conservation Commission created Composition Appointment Terms Compensation Attorney general to provide legal assistance. (1) There is created within the department the Conservation Commission to perform the functions specified in this chapter. (2) The Conservation Commission shall be composed of:
97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104	Section 1. Section 4-18-104 is amended to read: 4-18-104. Conservation Commission created Composition Appointment Terms Compensation Attorney general to provide legal assistance. (1) There is created within the department the Conservation Commission to perform the functions specified in this chapter. (2) The Conservation Commission shall be composed of: (a) [11] 12 voting members, including:
97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105	Section 1. Section 4-18-104 is amended to read: 4-18-104. Conservation Commission created Composition Appointment Terms Compensation Attorney general to provide legal assistance. (1) There is created within the department the Conservation Commission to perform the functions specified in this chapter. (2) The Conservation Commission shall be composed of: (a) [+++] 12 voting members, including: (i) the director of the Extension Service at Utah State University or the director's
97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106	Section 1. Section 4-18-104 is amended to read: 4-18-104. Conservation Commission created Composition Appointment Terms Compensation Attorney general to provide legal assistance. (1) There is created within the department the Conservation Commission to perform the functions specified in this chapter. (2) The Conservation Commission shall be composed of: (a) [++] 12 voting members, including: (i) the director of the Extension Service at Utah State University or the director's designee;

110	executive director's designee;
111	(iv) the president of the County Weed Supervisors Association or the president's
112	designee; and
113	(v) seven district supervisors who provide district representation on the commission on
114	a multicounty basis; and
115	(b) the commissioner or the commissioner's designee.
116	(3) If a district supervisor is unable to attend a meeting, the district supervisor may
117	designate an alternate to serve in the place of the district supervisor for that meeting.
118	(4) None of the members described in Subsection (2)(a)(v) or (3) may serve on an
119	association that represents a conservation district.
120	(5) (a) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall serve as chair of the
121	Conservation Commission.
122	(b) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee may not vote except in the event
123	of a tie, in which case the commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall cast the deciding
124	vote.
125	(6) The members of the commission specified in Subsection (2)(a)(v) shall:
126	(a) be recommended by the commission to the governor; and
127	(b) be appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate in accordance with
128	Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
129	(7) (a) Except as required by Subsection (7)(b), as terms of current commission
130	members expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a
131	four-year term.
132	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (7)(a), the governor shall, at the
133	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
134	commission members are staggered so that approximately half of the commission is appointed
135	every two years.

(c) A commission member may not be appointed to more than two consecutive terms.

137	(8) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
138	appointed for the unexpired term.
139	(9) Attendance of six voting members of the commission at a meeting constitutes a
140	quorum.
141	(10) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
142	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
143	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
144	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
145	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
146	63A-3-107.
147	(11) The commission shall keep a record of the commission's actions.
148	(12) The attorney general shall provide legal services to the commission upon request.
149	(13) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
150	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
151	Section 2. Section 9-6-204 is amended to read:
152	9-6-204. Utah Arts Council Board of Directors.
153	(1) There is created within the division the Board of Directors of the Utah Arts
154	Council.
155	(2) (a) The board shall consist of 13 members appointed by the governor to four-year
156	terms of office with the consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2,
157	Vacancies.
158	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the
159	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
160	board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two
161	years.
162	(c) Nine board members shall be working artists in the following areas:
163	(i) visual arts;

164 (ii) architecture or design; 165 (iii) literature; 166 (iv) music; 167 (v) sculpture; 168 (vi) folklore or folk arts; 169 (vii) theatre; 170 (viii) dance; and 171 (ix) media arts. 172 (d) Four board members shall be citizens knowledgeable in the arts. 173 (3) The members shall be appointed from the state at large with due consideration for 174 geographical representation. 175 (4) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be 176 appointed for the unexpired term by the governor within one month from the time of vacancy. 177 (5) Seven members of the board constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. 178 (6) The governor shall annually select one of the board members as chair. 179 (7) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but 180 may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with: 181 (a) Section 63A-3-106; 182 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and 183 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 184 63A-3-107. 185 (8) A member may not receive gifts, prizes, or awards of money from the purchasing 186 fund of the division during the member's term of office. 187 (9) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title 188 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest. 189 Section 3. Section **9-8-204** is amended to read:

9-8-204. Board of State History.

191	(1) There is created within the department the Board of State History.
192	(2) The board shall consist of 11 members appointed by the governor with the consent
193	of the Senate, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies, as follows:
194	(a) sufficient representatives to satisfy the federal requirements for an adequately
195	qualified State Historic Preservation Review Board; and
196	(b) other persons with an interest in the subject matter of the division's responsibilities
197	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), the members shall be appointed for
198	terms of four years and shall serve until their successors are appointed and qualified.
199	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
200	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
201	board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two
202	years.
203	(4) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
204	appointed for the unexpired term with the consent of the Senate.
205	(5) A simple majority of the board constitutes a quorum for conducting board business
206	(6) The governor shall select a chair and vice chair from the board members.
207	(7) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
208	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
209	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
210	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
211	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
212	63A-3-107.
213	(8) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
214	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
215	Section 4. Section 19-1-106 is amended to read:
216	19-1-106. Boards within department.
217	(1) The following policymaking boards are created within the department:

218	(a) the Air Quality Board, appointed under Section 19-2-103;
219	(b) the Drinking Water Board, appointed under Section 19-4-103;
220	(c) the Water Quality Board, appointed under Section 19-5-103; and
221	(d) the Waste Management and Radiation Control Board, appointed under Section
222	[19-6-104] <u>19-6-103</u> .
223	(2) The authority of the boards created in Subsection (1) is limited to the specific
224	authority granted them under this title.
225	(3) A vacancy that occurs during an expired term in a board described in Subsection (1)
226	shall be filled in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
227	Section 5. Section 19-2-103 is amended to read:
228	19-2-103. Members of board Appointment Terms Organization Per diem
229	and expenses.
230	(1) The board consists of the following nine members:
231	(a) the following non-voting member, except that the member may vote to break a tie
232	vote between the voting members:
233	(i) the executive director; or
234	(ii) an employee of the department designated by the executive director; and
235	(b) the following eight voting members, who shall be appointed by the governor with
236	the consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies:
237	(i) one representative who:
238	(A) is not connected with industry;
239	(B) is an expert in air quality matters; and
240	(C) is a Utah-licensed physician, a Utah-licensed professional engineer, or a scientist
241	with relevant training and experience;
242	(ii) two government representatives who do not represent the federal government;
243	(iii) one representative from the mining industry;
244	(iv) one representative from the fuels industry;

245	(v) one representative from the manufacturing industry;
246	(vi) one representative from the public who represents:
247	(A) an environmental nongovernmental organization; or
248	(B) a nongovernmental organization that represents community interests and does not
249	represent industry interests; and
250	(vii) one representative from the public who is trained and experienced in public
251	health.
252	(2) A member of the board shall:
253	(a) be knowledgeable about air pollution matters, as evidenced by a professional
254	degree, a professional accreditation, or documented experience;
255	(b) be a resident of Utah;
256	(c) attend board meetings in accordance with the attendance rules made by the
257	department under Subsection 19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(A); and
258	(d) comply with all applicable statutes, rules, and policies, including the conflict of
259	interest [rules] provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest, and
260	the conflict of interest rules made by the department under Subsection 19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(B).
261	(3) No more than five of the appointed members of the board shall belong to the same
262	political party.
263	(4) A majority of the members of the board may not derive any significant portion of
264	their income from persons subject to permits or orders under this chapter.
265	(5) (a) Members shall be appointed for a term of four years.
266	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (5)(a), the governor shall, at the
267	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
268	board members are staggered so that half of the appointed board is appointed every two years.
269	(6) A member may serve more than one term.
270	(7) A member shall hold office until the expiration of the member's term and until the
271	member's successor is appointed, but not more than 90 days after the expiration of the

272	member's term.
273	(8) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
274	appointed for the unexpired term.
275	(9) The board shall elect annually a chair and a vice chair from its members.
276	(10) (a) The board shall meet at least quarterly.
277	(b) Special meetings may be called by the chair upon the chair's own initiative, upon
278	the request of the director, or upon the request of three members of the board.
279	(c) Three days' notice shall be given to each member of the board before a meeting.
280	(11) Five members constitute a quorum at a meeting, and the action of a majority of
281	members present is the action of the board.
282	(12) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
283	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
284	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
285	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
286	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
287	63A-3-107.
288	Section 6. Section 19-4-103 is amended to read:
289	19-4-103. Drinking Water Board Members Organization Meetings Per
290	diem and expenses.
291	(1) The board consists of the following nine members:
292	(a) the following non-voting member, except that the member may vote to break a tie
293	vote between the voting members:
294	(i) the executive director; or
295	(ii) an employee of the department designated by the executive director; and
296	(b) the following eight voting members, who shall be appointed by the governor with
297	the consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies:

(i) one representative who is a Utah-licensed professional engineer with expertise in

299	civil or sanitary engineering;
300	(ii) two representatives who are elected officials from a municipal government that is
301	involved in the management or operation of a public water system;
302	(iii) one representative from an improvement district, a water conservancy district, or a
303	metropolitan water district;
304	(iv) one representative from an entity that manages or operates a public water system;
305	(v) one representative from:
306	(A) the state water research community; or
307	(B) an institution of higher education that has comparable expertise in water research
308	to the state water research community;
309	(vi) one representative from the public who represents:
310	(A) an environmental nongovernmental organization; or
311	(B) a nongovernmental organization that represents community interests and does not
312	represent industry interests; and
313	(vii) one representative from the public who is trained and experienced in public
314	health.
315	(2) A member of the board shall:
316	(a) be knowledgeable about drinking water and public water systems, as evidenced by a
317	professional degree, a professional accreditation, or documented experience;
318	(b) represent different geographical areas within the state insofar as practicable;
319	(c) be a resident of Utah;
320	(d) attend board meetings in accordance with the attendance rules made by the
321	department under Subsection 19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(A); and
322	(e) comply with all applicable statutes, rules, and policies, including the conflict of
323	interest rules made by the department under Subsection 19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(B) and the conflict of
324	interest provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
325	(3) No more than five appointed members of the board shall be from the same political

326	party.
327	(4) (a) As terms of current board members expire, the governor shall appoint each new
328	member or reappointed member to a four-year term.
329	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
330	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
331	board members are staggered so that half of the appointed board is appointed every two years.
332	(c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), the term of a board member who is
333	appointed before May 1, 2013, shall expire on April 30, 2013.
334	(ii) On May 1, 2013, the governor shall appoint or reappoint board members in
335	accordance with this section.
336	(5) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
337	appointed for the unexpired term.
338	(6) Each member holds office until the expiration of the member's term, and until a
339	successor is appointed, but not for more than 90 days after the expiration of the term.
340	(7) The board shall elect annually a chair and a vice chair from its members.
341	(8) (a) The board shall meet at least quarterly.
342	(b) Special meetings may be called by the chair upon the chair's own initiative, upon
343	the request of the director, or upon the request of three members of the board.
344	(c) Reasonable notice shall be given to each member of the board before any meeting.
345	(9) Five members constitute a quorum at any meeting and the action of the majority of
346	the members present is the action of the board.
347	(10) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
348	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
349	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
350	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
351	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and

352

63A-3-107.

353	Section 7. Section 19-5-103 is amended to read:
354	19-5-103. Water Quality Board Members of board Appointment Terms
355	Organization Meetings Per diem and expenses.
356	(1) The board consists of the following nine members:
357	(a) the following non-voting member, except that the member may vote to break a tie
358	vote between the voting members:
359	(i) the executive director; or
360	(ii) an employee of the department designated by the executive director; and
361	(b) the following eight voting members, who shall be appointed by the governor with
362	the consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies:
363	(i) one representative who:
364	(A) is an expert and has relevant training and experience in water quality matters;
365	(B) is a Utah-licensed physician, a Utah-licensed professional engineer, or a scientist
366	with relevant training and experience; and
367	(C) represents local and special service districts in the state;
368	(ii) two government representatives who do not represent the federal government;
369	(iii) one representative from the mineral industry;
370	(iv) one representative from the manufacturing industry;
371	(v) one representative who represents agricultural and livestock interests;
372	(vi) one representative from the public who represents:
373	(A) an environmental nongovernmental organization; or
374	(B) a nongovernmental organization that represents community interests and does not
375	represent industry interests; and
376	(vii) one representative from the public who is trained and experienced in public
377	health.
378	(2) A member of the board shall:
379	(a) be knowledgeable about water quality matters, as evidenced by a professional

380 degree, a professional accreditation, or documented experience; 381 (b) be a resident of Utah; 382 (c) attend board meetings in accordance with the attendance rules made by the 383 department under Subsection 19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(A); and 384 (d) comply with all applicable statutes, rules, and policies, including the conflict of 385 interest rules made by the department under Subsection 19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(B) and the conflict of 386 interest provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest. 387 (3) No more than five of the appointed members may be from the same political party. 388 (4) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be 389 appointed for the unexpired term with the consent of the Senate. 390 (5) (a) A member shall be appointed for a term of four years and is eligible for 391 reappointment. 392 (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (5)(a), the governor shall, at the 393 time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of 394 board members are staggered so that half of the appointed board is appointed every two years. 395 [(c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), the term of a board member who is 396 appointed before March 1, 2013, shall expire on February 28, 2013. 397 (ii) On March 1, 2013, the governor shall appoint or reappoint board members in 398 accordance with this section. 399 (6) A member shall hold office until the expiration of the member's term and until the 400 member's successor is appointed, not to exceed 90 days after the formal expiration of the term. 401 (7) The board shall: 402 (a) organize and annually select one of its members as chair and one of its members as 403 vice chair; 404 (b) hold at least four regular meetings each calendar year; and 405 (c) keep minutes of its proceedings which are open to the public for inspection. 406 (8) The chair may call a special meeting upon the request of three or more members of

407	the board.
408	(9) Each member of the board and the director shall be notified of the time and place of
409	each meeting.
410	(10) Five members of the board constitute a quorum for the transaction of business,
411	and the action of a majority of members present is the action of the board.
412	(11) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
413	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
414	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
415	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
416	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
417	63A-3-107.
418	Section 8. Section 19-6-103 is amended to read:
419	19-6-103. Waste Management and Radiation Control Board Members Terms
420	Organization Meetings Per diem and expenses.
421	(1) The board consists of the following 12 members:
422	(a) the following non-voting member, except that the member may vote to break a tie
423	vote between the voting members:
424	(i) the executive director; or
425	(ii) an employee of the department designated by the executive director; and
426	(b) the following 11 voting members appointed by the governor with the consent of the
427	Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies:
428	(i) one representative who is:
429	(A) not connected with industry; and
430	(B) a Utah-licensed professional engineer;
431	(ii) two government representatives who do not represent the federal government;
432	(iii) one representative from the manufacturing, mining, or fuel industry;
433	(iv) one representative from the private solid or hazardous waste disposal industry;

434	(v) one representative from the private nazardous waste recovery industry;
435	(vi) one representative from the radioactive waste management industry;
436	(vii) one representative from the uranium milling industry;
437	(viii) one representative from the public who represents:
438	(A) an environmental nongovernmental organization; or
439	(B) a nongovernmental organization that represents community interests and does not
440	represent industry interests;
441	(ix) one representative from the public who is trained and experienced in public health
442	and a licensed:
443	(A) medical doctor; or
444	(B) dentist; and
445	(x) one representative who is:
446	(A) a medical physicist or a health physicist; or
447	(B) a professional employed in the field of radiation safety.
448	(2) A member of the board shall:
449	(a) be knowledgeable about solid and hazardous waste matters and radiation safety and
450	protection as evidenced by a professional degree, a professional accreditation, or documented
451	experience;
452	(b) be a resident of Utah;
453	(c) attend board meetings in accordance with the attendance rules made by the
454	department under Subsection 19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(A); and
455	(d) comply with all applicable statutes, rules, and policies, including the conflict of
456	interest rules made by the department in accordance with Subsection 19-1-201(1)(d)(i)(B) and
457	the conflict of interest provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of
458	<u>Interest</u> .
459	(3) No more than six of the appointed members may be from the same political party.
460	(4) (a) Members shall be appointed for terms of four years each.

461	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
462	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
463	board members are staggered so that half of the appointed board is appointed every two years.
164	[(c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), the term of a board member who is
465	appointed before March 1, 2013, shall expire on February 28, 2013.]
466	[(ii) On March 1, 2013, the governor shall appoint or reappoint board members in
167	accordance with this section.]
468	(5) Each member is eligible for reappointment.
169	(6) Board members shall continue in office until the expiration of their terms and until
470	their successors are appointed, but not more than 90 days after the expiration of their terms.
471	(7) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
1 72	appointed for the unexpired term by the governor, after considering recommendations of the
473	board and with the consent of the Senate.
174	(8) The board shall elect a chair and vice chair on or before April 1 of each year from
475	its membership.
476	(9) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
177	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
478	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
179	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
480	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
481	63A-3-107.
182	(10) (a) The board shall hold a meeting at least once every three months including one
183	meeting during each annual general session of the Legislature.
184	(b) Meetings shall be held on the call of the chair, the director, or any three of the
485	members.
486	(11) Six members constitute a quorum at any meeting, and the action of the majority of
187	members present is the action of the board.

488	Section 9. Section 23-14-2 is amended to read:
489	23-14-2. Wildlife Board Creation Membership Terms Quorum
490	Meetings Per diem and expenses.
491	(1) There is created a Wildlife Board which shall consist of seven members appointed
492	by the governor with the consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part
493	2, Vacancies.
494	(2) (a) In addition to the requirements of Section 79-2-203, the members of the board
495	shall have expertise or experience in at least one of the following areas:
496	(i) wildlife management or biology;
497	(ii) habitat management, including range or aquatic;
498	(iii) business, including knowledge of private land issues; and
499	(iv) economics, including knowledge of recreational wildlife uses.
500	(b) Each of the areas of expertise under Subsection (2)(a) shall be represented by at
501	least one member of the Wildlife Board.
502	(3) (a) The governor shall select each board member from a list of nominees submitted
503	by the nominating committee pursuant to Section 23-14-2.5.
504	(b) No more than two members shall be from a single wildlife region described in
505	Subsection 23-14-2.6(1).
506	(c) The governor may request an additional list of at least two nominees from the
507	nominating committee if the initial list of nominees for a given position is unacceptable.
508	(d) (i) If the governor fails to appoint a board member within 60 days after receipt of
509	the initial or additional list, the nominating committee shall make an interim appointment by
510	majority vote.
511	(ii) The interim board member shall serve until the matter is resolved by the committee
512	and the governor or until the board member is replaced pursuant to this chapter.
513	(4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), as terms of current board members
514	expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a six-year term.

515	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
516	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that:
517	(i) the terms of board members are staggered so that approximately one-third of the
518	board is appointed every two years; and
519	(ii) members serving from the same region have staggered terms.
520	(c) If a vacancy occurs, the nominating committee shall submit two names, as provided
521	in Subsection 23-14-2.5(4), to the governor and the governor shall appoint a replacement for
522	the unexpired term.
523	(d) Board members may serve only one term unless:
524	(i) the member is among the first board members appointed to serve four years or less;
525	or
526	(ii) the member filled a vacancy under Subsection (4)(c) for four years or less.
527	(5) (a) The board shall elect a chair and a vice chair from its membership.
528	(b) Four members of the board shall constitute a quorum.
529	(c) The director of the Division of Wildlife Resources shall act as secretary to the
530	board but is not a voting member of the board.
531	(6) (a) The Wildlife Board shall hold a sufficient number of public meetings each year
532	to expeditiously conduct its business.
533	(b) Meetings may be called by the chair upon five days notice or upon shorter notice in
534	emergency situations.
535	(c) Meetings may be held at the Salt Lake City office of the Division of Wildlife
536	Resources or elsewhere as determined by the Wildlife Board.
537	(7) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
538	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
539	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
540	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
541	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and

542	63A-3-107.
543	(8) (a) The members of the Wildlife Board shall complete an orientation course to
544	assist them in the performance of the duties of their office.
545	(b) The Department of Natural Resources shall provide the course required under
546	Subsection (8)(a).
547	(9) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
548	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
549	Section 10. Section 26-21-3 is amended to read:
550	26-21-3. Health Facility Committee Members Terms Organization
551	Meetings.
552	(1) The Health Facility Committee created by Section 26-1-7 consists of 15 members
553	appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G,
554	Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies. The appointed members shall be knowledgeable about health
555	care facilities and issues. The membership of the committee is:
556	(a) one physician, licensed to practice medicine and surgery under Title 58, Chapter 67
557	Utah Medical Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act,
558	who is a graduate of a regularly chartered medical school;
559	(b) one hospital administrator;
560	(c) one hospital trustee;
561	(d) one representative of a freestanding ambulatory surgical facility;
562	(e) one representative of an ambulatory surgical facility that is affiliated with a
563	hospital;
564	(f) two representatives of the nursing care facility industry;
565	(g) one registered nurse, licensed to practice under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse
566	Practice Act;
567	(h) one professional in the field of intellectual disabilities not affiliated with a nursing
568	care facility;

569	(i) one licensed architect or engineer with expertise in health care facilities;
570	(j) two representatives of assisted living facilities licensed under this chapter;
571	(k) two consumers, one of whom has an interest in or expertise in geriatric care; and
572	(l) one representative from either a home health care provider or a hospice provider.
573	(2) (a) Except as required by Subsection (2)(b), members shall be appointed for a term
574	of four years.
575	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the
576	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
577	committee members are staggered so that approximately half of the committee is appointed
578	every two years.
579	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
580	appointed for the unexpired term by the governor, giving consideration to recommendations
581	made by the committee, with the consent of the Senate.
582	(d) A member may not serve more than two consecutive full terms or 10 consecutive
583	years, whichever is less. However, a member may continue to serve as a member until he is
584	replaced.
585	(e) The committee shall annually elect from its membership a chair and vice chair.
586	(f) The committee shall meet at least quarterly, or more frequently as determined by the
587	chair or five members of the committee.
588	(g) Eight members constitute a quorum. A vote of the majority of the members present
589	constitutes action of the committee.
590	(h) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
591	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
592	Section 11. Section 26-33a-103 is amended to read:
593	26-33a-103. Committee membership Terms Chair Compensation.
594	(1) The Health Data Committee created by Section 26-1-7 shall be composed of 15
595	members.

596	(2) (a) One member shall be:
597	(i) the commissioner of the Utah Insurance Department; or
598	(ii) the commissioner's designee who shall have knowledge regarding the health care
599	system and characteristics and use of health data.
600	(b) Fourteen members shall be appointed by the governor with the consent of the
601	Senate in accordance with Subsection (3) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2,
602	<u>Vacancies</u> . No more than seven members of the committee appointed by the governor may be
603	members of the same political party.
604	(3) The members of the committee appointed under Subsection (2)(b) shall:
605	(a) be knowledgeable regarding the health care system and the characteristics and use
606	of health data;
607	(b) be selected so that the committee at all times includes individuals who provide
608	care;
609	(c) include one person employed by or otherwise associated with a general acute
610	hospital as defined by Section 26-21-2, who is knowledgeable about the collection, analysis,
611	and use of health care data;
612	(d) include two physicians, as defined in Section 58-67-102:
613	(i) who are licensed to practice in this state;
614	(ii) who actively practice medicine in this state;
615	(iii) who are trained in or have experience with the collection, analysis, and use of
616	health care data; and
617	(iv) one of whom is selected by the Utah Medical Association;
618	(e) include three persons:
619	(i) who are:
620	(A) employed by or otherwise associated with a business that supplies health care
621	insurance to its employees; and
622	(B) knowledgeable about the collection and use of health care data; and

623	(11) at least one of whom represents an employer employing 50 or fewer employees;
624	(f) include three persons representing health insurers:
625	(i) at least one of whom is employed by or associated with a third-party payor that is
626	not licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited
627	Health Plans;
628	(ii) at least one of whom is employed by or associated with a third party payer that is
629	licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health
630	Plans; and
631	(iii) who are trained in, or experienced with the collection, analysis, and use of health
632	care data;
633	(g) include two consumer representatives:
634	(i) from organized consumer or employee associations; and
635	(ii) knowledgeable about the collection and use of health care data;
636	(h) include one person:
637	(i) representative of a neutral, non-biased entity that can demonstrate that it has the
638	broad support of health care payers and health care providers; and
639	(ii) who is knowledgeable about the collection, analysis, and use of health care data;
640	and
641	(i) include two persons representing public health who are trained in, or experienced
642	with the collection, use, and analysis of health care data.
643	(4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), as terms of current committee members
644	expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year
645	term.
646	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
647	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
648	committee members are staggered so that approximately half of the committee is appointed
649	every two years.

650	(c) Members may serve after their terms expire until replaced.
651	(5) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
652	appointed for the unexpired term.
653	(6) Committee members shall annually elect a chair of the committee from among their
654	membership. The chair shall report to the executive director.
655	(7) The committee shall meet at least once during each calendar quarter. Meeting dates
656	shall be set by the chair upon 10 working days notice to the other members, or upon written
657	request by at least four committee members with at least 10 working days notice to other
658	committee members.
659	(8) Eight committee members constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
660	Action may not be taken except upon the affirmative vote of a majority of a quorum of the
661	committee.
662	(9) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
663	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
664	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
665	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
666	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
667	63A-3-107.
668	(10) All meetings of the committee shall be open to the public, except that the
669	committee may hold a closed meeting if the requirements of Sections 52-4-204, 52-4-205, and
670	52-4-206 are met.
671	(11) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
672	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
673	Section 12. Section 31A-2-403 is amended to read:
674	31A-2-403. Title and Escrow Commission created.

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(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), there is created within the department the Title and

Escrow Commission that is comprised of five members who shall be, in accordance with Title

6//	63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies, appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate
678	as follows:
679	(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), two members shall be employees of a title
680	insurer;
681	(ii) two members shall:
682	(A) be employees of a Utah agency title insurance producer;
683	(B) be or have been licensed under the title insurance line of authority;
684	(C) as of the day on which the member is appointed, be or have been licensed with the
685	title examination or escrow subline of authority for at least five years; and
686	(D) as of the day on which the member is appointed, not be from the same county as
687	another member appointed under this Subsection (1)(a)(ii); and
688	(iii) one member shall be a member of the general public from any county in the state.
689	(b) No more than one commission member may be appointed from a single company
690	or an affiliate or subsidiary of the company.
691	(c) If the governor is unable to identify more than one individual who is an employee
692	of a title insurer and willing to serve as a member of the commission, the commission shall
693	include the following members in lieu of the members described in Subsection (1)(a)(i):
694	(i) one member who is an employee of a title insurer; and
695	(ii) one member who is an employee of a Utah agency title insurance producer.
696	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(c), a commission member shall comply with the
697	conflict of interest provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest,
698	and file with the commissioner a disclosure of any position of employment or ownership
699	interest that the commission member has with respect to a person that is subject to the
700	jurisdiction of the commissioner.
701	(b) The disclosure statement required by this Subsection (2) shall be:
702	(i) filed by no later than the day on which the person begins that person's appointment;
703	and

(ii) amended when a significant change occurs in any matter required to be disclosed under this Subsection (2).

- (c) A commission member is not required to disclose an ownership interest that the commission member has if the ownership interest is in a publicly traded company or held as part of a mutual fund, trust, or similar investment.
- (3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current commission members expire, the governor shall appoint each new commission member to a four-year term ending on June 30.
- (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the time of appointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of the commission members are staggered so that approximately half of the members appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(i) and half of the members appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) are appointed every two years.
 - (c) A commission member may not serve more than one consecutive term.
- 718 (d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor, with the consent of the Senate, shall appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.
 - (e) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a commission member serves until a successor is appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate.
 - (4) A commission member may not receive compensation or benefits for the commission member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
- 725 (a) Section 63A-3-106;

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- 726 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and
- 727 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 728 63A-3-107.
- 729 (5) Members of the commission shall annually select one commission member to serve as chair.

731	(6) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), the commission shall meet at least
732	monthly.
733	(ii) (A) The commissioner shall, with the concurrence of the chair of the commission,
734	designate at least one monthly meeting per quarter as an in-person meeting.
735	(B) Notwithstanding Section 52-4-207, a commission member shall physically attend a
736	meeting designated as an in-person meeting under Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(A) and may not attend
737	through electronic means. A commission member may attend any other commission meeting,
738	subcommittee meeting, or emergency meeting by electronic means in accordance with Section
739	52-4-207.
740	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b)(ii), the commissioner may, with the
741	concurrence of the chair of the commission, cancel a monthly meeting of the commission if,
742	due to the number or nature of pending title insurance matters, the monthly meeting is not
743	necessary.
744	(ii) The commissioner may not cancel a monthly meeting designated as an in-person
745	meeting under Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(A).
746	(c) The commissioner may call additional meetings:
747	(i) at the commissioner's discretion;
748	(ii) upon the request of the chair of the commission; or
749	(iii) upon the written request of three or more commission members.
750	(d) (i) Three commission members constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
751	(ii) The action of a majority of the commission members when a quorum is present is
752	the action of the commission.
753	(7) The commissioner shall staff the commission.
754	Section 13. Section 32B-2-201 is amended to read:
755	32B-2-201. Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission created.
756	(1) There is created the "Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission." The commission is

the governing board over the department.

758	(2) (a) The commission is composed of seven part-time commissioners appointed by
759	the governor with the consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2,
760	Vacancies.
761	(b) No more than four commissioners may be of the same political party.
762	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of commissioners expire, the
763	governor shall appoint each new commissioner or reappointed commissioner to a four-year
764	term.
765	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
766	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of no
767	more than three commissioners expire in a fiscal year.
768	(4) (a) When a vacancy occurs on the commission for any reason, the governor shall
769	appoint a replacement for the unexpired term with the consent of the Senate.
770	(b) Unless removed in accordance with Subsection (6), a commissioner shall remain on
771	the commission after the expiration of a term until a successor is appointed by the governor,
772	with the consent of the Senate.
773	(5) A commissioner shall take the oath of office.
774	(6) (a) The governor may remove a commissioner from the commission for cause,
775	neglect of duty, inefficiency, or malfeasance after a public hearing conducted by:
776	(i) the governor; or
777	(ii) an impartial hearing examiner appointed by the governor to conduct the hearing.
778	(b) At least 10 days before the hearing described in Subsection (6)(a), the governor
779	shall provide the commissioner notice of:
780	(i) the date, time, and place of the hearing; and
781	(ii) the alleged grounds for the removal.
782	(c) The commissioner shall have an opportunity to:
783	(i) attend the hearing;

(ii) present witnesses and other evidence; and

785	(iii) confront and cross examine witnesses.
786	(d) After a hearing under this Subsection (6):
787	(i) the person conducting the hearing shall prepare written findings of fact and
788	conclusions of law; and
789	(ii) the governor shall serve a copy of the prepared findings and conclusions upon the
790	commissioner.
791	(e) If a hearing under this Subsection (6) is held before a hearing examiner, the hearing
792	examiner shall issue a written recommendation to the governor in addition to complying with
793	Subsection (6)(d).
794	(f) A commissioner has five days from the day on which the commissioner receives the
795	findings and conclusions described in Subsection (6)(d) to file written objections to the
796	recommendation before the governor issues a final order.
797	(g) The governor shall:
798	(i) issue the final order under this Subsection (6) in writing; and
799	(ii) serve the final order upon the commissioner.
800	(7) A commissioner may not receive compensation or benefits for the commissioner's
801	service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
802	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
803	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
804	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
805	63A-3-107.
806	(8) (a) The governor shall annually appoint the chair of the commission. A
807	commissioner serves as chair to the commission at the pleasure of the governor. If removed as
808	chair, the commissioner continues to serve as a commissioner unless removed as a
809	commissioner under Subsection (6).
810	(b) The commission shall elect:
811	(i) another commissioner to serve as vice chair: and

812	(ii) other commission officers as the commission considers advisable.
813	(c) A commissioner elected under Subsection (8)(b) shall serve in the office to which
814	the commissioner is elected at the pleasure of the commission.
815	(9) (a) Each commissioner has equal voting rights on a commission matter when in
816	attendance at a commission meeting.
817	(b) Four commissioners is a quorum for conducting commission business.
818	(c) A majority vote of the quorum present at a meeting is required for the commission
819	to act.
820	(d) A commissioner shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in
821	Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
822	(10) (a) The commission shall meet at least monthly, but may hold other meetings at
823	times and places as scheduled by:
824	(i) the commission;
825	(ii) the chair; or
826	(iii) three commissioners upon filing a written request for a meeting with the chair.
827	(b) Notice of the time and place of a commission meeting shall be given to each
828	commissioner, and to the public in compliance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public
829	Meetings Act. A commission meeting is open to the public, except for a commission meeting
830	or portion of a commission meeting that is closed by the commission as authorized by Sections
831	52-4-204 and 52-4-205.
832	Section 14. Section 34-20-3 is amended to read:
833	34-20-3. Labor relations board.
834	(1) (a) There is created the Labor Relations Board consisting of the following:
835	(i) the commissioner of the Labor Commission;
836	(ii) two members who shall be, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2,
837	<u>Vacancies</u> , appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate consisting of:
838	(A) a representative of employers, in the appointment of whom the governor shall

consider nominations from employer organizations; and

- (B) a representative of employees, in the appointment of whom the governor shall consider nominations from employee organizations.
- (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(ii), as terms of members appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year term.
- (ii) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (1)(b)(i), the governor shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of members appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) are staggered so one member is appointed every two years.
 - (c) The commissioner shall serve as chair of the board.
- (d) A vacancy occurring on the board for any cause of the members appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) shall be filled by the governor with the consent of the Senate pursuant to this section for the unexpired term of the vacating member.
- (e) The governor may at any time remove a member appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) but only for inefficiency, neglect of duty, malfeasance or malfeasance in office, or for cause upon a hearing.
- (f) A member of the board appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) may not hold any other office in the government of the United States, this state or any other state, or of any county government or municipal corporation within a state.
- (g) A member appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
- 862 (i) Section 63A-3-106;
- 863 (ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
- 864 (iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 865 63A-3-107.

866	(2) A meeting of the board may be called:
867	(a) by the chair; or
868	(b) jointly by the members appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii).
869	(3) The chair may provide staff and administrative support as necessary from the Labor
870	Commission.
871	(4) A vacancy in the board does not impair the right of the remaining members to
872	exercise all the powers of the board, and two members of the board shall at all times constitute
873	a quorum.
874	(5) The board shall have an official seal which shall be judicially noticed.
875	(6) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
876	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
877	Section 15. Section 35A-8-304 is amended to read:
878	35A-8-304. Permanent Community Impact Fund Board created Members
879	Terms Chair Expenses.
880	(1) There is created within the department the Permanent Community Impact Fund
881	Board composed of 11 members as follows:
882	(a) the chair of the Board of Water Resources or the chair's designee;
883	(b) the chair of the Water Quality Board or the chair's designee;
884	(c) the director of the department or the director's designee;
885	(d) the state treasurer;
886	(e) the chair of the Transportation Commission or the chair's designee;
887	(f) a locally elected official who resides in Carbon, Emery, Grand, or San Juan County;
888	(g) a locally elected official who resides in Juab, Millard, Sanpete, Sevier, Piute, or
889	Wayne County;
890	(h) a locally elected official who resides in Duchesne, Daggett, or Uintah County;
891	(i) a locally elected official who resides in Beaver, Iron, Washington, Garfield, or Kane
892	County; and

- (j) a locally elected official from each of the two counties that produced the most mineral lease money during the previous four-year period, prior to the term of appointment, as determined by the department.
- (2) (a) The members specified under Subsections (1)(f) through (j) may not reside in the same county and shall be:
- (i) nominated by the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Association of Local Governments, the Six County Association of Governments, the Uintah Basin Association of Governments, and the Five County Association of Governments, respectively, except that a member under Subsection (1)(j) shall be nominated by the Board of Directors of the Association of Governments from the region of the state in which the county is located; and
- (ii) appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate <u>in accordance with Title</u> 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
- (b) Except as required by Subsection (2)(c), as terms of current board members expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year term.
- (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(b), the governor shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two years.
- (d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
- (3) The terms of office for the members of the impact board specified under Subsections (1)(a) through (1)(e) shall run concurrently with the terms of office for the councils, boards, committees, commission, departments, or offices from which the members come.
- (4) The executive director of the department, or the executive director's designee, is the chair of the impact board.
 - (5) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but

920	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
921	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
922	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
923	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
924	63A-3-107.
925	(6) A member described in Subsections (1)(f) through (j) shall comply with the conflict
926	of interest provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
927	Section 16. Section 35A-8-2103 is amended to read:
928	35A-8-2103. Private Activity Bond Review Board.
929	(1) There is created within the department the Private Activity Bond Review Board,
930	composed of the following 11 members:
931	(a) (i) the executive director of the department or the executive director's designee;
932	(ii) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development or the
933	executive director's designee;
934	(iii) the state treasurer or the state treasurer's designee;
935	(iv) the chair of the Board of Regents or the chair's designee; and
936	(v) the chair of the Utah Housing Corporation or the chair's designee; and
937	(b) six local government members who are:
938	(i) three elected or appointed county officials, nominated by the Utah Association of
939	Counties and appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate and in accordance with
940	Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies; and
941	(ii) three elected or appointed municipal officials, nominated by the Utah League of
942	Cities and Towns and appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate and in
943	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
944	(2) (a) Except as required by Subsection (2)(b), the terms of office for the local
945	government members of the board of review shall be four-year terms.
946	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the

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947	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
948	board of review members are staggered so that approximately half of the board of review is
949	appointed every two years.
950	(c) Members may be reappointed only once.
951	(3) (a) If a local government member ceases to be an elected or appointed official of
952	the city or county the member is appointed to represent, that membership on the board of
953	review terminates immediately and there shall be a vacancy in the membership.
954	(b) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
955	appointed within 30 days in the manner of the regular appointment for the unexpired term.
956	(4) (a) The chair of the board of review is the executive director of the department or
957	the executive director's designee.
958	(b) The chair is nonvoting except in the case of a tie vote.
959	(5) Six members of the board of review constitute a quorum.
960	(6) Formal action by the board of review requires a majority vote of a quorum.
961	(7) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
962	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
963	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
964	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
965	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
966	(8) The chair of the board of review serves as the state official designated under state
967	law to make certifications required to be made under Section 146 of the code including the
968	certification required by Section 149(e)(2)(F) of the code.
969	(9) A member appointed to fill a position described in Subsection (1)(b) shall comply
970	with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of
971	<u>Interest.</u>
972	Section 17. Section 40-6-4 is amended to read:

40-6-4. Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining created -- Functions -- Appointment of

974	members Terms Chair Quorum Expenses.
975	(1) (a) There is created within the Department of Natural Resources the Board of Oil,
976	Gas, and Mining.
977	(b) The board shall be the policy making body for the Division of Oil, Gas, and
978	Mining.
979	(2) (a) The board shall consist of seven members appointed by the governor with the
980	consent of the Senate and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
981	(b) No more than four members shall be from the same political party.
982	(c) In accordance with the requirements of Section 79-2-203, the members appointed
983	under Subsection (2)(a) shall include the following:
984	(i) two members who are knowledgeable in mining matters;
985	(ii) two members who are knowledgeable in oil and gas matters;
986	(iii) one member who is knowledgeable in ecological and environmental matters;
987	(iv) one member who:
988	(A) is a private land owner;
989	(B) owns a mineral or royalty interest; and
990	(C) is knowledgeable in mineral or royalty interests; and
991	(v) one member who is knowledgeable in geological matters.
992	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current board members
993	expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year
994	term.
995	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
996	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
997	board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two
998	years.
999	(c) A member shall hold office until the expiration of the member's term and until the
1000	member's successor is appointed, but not more than 90 days after the expiration of the

1001	member's term.
1002	(4) (a) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall
1003	be appointed for the unexpired term by the governor with the consent of the Senate.
1004	(b) The person appointed shall have the same qualifications as the person's
1005	predecessor.
1006	(5) (a) The board shall appoint its chair from the membership.
1007	(b) Four members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business
1008	and the holding of hearings.
1009	(6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
1010	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1011	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1012	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1013	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1014	63A-3-107.
1015	(7) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
1016	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1017	Section 18. Section 51-7-16 is amended to read:
1018	51-7-16. State Money Management Council Members Terms Vacancies
1019	Chair and vice chair Executive secretary Meetings Quorum Members' disclosure
1020	of interests Per diem and expenses.
1021	(1) (a) There is created a State Money Management Council composed of five
1022	members appointed by the governor after consultation with the state treasurer and with the
1023	consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
1024	(b) The members of the council shall be qualified by training and experience in the
1025	field of investment or finance as follows:
1026	(i) at least one member, but not more than two members, shall be experienced in the
1027	banking business;

1028	(ii) at least one member, but not more than two members, shall be an elected treasurer;
1029	(iii) at least one member, but not more than two members, shall be an appointed public
1030	treasurer; and
1031	(iv) two members, but not more than two members, shall be experienced in the field of
1032	investment.
1033	(c) No more than three members of the council may be from the same political party.
1034	(2) (a) Except as required by Subsection (2)(b), the council members shall be appointed
1035	for terms of four years.
1036	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the
1037	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
1038	council members are staggered so that approximately half of the council is appointed every two
1039	years.
1040	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
1041	appointed for the unexpired term.
1042	(d) All members shall serve until their successors are appointed and qualified.
1043	(3) (a) The council members shall elect a chair and vice chair.
1044	(b) The state treasurer shall serve as executive secretary of the council without vote.
1045	(4) (a) The council shall meet at least once per quarter at a regular date to be fixed by
1046	the council and at other times at the call of the chair, the state treasurer, or any two members of
1047	the council.
1048	(b) Three members are a quorum for the transaction of business.
1049	(c) Actions of the council require a vote of a majority of those present.
1050	(d) All meetings of the council and records of its proceedings are open for inspection
1051	by the public at the state treasurer's office during regular business hours except for:
1052	(i) reports of the commissioner of financial institutions concerning the identity,
1053	liquidity, or financial condition of qualified depositories and the amount of public funds each is

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eligible to hold; and

1055	(11) reports of the director concerning the identity, liquidity, or financial condition of
1056	certified dealers.
1057	(5) (a) Each member of the council shall file a sworn or written statement with the
1058	lieutenant governor that discloses any position or employment or ownership interest that he has
1059	in any financial institution or investment organization.
1060	(b) Each member shall file the statement required by this Subsection (5) when he
1061	becomes a member of the council and when substantial changes in his position, employment,
1062	or ownership interests occur.
1063	(c) Each member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
1064	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1065	(6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
1066	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1067	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1068	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1069	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1070	63A-3-107.
1071	Section 19. Section 53B-1-104 is amended to read:
1072	53B-1-104. Membership of the board Student appointee Terms Oath
1073	Officers Committees Bylaws Meetings Quorum Vacancies Compensation.
1074	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c) or (2), the board consists of 17 residents of
1075	the state appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate, in accordance with Title
1076	63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies, as follows:
1077	(a) eight at-large members;
1078	(b) eight members, each of whom is:
1079	(i) selected from three nominees presented to the governor by a higher education
1080	institution board of trustees; and
1081	(ii) a current or former member of the institution of higher education board of trustees

1082 that nominates the member; and 1083 (c) one member, selected from three nominees presented to the governor by the student 1084 body presidents of the institutions of higher education, but not subject to the public comment process described in Section 63G-24-204, who: 1085 1086 (i) is a fully matriculated student enrolled in an institution of higher education; and 1087 (ii) is not serving as a student body president at the time of the nomination. 1088 (2) (a) (i) An individual appointed to the board on or before May 8, 2017, may serve on 1089 the board, even if the individual does not fulfill a requirement for the composition of the board 1090 described in Subsection (1). 1091 (ii) The governor may reappoint a member described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) when the 1092 member's term expires. (b) An individual appointed to the board on or before May 8, 2017, who is a current or 1093 1094 former member of an institution of higher education board of trustees is the board member for 1095 the institution of higher education described in Subsection (1)(b). 1096 (c) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(c)(ii), as positions on the board become vacant, the 1097 governor shall ensure that newly appointed members move the board toward the composition 1098 described in Subsection (1). 1099 (ii) In appointing a new member to the board, the governor shall first appoint a member 1100 described in Subsection (1)(b) until the eight positions described in Subsection (1)(b) are filled. 1101 (3) (a) All appointments to the board shall be made on a nonpartisan basis. 1102 (b) In making appointments to the board, the governor shall consider: 1103 (i) geographic representation of members; 1104 (ii) diversity; 1105 (iii) experience in higher education governance; 1106 (iv) experience in economic development; and

(v) exposure to institutions of higher education.

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(c) An individual may not serve simultaneously on the State Board of Regents and an

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1109	institution of higher education board of trustees.
1110	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), members of the board shall be
1111	appointed to six-year staggered terms, which begin on July 1 of the year of appointment.
1112	(b) A student member described in Subsection (1)(c) shall be appointed to a one-year
1113	term.
1114	(c) (i) The governor may remove a member of the board for cause.
1115	(ii) The governor shall consult with the president of the Senate before removing a
1116	member of the board.
1117	(5) (a) A member of the board shall take the official oath of office before entering upon
1118	the duties of office.
1119	(b) The oath shall be filed with the Division of Archives and Records Services.
1120	(6) The board shall elect a chair and vice chair from among the board's members who
1121	shall serve terms of two years and until their successors are chosen and qualified.
1122	(7) (a) The board shall appoint a secretary from the staff of the board's chief executive
1123	to serve at the board's discretion.
1124	(b) The secretary is a full-time employee who receives a salary set by the board.
1125	(c) The secretary shall record and maintain a record of all board meetings and perform
1126	other duties as the board directs.
1127	(8) (a) The board may establish advisory committees.
1128	(b) The powers and authority of the board are nondelegable, except as specifically
1129	provided for in this title.
1130	(c) All matters requiring board determination shall be addressed in a properly convened
1131	meeting of the board or the board's executive committee.
1132	(9) The board shall enact bylaws for the board's own government not inconsistent with
1133	the constitution or the laws of this state.

(10) (a) The board shall meet regularly upon the board's own determination.

(b) The board may also meet, in full or executive session, at the request of the chair,

1136	the executive officer, or five members of the board.
1137	(11) A quorum of the voting members of the board is required to conduct the board's
1138	business and consists of nine members.
1139	(12) (a) A vacancy in the board occurring before the expiration of a voting member's
1140	full term shall be immediately filled by appointment by the governor with the consent of the
1141	Senate.
1142	(b) An individual appointed under Subsection (12)(a) serves for the remainder of the
1143	unexpired term.
1144	(13) A board member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's
1145	service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1146	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1147	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1148	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1149	63A-3-107.
1150	(14) A board member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in
1151	Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1152	Section 20. Section 53B-2-104 is amended to read:
1153	53B-2-104. Institution of higher education board of trustees Membership
1154	Terms Vacancies Oath Officers Bylaws Quorum Committees
1155	Compensation.
1156	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (10), the board of trustees of an institution of
1157	higher education consists of the following:
1158	(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), eight individuals appointed by the governor
1159	with the consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies;
1160	and
1161	(ii) two ex officio members who are the president of the institution's alumni

association, and the president of the associated students of the institution.

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1163	(b) The appointed members of the boards of trustees for Utah Valley University and
1164	Salt Lake Community College shall be representative of the interests of business, industry, and
1165	labor.
1166	(c) (i) The board of trustees of Utah State University has nine individuals appointed by
1167	the governor with the consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2,
1168	Vacancies.
1169	(ii) One of the nine individuals described in Subsection (1)(c)(i) shall reside in the
1170	Utah State University Eastern service region or the Utah State University Blanding service
1171	region.
1172	(2) (a) The governor shall appoint four members of each board of trustees during each
1173	odd-numbered year to four-year terms commencing on July 1 of the year of appointment.
1174	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), a member appointed under Subsection
1175	(1)(a)(i) or (1)(c)(i) holds office until a successor is appointed and qualified.
1176	(c) The ex officio members serve for the same period as they serve as presidents and
1177	until their successors have qualified.
1178	(d) (i) The governor may remove a member appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(i) or
1179	(1)(c)(i) for cause.
1180	(ii) The governor shall consult with the president of the Senate before removing a
1181	member appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (1)(c)(i).
1182	(3) When a vacancy occurs in the membership of a board of trustees for any reason, the
1183	replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
1184	(4) (a) Each member of a board of trustees shall take the official oath of office prior to
1185	assuming the office.
1186	(b) The oath shall be filed with the Division of Archives and Records Services.
1187	(5) A board of trustees shall elect a chair and vice chair, who serve for two years and
1188	until their successors are elected and qualified.

(6) (a) A board of trustees may enact bylaws for the board of trustees' own government,

1190	including provisions for regular meetings.
1191	(b) (i) A board of trustees may provide for an executive committee in the board of
1192	trustees' bylaws.
1193	(ii) If established, an executive committee shall have full authority of the board of
1194	trustees to act upon routine matters during the interim between board of trustees meetings.
1195	(iii) An executive committee may act on nonroutine matters only under extraordinary
1196	and emergency circumstances.
1197	(iv) An executive committee shall report the executive committee's activities to the
1198	board of trustees at the board of trustees' next regular meeting following the action.
1199	(c) Copies of a board of trustees' bylaws shall be filed with the board.
1200	(7) A quorum is required to conduct business and consists of six members.
1201	(8) A board of trustees may establish advisory committees.
1202	(9) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
1203	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1204	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1205	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1206	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1207	63A-3-107.
1208	(10) This section does not apply to a technical college board of directors described in
1209	Section 53B-2a-108.
1210	(11) A board member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in
1211	Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1212	Section 21. Section 53B-2a-103 is amended to read:
1213	53B-2a-103. UTech Board of Trustees Membership Terms Vacancies
1214	Oath Officers Quorum Committees Compensation.

(1) There is created the UTech Board of Trustees.

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(2) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2019, the board of trustees is composed of 15 members

1217	appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G,
1218	Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies, as follows:
1219	(i) one member selected from at least two nominees presented to the governor by the
1220	board of directors of each technical college, for a total of eight members; and
1221	(ii) one member who is employed in and represents each of the following sectors:
1222	(A) information technology;
1223	(B) manufacturing;
1224	(C) life sciences;
1225	(D) health care;
1226	(E) transportation;
1227	(F) union craft, trade, or apprenticeship; and
1228	(G) non-union craft, trade, or apprenticeship.
1229	(b) The seven members described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) shall be selected from the
1230	state at large, subject to the following conditions:
1231	(i) at least four members shall reside in a geographic area served by a technical college
1232	and
1233	(ii) no more than two members may reside in a single geographic area served by a
1234	technical college.
1235	(c) The governor shall make appointments to the board of trustees on a nonpartisan
1236	basis.
1237	(d) An individual may not serve on the board of trustees and a technical college board
1238	of directors simultaneously.
1239	(3) (a) (i) Except as provided under Subsection (3)(a)(ii), a member shall be appointed
1240	commencing on July 1 of each odd-numbered year to a four-year term.
1241	(ii) The governor shall ensure that member terms are staggered so that approximately
1242	one-half of the members' terms expire in any odd-numbered year.
1243	(b) A member may not hold office for more than two consecutive full terms.

1244	(c) (i) The governor may remove a member of the board of trustees for cause.
1245	(ii) The governor shall consult with the president of the Senate before removing a
1246	member of the board of trustees.
1247	(4) When a vacancy occurs on the board of trustees for any reason, the governor shall
1248	appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.
1249	(5) (a) Each member shall take the official oath of office prior to assuming the office.
1250	(b) The oath shall be filed with the Division of Archives and Records Services.
1251	(6) (a) The board of trustees shall elect a chair and vice chair, who serve for two years
1252	and until their successors are elected and qualified.
1253	(b) A member may not serve more than two consecutive terms as the chair or vice
1254	chair.
1255	(7) (a) The board of trustees shall enact bylaws for the board of trustees' own
1256	government, including provisions for regular meetings.
1257	(b) (i) The board of trustees shall provide for an executive committee in the board of
1258	trustees' bylaws.
1259	(ii) The executive committee shall have full authority of the board of trustees to act
1260	upon routine matters during the interim between board of trustees meetings.
1261	(iii) The executive committee may act on nonroutine matters only under extraordinary
1262	and emergency circumstances.
1263	(iv) The executive committee shall report the executive committee's activities to the
1264	board of trustees at the board of trustees' next regular meeting following the executive
1265	committee's activities.
1266	(8) A quorum shall be required to conduct business which shall consist of a majority of
1267	board of trustee members.
1268	(9) The board of trustees may establish advisory committees.
1269	(10) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but

may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:

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12/1	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1272	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1273	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1274	63A-3-107.
1275	(11) A board member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in
1276	Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1277	Section 22. Section 53B-2a-108 is amended to read:
1278	53B-2a-108. Technical college boards of directors Membership
1279	Appointments.
1280	(1) As used in this section:
1281	(a) "Higher education institution" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1282	53B-2a-112.
1283	(b) "Technical college service area" means the geographic area served by each
1284	technical college as described in Section 53B-2a-105.
1285	(2) A technical college board of directors consists of:
1286	(a) one member of the local school board for each school district in the technical
1287	college service area, appointed by the local school board to which the member belongs;
1288	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), one individual who is a member of the
1289	higher education institution board of trustees, appointed by the higher education institution
1290	board of trustees; and
1291	(c) a number of individuals, appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate
1292	and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies, that is:
1293	(i) seven for:
1294	(A) Tooele Technical College;
1295	(B) Uintah Basin Technical College; and
1296	(C) Dixie Technical College;
1297	(ii) eight for:

1298	(A) Bridgerland Technical College;
1299	(B) Ogden-Weber Technical College;
1300	(C) Davis Technical College; and
1301	(D) Southwest Technical College; or
1302	(iii) nine for Mountainland Technical College.
1303	(3) (a) In appointing the members described in Subsection (2)(c), the governor shall
1304	appoint individuals who represent the interests of business, industry, or labor in the technical
1305	college service area.
1306	(b) If no member of the institution of higher education board of trustees lives within
1307	the technical college service area, the institution of higher education board of trustees may
1308	nominate an individual to be appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate instead
1309	of appointing a member described in Subsection (2)(b).
1310	(4) (a) The governor may remove a member appointed under Subsection (2)(c) or
1311	(3)(b) for cause.
1312	(b) The governor shall consult with the president of the Senate before removing a
1313	member appointed under Subsection (2)(c) or (3)(b).
1314	(5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) or 53B-2a-109(2), an individual appointed to a
1315	technical college board of directors on or before May 7, 2018, may continue to serve on the
1316	technical college board of directors until the end of the individual's current term, even if the
1317	total number of members on the technical college board of directors exceeds the number of
1318	members for the technical college board of directors described in Subsection (2).
1319	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the governor may only make an appointment
1320	described in Subsection (2)(c) if the number of members on the technical college board of
1321	directors following the appointment will be less than or equal to the number of members for the
1322	technical college board of directors described in Subsection (2).
1323	(6) A member described in Subsection (2)(c) shall comply with the conflict of interest

provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.

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1325	Section 23. Section 53C-1-202 is amended to read:
1326	53C-1-202. Board of trustees membership Nomination list Qualifications
1327	Terms Replacement Chair Quorum.
1328	(1) There is established the School and Institutional Trust Lands Board of Trustees.
1329	(2) The board shall consist of seven members appointed on a nonpartisan basis by the
1330	governor with the consent of the Senate and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2,
1331	Vacancies.
1332	(3) (a) Except for the appointment made pursuant to Subsection (5), all appointments
1333	to the board shall be for a nonconsecutive term of six years, or until a replacement has been
1334	appointed and confirmed pursuant to this section.
1335	(b) If a vacancy occurs, the governor shall appoint a replacement, following the
1336	procedures set forth in Subsections (2), (4), (5), and (6), to fill the unexpired term.
1337	(c) Any member of the board who has served less than six years upon the expiration of
1338	that member's term is eligible for a consecutive reappointment.
1339	(4) (a) The governor shall select six of the seven appointees to the board from a
1340	nomination list of at least two candidates for each position or vacancy submitted pursuant to
1341	Section 53C-1-203.
1342	(b) The governor may request an additional nomination list of at least two candidates
1343	from the nominating committee if the initial list of candidates for a given position is
1344	unacceptable.
1345	(c) (i) If the governor fails to select an appointee within 60 days after receipt of the
1346	initial list or within 60 days after the receipt of an additional list, the nominating committee
1347	shall make an interim appointment by majority vote.
1348	(ii) The interim appointee shall serve until the matter is resolved by the committee and
1349	the governor or until replaced pursuant to this chapter.
1350	(5) (a) The governor may appoint one member without requiring a nomination list.
1351	(b) The member appointed under Subsection (5)(a) serves at the pleasure of the

1352	governor.
1353	(6) (a) Each board candidate shall possess outstanding professional qualifications
1354	pertinent to the purposes and activities of the trust.
1355	(b) The board shall represent the following areas of expertise:
1356	(i) nonrenewable resource management or development;
1357	(ii) renewable resource management or development; and
1358	(iii) real estate.
1359	(c) Other qualifications which are pertinent for membership to the board are expertise
1360	in any of the following areas:
1361	(i) business;
1362	(ii) investment banking;
1363	(iii) finance;
1364	(iv) trust administration;
1365	(v) asset management; and
1366	(vi) the practice of law in any of the areas referred to in Subsections (6)(b) and (6)(c)(i)
1367	through (v).
1368	(7) The board of trustees shall select a chair and vice chair from its membership.
1369	(8) Before assuming a position on the board, each member shall take an oath of office.
1370	(9) Four members of the board constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
1371	(10) The governor or five board members may, for cause, remove a member of the
1372	board.
1373	(11) A member of the board shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions
1374	described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1375	Section 24. Section 54-1-1.5 is amended to read:
1376	54-1-1.5. Appointment of members Terms Qualifications Chairman
1377	Quorum Removal Vacancies Compensation.
1378	The commission shall be composed of three members appointed by the governor with

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1379	the consent of the Senate and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies. The
1380	terms of the members shall be staggered so that one commissioner is appointed for a term of
1381	six years on March 1 of each odd-numbered year. Not more than two members of the
1382	commission shall belong to the same political party. One member of the commission shall be
1383	designated by the governor as chairman of the commission. Any two commissioners constitute
1384	a quorum. Any member of the commission may be removed for cause by the governor.
1385	Vacancies in the commission shall be filled for unexpired terms by appointment of the
1386	governor. Commissioners shall receive compensation as established by the governor within the
1387	salary range fixed by the Legislature in Title 67, Chapter 22, State Officer Compensation, and
1388	all actual and necessary expenses incurred in attending to official business. Each
1389	commissioner at the time of appointment and qualification shall be a resident citizen of the
1390	United States and of the state of Utah and shall be not less than 30 years of age. Except as
1391	provided by law, no commissioner may hold any other office either under the government of
1392	the United States or of this state or of any municipal corporation within this state. $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$
1393	commissioner shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title 63G,
1394	Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1395	Section 25. Section 59-1-201 is amended to read:
1396	59-1-201. Composition of commission Terms Removal from office
1397	Appointment.
1398	(1) The commission shall be composed of four members appointed by the governor
1399	with the consent of the Senate, and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2,
1400	Vacancies.
1401	(2) Subject to Subsection (3), the term of office of each commissioner shall be for four
1402	years and expire on June 30 of the year the term ends.
1403	(3) The governor shall stagger a term described in Subsection (2) so that the term of
1404	one commissioner expires each year.

(4) A commissioner shall hold office until a successor is appointed and qualified.

1406	(5) (a) The governor may remove a commissioner from office for neglect of duty,
1407	inefficiency, or malfeasance, after notice and a hearing.
1408	(b) If the governor removes a commissioner from office and appoints another person to
1409	replace the commissioner, the person the governor appoints to replace the commissioner:
1410	(i) shall serve for the remainder of the unexpired term; and
1411	(ii) may be reappointed as the governor determines.
1412	(6) (a) Before appointing a commissioner, the governor shall request a list of names of
1413	potential appointees from:
1414	(i) the Utah State Bar;
1415	(ii) one or more organizations that represent certified public accountants who are
1416	licensed to practice in the state;
1417	(iii) one or more organizations that represent persons who assess or appraise property
1418	in the state; and
1419	(iv) one or more national organizations that:
1420	(A) offer a professional certification in the areas of property tax, sales and use tax, and
1421	state income tax;
1422	(B) require experience, education, and testing to obtain the certification; and
1423	(C) require additional education to maintain the certification.
1424	(b) In appointing a commissioner, the governor shall consider:
1425	(i) to the extent names of potential appointees are submitted, the names of potential
1426	appointees submitted in accordance with Subsection (6)(a); and
1427	(ii) any other potential appointee of the governor's own choosing.
1428	Section 26. Section 59-1-203 is amended to read:
1429	59-1-203. Conflicts of interest Salaries Ethics.
1430	(1) No person appointed as a member of the commission may hold any other office
1431	under the laws of this state, the government of the United States, or any other state. Each
1432	member shall devote full time to the duties of the office and may not hold any other position of

1433	trust or profit under the Constitution nor engage in any other occupation that would create a
1434	direct conflict with the duties of a commissioner.
1435	(2) The salaries of the commissioners shall be established by the governor within the
1436	salary range fixed by the Legislature in Title 67, Chapter 22, State Officer Compensation.
1437	Commissioners shall also be allowed expenses as provided by law.
1438	(3) No commissioner, executive director, or consultant shall engage in political or
1439	charitable fund raising activities. Commissioners and commission employees are governed by
1440	Title 67, Chapter 16, Utah Public Officers' and Employees' Ethics Act.
1441	(4) A commissioner shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in
1442	Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1443	Section 27. Section 59-13-103 is amended to read:
1444	59-13-103. List of clean fuels provided to tax commission Report to the
1445	Legislature.
1446	(1) The Air Quality Board shall annually provide to the tax commission a list of fuels
1447	that are clean fuels under Section 59-13-102.
1448	(2) The Air Quality Board [created] appointed under Section 19-2-103 shall in
1449	conjunction with the State Tax Commission prepare and submit to the Legislature before
1450	January 1, 1995, a report evaluating the impacts, benefits, and economic consequences of the
1451	clean fuel provisions of Sections 59-13-201 and 59-13-301.
1452	Section 28. Section 61-2f-103 is amended to read:
1453	61-2f-103. Real Estate Commission.
1454	(1) There is created within the division a Real Estate Commission. The commission
1455	shall:
1456	(a) subject to concurrence by the division and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1457	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules for the administration of this chapter that are
1458	not inconsistent with this chapter, including:
1459	(i) licensing of:

1460	(A) a principal broker;
1461	(B) an associate broker; and
1462	(C) a sales agent;
1463	(ii) registration of:
1464	(A) an entity; and
1465	(B) a branch office;
1466	(iii) prelicensing and postlicensing education curricula;
1467	(iv) examination procedures;
1468	(v) the certification and conduct of:
1469	(A) a real estate school;
1470	(B) a course provider; or
1471	(C) an instructor;
1472	(vi) proper handling of money received by a licensee under this chapter;
1473	(vii) brokerage office procedures and recordkeeping requirements;
1474	(viii) property management;
1475	(ix) standards of conduct for a licensee under this chapter; and
1476	(x) if the commission, with the concurrence of the division, determines necessary, a
1477	rule as provided in Subsection 61-2f-306(3) regarding a legal form;
1478	(b) establish, with the concurrence of the division, a fee provided for in this chapter,
1479	except a fee imposed under Part 5, Real Estate Education, Research, and Recovery Fund Act
1480	(c) conduct an administrative hearing not delegated by the commission to an
1481	administrative law judge or the division relating to the:
1482	(i) licensing of an applicant;
1483	(ii) conduct of a licensee;
1484	(iii) the certification or conduct of a real estate school, course provider, or instructor
1485	regulated under this chapter; or
1486	(iv) violation of this chapter by any person;

1487	(d) with the concurrence of the director, impose a sanction as provided in Section
1488	61-2f-404;
1489	(e) advise the director on the administration and enforcement of a matter affecting the
1490	division and the real estate sales and property management industries;
1491	(f) advise the director on matters affecting the division budget;
1492	(g) advise and assist the director in conducting real estate seminars; and
1493	(h) perform other duties as provided by this chapter.
1494	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a state entity may not, without the
1495	concurrence of the commission, make a rule that changes the rights, duties, or obligations of
1496	buyers, sellers, or persons licensed under this chapter in relation to a real estate transaction
1497	between private parties.
1498	(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to a rule made:
1499	(i) under Title 31A, Insurance Code, or Title 7, Financial Institutions Act; or
1500	(ii) by the Department of Commerce or any division or other rulemaking body within
1501	the Department of Commerce.
1502	(3) (a) The commission shall be comprised of five members appointed by the governor
1503	and approved by the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
1504	(b) Four of the commission members shall:
1505	(i) have at least five years' experience in the real estate business; and
1506	(ii) hold an active principal broker, associate broker, or sales agent license.
1507	(c) One commission member shall be a member of the general public.
1508	(d) The governor may not appoint a commission member described in Subsection
1509	(3)(b) who, at the time of appointment, resides in the same county in the state as another
1510	commission member.
1511	(e) At least one commission member described in Subsection (3)(b) shall at the time of
1512	an appointment reside in a county that is not a county of the first or second class.
1513	(4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), as terms of current commission

members expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year term ending June 30.

- (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of commission members are staggered so that approximately half of the commission is appointed every two years.
- (c) Upon the expiration of the term of a member of the commission, the member of the commission shall continue to hold office until a successor is appointed and qualified.
 - (d) A commission member may not serve more than two consecutive terms.
 - (e) Members of the commission shall annually select one member to serve as chair.
- 1524 (5) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor, with the consent of the Senate, shall appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.
 - (6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
- 1528 (a) Section 63A-3-106;
- 1529 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and
- 1530 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
- 1531 63A-3-107.

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- 1532 (7) (a) The commission shall meet at least monthly.
- 1533 (b) The director may call additional meetings:
- 1534 (i) at the director's discretion;
- 1535 (ii) upon the request of the chair; or
- 1536 (iii) upon the written request of three or more commission members.
- 1537 (8) Three members of the commission constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
- (9) A member of the commission shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions
 described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.

1541	Section 29. Section 61-2g-204 is amended to read:
1542	61-2g-204. Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board.
1543	(1) (a) There is established a Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board
1544	that consists of five regular members as follows:
1545	(i) one state-licensed or state-certified appraiser who may be either a residential or
1546	general licensee or certificate holder;
1547	(ii) one state-certified residential appraiser;
1548	(iii) one state-certified general appraiser;
1549	(iv) one member who is certified as either a state-certified residential appraiser or a
1550	state-certified general appraiser; and
1551	(v) one member of the general public.
1552	(b) A state-licensed or state-certified appraiser may be appointed as an alternate
1553	member of the board.
1554	(c) The governor shall appoint all members of the board with the consent of the Senate
1555	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
1556	(2) (a) Except as required by Subsection (2)(b), as terms of current board members
1557	expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year
1558	term beginning on July 1.
1559	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the
1560	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
1561	board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two
1562	years.
1563	(c) Upon the expiration of a member's term, a member of the board shall continue to
1564	hold office until the appointment and qualification of the member's successor.
1565	(d) A person may not serve as a member of the board for more than two consecutive
1566	terms.
1567	(3) (a) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall

1568	be appointed for the unexpired term.
1569	(b) The governor may remove a member for cause.
1570	(4) The public member of the board may not be licensed or certified under this chapter.
1571	(5) The board shall meet at least quarterly to conduct its business. The division shall
1572	give public notice of a board meeting.
1573	(6) The members of the board shall elect a chair annually from among the members to
1574	preside at board meetings.
1575	(7) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
1576	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1577	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1578	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1579	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1580	63A-3-107.
1581	(8) (a) Three members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of
1582	business.
1583	(b) If a quorum of members is unavailable for any meeting, the alternate member of the
1584	board, if any, shall serve as a regular member of the board for that meeting if with the presence
1585	of the alternate member a quorum is present at the meeting.
1586	(c) A member of the board shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions
1587	described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1588	Section 30. Section 62A-1-107 is amended to read:
1589	62A-1-107. Board of Aging and Adult Services Members, appointment, terms,
1590	vacancies, chairperson, compensation, meetings, quorum.
1591	(1) The Board of Aging and Adult Services described in Subsection 62A-1-105(1)(a)
1592	shall have seven members who are appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate $\underline{\text{in}}$
1593	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.

(2) (a) Except as required by Subsection (2)(b), each member shall be appointed for a

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term of four years, and is eligible for one reappointment.

- (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two years.
- (c) Board members shall continue in office until the expiration of their terms and until their successors are appointed, which may not exceed 90 days after the formal expiration of a term.
- (d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
- (3) No more than four members of the board may be from the same political party. The board shall have diversity of gender, ethnicity, and culture; and members shall be chosen on the basis of their active interest, experience, and demonstrated ability to deal with issues related to the Board of Aging and Adult Services.
- (4) The board shall annually elect a chairperson from the board's membership. The board shall hold meetings at least once every three months. Within budgetary constraints, meetings may be held from time to time on the call of the chairperson or of the majority of the members of the board. Four members of the board are necessary to constitute a quorum at any meeting, and, if a quorum exists, the action of the majority of members present shall be the action of the board.
- (5) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but, at the executive director's discretion, may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
- 1618 (a) Section 63A-3-106;
- 1619 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and
- (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
- 1621 63A-3-107.

1622	(6) The board shall adopt bylaws governing its activities. Bylaws shall include
1623	procedures for removal of a board member who is unable or unwilling to fulfill the
1624	requirements of the board member's appointment.
1625	(7) The board has program policymaking authority for the division over which the
1626	board presides.
1627	(8) A member of the board shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions
1628	described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1629	Section 31. Section 63G-2-501 is amended to read:
1630	63G-2-501. State Records Committee created Membership Terms
1631	Vacancies Expenses.
1632	(1) There is created the State Records Committee within the Department of
1633	Administrative Services consisting of the following seven individuals:
1634	(a) an individual in the private sector whose profession requires the individual to create
1635	or manage records that, if created by a governmental entity, would be private or controlled;
1636	(b) an individual with experience with electronic records and databases, as
1637	recommended by a statewide technology advocacy organization that represents the public,
1638	private, and nonprofit sectors;
1639	(c) the director of the Division of Archives and Records Services or the director's
1640	designee;
1641	(d) two citizen members;
1642	(e) one person representing political subdivisions, as recommended by the Utah League
1643	of Cities and Towns; and
1644	(f) one individual representing the news media.
1645	(2) The governor shall appoint the members described in Subsections (1)(a), (b), (d),
1646	(e), and (f) with the consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2,
1647	Vacancies.
1648	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the governor shall appoint each

member to a four-year term.
(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the time of appointment
or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of committee members are
staggered so that approximately half of the committee is appointed every two years.
(c) Each appointed member is eligible for reappointment for one additional term.
(4) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
appointed for the unexpired term.
(5) A member of the State Records Committee may not receive compensation or
benefits for the member's service on the committee, but may receive per diem and travel
expenses in accordance with:
(a) Section 63A-3-106;
(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
(c) rules made by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
(6) A member described in Subsection (1)(a), (b), (d), (e), or (f) shall comply with the
conflict of interest provisions described in Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
Section 32. Section 63G-24-101 is enacted to read:
CHAPTER 24. BOARD VACANCIES AND CONFLICTS ACT
Part 1. General Provisions
<u>63G-24-101.</u> Title.
This chapter is known as the "Board Vacancies and Conflicts Act."
Section 33. Section 63G-24-102 is enacted to read:
63G-24-102. Definitions.
As used in this chapter:
(1) "Affiliation" means association with an entity, including association in the form of
employment, ownership, shareholdership, or financial interest.
(2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63G-4-103.
(3) "Appointed board member" means an individual appointed by the governor, with

1676	the consent of the Senate, to serve on a rulemaking board.
1677	(4) "Nominee" means a person selected by the governor to fill a rulemaking board
1678	vacancy subject to the consent of the Senate.
1679	(5) (a) "Rulemaking board" means a board, committee, commission, or council:
1680	(i) that has rulemaking authority; and
1681	(ii) at least part of whose membership is appointed by the governor subject to the
1682	consent of the Senate.
1683	(b) "Rulemaking board" does not include:
1684	(i) the State Board of Education; or
1685	(ii) the Utah Retirement Board.
1686	(6) "Substantial interest" means the same as that term is defined in Section 67-16-3.
1687	Section 34. Section 63G-24-103 is enacted to read:
1688	63G-24-103. Requirement to follow this chapter.
1689	(1) An applicant, a rulemaking board, and the governor's office shall follow the
1690	procedures for vacancies described in this chapter in order to fill a vacancy on a rulemaking
1691	board.
1692	(2) An appointed board member shall follow the procedures for conflicts of interest
1693	described in this chapter.
1694	Section 35. Section 63G-24-201 is enacted to read:
1695	Part 2. Vacancies
1696	<u>63G-24-201.</u> Notice.
1697	(1) A rulemaking board shall give public notice regarding a vacancy or expiring term
1698	on the rulemaking board on or before:
1699	(a) 90 days before the day on which a departing appointed board member's or a
1700	continuing board member's term expires; or
1701	(b) 10 days after the day on which the rulemaking board chair or vice chair receives
1702	written notice of a current appointed board member's intent to leave the board.

1703	(2) (a) The governor's office shall post the notice described in Subsection (1) on the
1704	governor's website described in Subsection 67-1-2.5(4).
1705	(b) A rulemaking board may post the notice described in Subsection (1) on the
1706	rulemaking board's website.
1707	Section 36. Section 63G-24-202 is enacted to read:
1708	63G-24-202. Application.
1709	(1) The application period for an appointed board member position shall last no fewer
1710	than 60 days.
1711	(2) An applicant shall use the application feature on the governor's website described in
1712	Subsection 67-1-2.5(4) to apply for a vacant appointed board member position.
1713	(3) The application feature described in Subsection (2) shall require the applicant to
1714	provide information including:
1715	(a) the applicant's name;
1716	(b) the applicant's current employment; and
1717	(c) the applicant's affiliation with public and private entities, including employment, in
1718	the five years on or before the day on which the applicant submits the application.
1719	Section 37. Section 63G-24-203 is enacted to read:
1720	63G-24-203. Governor selection of nominee.
1721	(1) The governor shall select a nominee based on:
1722	(a) the applicant's fitness for office; and
1723	(b) statutory requirements.
1724	(2) The governor shall follow the process described in Section 67-1-2 to notify the
1725	Senate of a nominee for an appointed board member vacancy.
1726	Section 38. Section 63G-24-204 is enacted to read:
1727	63G-24-204. Public comment on nominee.
1728	(1) Within seven days after the day on which the governor selects a nominee, the
1729	governor's office shall post the information about the nominee described in Subsection

1730	63G-24-202(3) on the governor's website described in Subsection 67-1-2.5(4).
1731	(2) A rulemaking board may post the information about the nominee described in
1732	Subsection 63G-24-202(3) on the rulemaking board's website.
1733	(3) Before posting the information described in Subsection 63G-24-202(3), the
1734	governor's office and the rulemaking board shall redact personal information about the
1735	nominee, including the nominee's home address, date of birth, email address, and phone
1736	number.
1737	(4) The governor's website described in Subsection 67-1-2.5(4) shall include
1738	information on how to publicly comment on a nominee no fewer than seven days before the
1739	first day on which the governor's office will accept applications for a position.
1740	(5) The governor's office shall permit public comment for no fewer than 30 days after
1741	the day on which the governor's office posts the information about the nominee.
1742	Section 39. Section 63G-24-205 is enacted to read:
1743	63G-24-205. Senate confirmation of nominee.
1744	The Senate shall follow the process described in Section 67-1-2 to confirm a nominee
1745	to fill an appointed board member vacancy.
1746	Section 40. Section 63G-24-301 is enacted to read:
1747	Part 3. Conflicts of Interest
1748	63G-24-301. Disclosure of conflicts.
1749	(1) An appointed board member shall disclose the nature of any position or financial
1750	interest the appointed board member holds in any business entity that is subject to the
1751	regulation of the agency, including if the relationship of the appointed board member to the
1752	business entity is that of:
1753	(a) an officer;
1754	(b) a director;
1755	(c) an agent;
1756	(d) an employee: or

1/5/	(e) an owner of a substantial interest.
1758	(2) Within 10 days after the day on which an appointed board member is appointed to
1759	serve on a rulemaking board, the appointed board member shall make the disclosure described
1760	in Subsection (1) in writing to the rulemaking board.
1761	(3) An appointed board member shall, if there are changes to items the appointed board
1762	member is required to disclose under Subsection (1), update the disclosure before voting on a
1763	measure the rulemaking board takes with respect to a business entity described in Subsection
1764	<u>(1).</u>
1765	Section 41. Section 63G-24-302 is enacted to read:
1766	<u>63G-24-302.</u> Effect on voting.
1767	Disclosure under Section 63G-24-201 does not require an appointed board member to
1768	abstain from voting unless the appointed board member holds a substantial interest in a
1769	business entity that the vote will impact.
1770	Section 42. Section 63H-6-104 is amended to read:
1771	63H-6-104. Board of directors Membership Term Quorum Vacancies
1772	Duties.
1773	(1) The corporation is governed by a board of directors.
1774	(2) The board is composed of members as follows:
1775	(a) the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management or the
1776	director's designee;
1777	(b) the commissioner of agriculture and food or the commissioner's designee;
1778	(c) two members, appointed by the president of the Senate:
1779	(i) who have business related experience; and
1780	(ii) of whom only one may be a legislator, in accordance with Subsection (3)(e);
1781	(d) two members, appointed by the speaker of the House:
1782	(i) who have business related experience; and
1783	(ii) of whom only one may be a legislator, in accordance with Subsection (3)(e);

(e) five members, of whom only one may be a legislator, in accordance with

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1785	Subsection (3)(e), appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate in accordance with
1786	Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies as follows:
1787	(i) two members who represent agricultural interests;
1788	(ii) two members who have business related experience; and
1789	(iii) one member who is recommended by the Utah Farm Bureau Federation;
1790	(f) one member, appointed by the mayor of Salt Lake City with the consent of the
1791	Senate, who is a resident of the neighborhood located adjacent to the state fair park;
1792	(g) a representative of Salt Lake County, if Salt Lake County is party to an executed
1793	lease agreement with the corporation; and
1794	(h) a representative of the Days of '47 Rodeo.
1795	(3) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), a board member appointed under
1796	Subsection (2)(c), (d), (e), or (f) shall serve a term that expires on the December 1 four years
1797	after the year that the board member was appointed.
1798	(ii) In making appointments to the board, the president of the Senate, the speaker of the
1799	House, the governor, and the mayor of Salt Lake City shall ensure that the terms of
1800	approximately 1/4 of the appointed board members expire each year.
1801	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), appointed board members serve until their
1802	successors are appointed and qualified.
1803	(c) (i) If an appointed board member is absent from three consecutive board meetings
1804	without excuse, that member's appointment is terminated, the position is vacant, and the
1805	individual who appointed the board member shall appoint a replacement.
1806	(ii) The president of the Senate, the speaker of the House, the governor, or the mayor of
1807	Salt Lake City, as applicable, may remove an appointed member of the board at will.
1808	(d) The president of the Senate, the speaker of the House, the governor, or the mayor of
1809	Salt Lake City, as appropriate, shall fill any vacancy that occurs on the board for any reason by

appointing an individual in accordance with the procedures described in this section for the

1811	unexpired term of the vacated member.
1812	(e) No more than a combined total of two legislators may be appointed under
1813	Subsections (2)(c), (d), and (e).
1814	(4) The governor shall select the board's chair.
1815	(5) A majority of the members of the board is a quorum for the transaction of business.
1816	(6) The board may elect a vice chair and any other board offices.
1817	(7) The board may create one or more subcommittees to advise the board on any issue
1818	related to the state fair park.
1819	(8) In carrying out the board's duties under this chapter, the board shall cooperate with
1820	and, upon request, appear before the State Fair Park Committee.
1821	(9) No later than November 30 of each year, the board shall provide the following to
1822	the State Fair Park Committee:
1823	(a) a report on the general state of the financial and business affairs of the corporation;
1824	(b) a report on that year's annual exhibition described in Subsection 63H-6-103(4)(j),
1825	including the exhibition's attendance, operations, and revenue;
1826	(c) any appropriation request that the board plans to submit to the Legislature; and
1827	(d) any other report that the State Fair Park Committee requests.
1828	(10) A member described in Subsection (2)(e) shall comply with the conflict of interest
1829	provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1830	Section 43. Section 63H-8-201 is amended to read:
1831	63H-8-201. Creation Trustees Terms Vacancies Chair Powers
1832	Quorum Per diem and expenses.
1833	(1) (a) There is created an independent body politic and corporate, constituting a public
1834	corporation, known as the "Utah Housing Corporation."
1835	(b) The corporation may also be known and do business as the:
1836	(i) Utah Housing Finance Association; and
1837	(ii) Utah Housing Finance Agency in connection with a contract entered into when that

1838	was the corporation's legal name.
1839	(c) No other entity may use the names described in Subsections (1)(a) and (b) without
1840	the express approval of the corporation.
1841	(2) The corporation is governed by a board of trustees composed of the following nine
1842	trustees:
1843	(a) the executive director of the Department of Workforce Services or the executive
1844	director's designee;
1845	(b) the commissioner of the Department of Financial Institutions or the commissioner's
1846	designee;
1847	(c) the state treasurer or the treasurer's designee; and
1848	(d) six public trustees, who are private citizens of the state, as follows:
1849	(i) two people who represent the mortgage lending industry;
1850	(ii) two people who represent the home building and real estate industry; and
1851	(iii) two people who represent the public at large.
1852	(3) The governor shall:
1853	(a) appoint the six public trustees of the corporation with the consent of the Senate <u>in</u>
1854	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies; and
1855	(b) ensure that:
1856	(i) the six public trustees are from different counties and are residents of the state; and
1857	(ii) not more than three of the public trustees are members of the same political party.
1858	(4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), the governor shall appoint the six
1859	public trustees to terms of office of four years each.
1860	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
1861	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
1862	corporation trustees are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every
1863	two years.

(5) (a) A public trustee of the corporation may be removed from office for cause either

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1865	by the governor or by an affirmative vote of six trustees of the corporation.
1866	(b) When a vacancy occurs in the board of trustees for any reason, the replacement
1867	shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
1868	(c) A public trustee shall hold office for the term of appointment and until the trustee's
1869	successor has been appointed and qualified.
1870	(d) A public trustee is eligible for reappointment but may not serve more than two full
1871	consecutive terms.
1872	(6) (a) The governor shall select the chair of the corporation.
1873	(b) The trustees shall elect from among their number a vice chair and other officers
1874	they may determine.
1875	(7) (a) Five trustees of the corporation constitute a quorum for transaction of business.
1876	(b) An affirmative vote of at least five trustees is necessary for any action to be taken
1877	by the corporation.
1878	(c) A vacancy in the board of trustees does not impair the right of a quorum to exercise
1879	all rights and perform all duties of the corporation.
1880	(8) A trustee may not receive compensation or benefits for the trustee's service, but
1881	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1882	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1883	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1884	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1885	63A-3-107.
1886	(9) A trustee described in Subsection (2)(d) shall comply with the conflict of interest
1887	provisions described in Section 63G-24-301.
1888	Section 44. Section 63M-2-301 is amended to read:
1889	63M-2-301. The Utah Science Technology and Research Initiative Governing
1890	authority Program director.

(1) There is created the Utah Science Technology and Research Initiative.

1892	(2) Subject to Subsection (10), to oversee USTAR, there is created the Utah Science
1893	Technology and Research Governing Authority consisting of:
1894	(a) the state treasurer or the state treasurer's designee;
1895	(b) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development;
1896	(c) three members appointed by the governor, with the consent of the Senate <u>in</u>
1897	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies;
1898	(d) two members who are not legislators appointed by the president of the Senate;
1899	(e) two members who are not legislators appointed by the speaker of the House of
1900	Representatives; and
1901	(f) one member appointed by the commissioner of higher education.
1902	(3) (a) The eight appointed members under Subsections (2)(c) through (f) shall serve
1903	four-year staggered terms.
1904	(b) An appointed member under Subsection (2)(c), (d), (e), or (f):
1905	(i) may not serve more than two full consecutive terms; and
1906	(ii) may be removed from the governing authority for any reason before the member's
1907	term is completed:
1908	(A) at the discretion of the original appointing authority; and
1909	(B) after the original appointing authority consults with the governing authority.
1910	(4) A vacancy on the governing authority in an appointed position under Subsection
1911	(2)(c), (d), (e), or (f) shall be filled for the unexpired term by the appointing authority in the
1912	same manner as the original appointment.
1913	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), the governor, with the consent of the
1914	Senate, shall select the chair of the governing authority to serve a one-year term.
1915	(b) The governor may extend the term of a sitting chair of the governing authority
1916	without the consent of the Senate.
1917	(c) The executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development shall
1918	serve as the vice chair of the governing authority.

1919	(6) The governing authority shall meet at least six times each year and may meet more
1920	frequently at the request of a majority of the members of the governing authority.
1921	(7) Five members of the governing authority are a quorum.
1922	(8) A member of the governing authority may not receive compensation or benefits for
1923	the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses as allowed in:
1924	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1925	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1926	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance:
1927	(i) pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107; and
1928	(ii) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1929	(9) (a) The governor, with the consent of the Senate, may appoint a program director to
1930	oversee USTAR.
1931	(b) The program director is an at-will employee who may be terminated with or
1932	without cause by the governor or the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic
1933	Development.
1934	(10) On July 1, 2019, the governing authority is dissolved and the program director is
1935	under the supervision of the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic
1936	Development.
1937	Section 45. Section 63M-7-504 is amended to read:
1938	63M-7-504. Crime Victim Reparations and Assistance Board Members.
1939	(1) (a) A Crime Victim Reparations and Assistance Board is created, consisting of
1940	seven members appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate in accordance with
1941	Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
1942	(b) The membership of the board shall consist of:
1943	(i) a member of the bar of this state;
1944	(ii) a victim of criminally injurious conduct;
1945	(iii) a licensed physician:

1946	(iv) a representative of law enforcement;
1947	(v) a mental health care provider;
1948	(vi) a victim advocate; and
1949	(vii) a private citizen.
1950	(c) The governor may appoint a chair of the board who shall serve for a period of time
1951	prescribed by the governor, not to exceed the length of the chair's term. The board may elect a
1952	vice chair to serve in the absence of the chair.
1953	(d) The board may hear appeals from administrative decisions as provided in rules
1954	adopted pursuant to Section 63M-7-515.
1955	(2) (a) Except as required by Subsection (2)(b), as terms of current board members
1956	expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year
1957	term.
1958	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the
1959	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
1960	board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two
1961	years.
1962	(c) A member may be reappointed to one successive term in addition to a member's
1963	initial full-term appointment.
1964	(3) (a) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall
1965	be appointed for the unexpired term.
1966	(b) A member resigning from the board shall serve until the member's successor is
1967	appointed and qualified.
1968	(4) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
1969	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1970	(a) Section 63A-3-106;

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(b) Section 63A-3-107; and

(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and

1973	63A-3-107.
1974	(5) The board shall meet at least once quarterly but may meet more frequently as
1975	necessary.
1976	(6) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
1977	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
1978	Section 46. Section 63N-1-401 is amended to read:
1979	63N-1-401. Board of Business and Economic Development Membership
1980	Expenses.
1981	(1) (a) There is created within the office the Board of Business and Economic
1982	Development, consisting of 15 members appointed by the governor to four-year terms of office
1983	with the consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
1984	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), the governor shall, at the
1985	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
1986	board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two
1987	years.
1988	(c) The members may not serve more than two full consecutive terms except where the
1989	governor determines that an additional term is in the best interest of the state.
1990	(2) In appointing members of the committee, the governor shall ensure that:
1991	(a) no more than eight members of the board are from one political party; and
1992	(b) members represent a variety of geographic areas and economic interests of the state
1993	(3) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
1994	appointed for the unexpired term in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
1995	(4) Eight members of the board constitute a quorum for conducting board business and
1996	exercising board power.
1997	(5) The governor shall select one board member as the board's chair.
1998	(6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
1999	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:

2000	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
2001	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
2002	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
2003	(7) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
2004	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
2005	Section 47. Section 67-1-2 is amended to read:
2006	67-1-2. Sending list of gubernatorial nominees to Senate and to Office of
2007	Legislative Research and General Counsel.
2008	[(1) Unless waived by a majority of the president of the Senate, the Senate majority
2009	leader, and the Senate minority leader, 15 days before any Senate session to confirm any
2010	gubernatorial nominee, except a judicial appointment,]
2011	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), at least 30 days before the day of an
2012	extraordinary session of the Senate to confirm a gubernatorial nominee, the governor shall send
2013	to each member of the Senate and to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel
2014	the following information for each nominee:
2015	[(a) a list of each nominee for an office or position made by the governor in accordance
2016	with the Utah Constitution and state law; and]
2017	[(b) any information that may support or provide biographical information about the
2018	nominee, including resumes and curriculum vitae.]
2019	(a) the nominee's name and biographical information, including a resume and a
2020	curriculum vitae with personal contact information, including home address, email address, and
2021	telephone number, redacted, except that the governor shall send to the Office of Legislative
2022	Research and General Counsel the contact information for the nominee;
2023	(b) a detailed list, with citations, of the legal requirements for the appointed position;
2024	(c) a detailed list with supporting documents explaining how, and verifying that, the
2025	nominee meets each statutory and constitutional requirement for the appointed position;
2026	(d) a written certification by the governor that the nominee satisfies all requirements

2027	for the appointment; and
2028	(e) public comment information collected in accordance with Section 63G-24-204.
2029	(2) (a) Subsection (1) does not apply to a judicial nominee.
2030	(b) A majority of the president of the Senate, the Senate majority leader, and the Senate
2031	minority leader may waive the 30-day requirement described in Subsection (1) for a
2032	gubernatorial nominee other than a nominee for the following:
2033	(i) a member of the State Tax Commission;
2034	(ii) a member of the State Board of Education;
2035	(iii) a member of the State Board of Regents; or
2036	(iv) a member of the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees.
2037	(3) The Senate shall hold a confirmation hearing for a nominee for an individual
2038	described in Subsections (2)(b)(i) through (iv).
2039	(4) The governor shall:
2040	(a) if the governor is aware of an upcoming vacancy in a position that requires Senate
2041	confirmation, provide notice of the upcoming vacancy to the president of the Senate, the Senate
2042	minority leader, and the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel at least 30 days
2043	before the day on which the vacancy occurs; and
2044	(b) establish a process for the government entities and other relevant organizations to
2045	provide input on gubernatorial appointments.
2046	[(2)] (5) When the governor makes a judicial appointment, the governor shall
2047	immediately provide to the president of the Senate and the Office of Legislative Research and
2048	General Counsel:
2049	(a) the name of the judicial appointee; and
2050	(b) the judicial appointee's:
2051	(i) resume;
2052	(ii) complete file of all the application materials the governor received from the
2053	Judicial Nominating Commission; and

2054	(111) any other related documents, including any letters received by the governor about
2055	the appointee, unless the letter specifically directs that it may not be shared.
2056	[(3)] (6) The governor shall inform the president of the Senate and the Office of
2057	Legislative Research and General Counsel of the number of letters withheld pursuant to
2058	Subsection $[(2)]$ (5) (b)(iii).
2059	[(4)] (7) (a) Letters of inquiry submitted by any judge at the request of any judicial
2060	nominating commission shall be classified as private in accordance with Section 63G-2-302.
2061	(b) All other records received from the governor pursuant to this Subsection $[(4)]$ (7)
2062	may be classified as private in accordance with Section 63G-2-302.
2063	[(5)] (8) The Senate shall consent or refuse to give $[its]$ consent to the nomination or
2064	judicial appointment.
2065	Section 48. Section 67-1-2.5 is amended to read:
2066	67-1-2.5. Executive boards Database Governor's review of new boards.
2067	(1) As used in this section:
2068	(a) "Administrator" means the boards and commissions administrator designated under
2069	Subsection (2).
2070	(b) "Executive board" means any executive branch board, commission, council,
2071	committee, working group, task force, study group, advisory group, or other body with a
2072	defined limited membership that is created to operate for more than six months by the
2073	constitution, by statute, by executive order, by the governor, lieutenant governor, attorney
2074	general, state auditor, or state treasurer or by the head of a department, division, or other
2075	administrative subunit of the executive branch of state government.
2076	(2) (a) Before September 1 of the calendar year following the year in which the
2077	Legislature creates a new executive board, the governor shall:
2078	(i) review the executive board to evaluate:
2079	(A) whether the executive board accomplishes a substantial governmental interest; and
2080	(B) whether it is necessary for the executive board to remain in statute:

2081	(11) In the governor's review under Subsection (2)(a)(1), consider:
2082	(A) the funding required for the executive board;
2083	(B) the staffing resources required for the executive board;
2084	(C) the time members of the executive board are required to commit to serve on the
2085	executive board; and
2086	(D) whether the responsibilities of the executive board could reasonably be
2087	accomplished through an existing entity or without statutory direction; and
2088	(iii) submit a report to the Government Operations Interim Committee recommending
2089	that the Legislature:
2090	(A) repeal the executive board;
2091	(B) add a sunset provision or future repeal date to the executive board;
2092	(C) make other changes to make the executive board more efficient; or
2093	(D) make no changes to the executive board.
2094	(b) In conducting the evaluation and making the report described in Subsection (2)(a),
2095	the governor shall give deference to:
2096	(i) reducing the size of government; and
2097	(ii) making governmental programs more efficient and effective.
2098	(c) Upon receipt of a report from the governor under Subsection (2)(a)(iii), the
2099	Government Operations Interim Committee shall vote on whether to address the
2100	recommendations made by the governor in the report and prepare legislation accordingly.
2101	(3) (a) The governor shall designate a board and commissions administrator from the
2102	governor's staff to maintain a computerized database containing information about all
2103	executive boards.
2104	(b) The administrator shall ensure that the database contains:
2105	(i) the name of each executive board;
2106	(ii) the statutory or constitutional authority for the creation of the executive board;
2107	(iii) the sunset date on which each executive board's statutory authority expires;

2108	(iv) the state officer or department and division of state government under whose
2109	jurisdiction the executive board operates or with which the executive board is affiliated, if any;
2110	(v) the name, address, gender, telephone number, and county of each individual
2111	currently serving on the executive board, along with a notation of all vacant or unfilled
2112	positions;
2113	(vi) the title of the position held by the person who appointed each member of the
2114	executive board;
2115	(vii) the length of the term to which each member of the executive board was
2116	appointed and the month and year that each executive board member's term expires;
2117	(viii) whether or not members appointed to the executive board require consent of the
2118	Senate;
2119	(ix) the organization, interest group, profession, local government entity, or geographic
2120	area that an individual appointed to an executive board represents, if any;
2121	(x) the party affiliation of an individual appointed to an executive board, if the statute
2122	or executive order creating the position requires representation from political parties;
2123	(xi) whether each executive board is a policy board or an advisory board;
2124	(xii) whether the executive board has or exercises rulemaking authority, or is a
2125	rulemaking board as defined in Section 63G-24-102; and
2126	(xiii) any compensation and expense reimbursement that members of the executive
2127	board are authorized to receive.
2128	(4) The administrator shall [place the following on] ensure the governor's website
2129	includes:
2130	(a) the information contained in the database[;], except for an individual's:
2131	(i) physical address;
2132	(ii) email address; and
2133	(iii) telephone number;
2134	(b) each report the administrator receives under Subsection (5); and

2135	(c) the summary report described in Subsection (6).
2136	(5) (a) Before August 1 of each year, each executive board shall prepare and submit to
2137	the administrator an annual report that includes:
2138	(i) the name of the executive board;
2139	(ii) a description of the executive board's official function and purpose;
2140	(iii) a description of the actual work performed by the executive board since the last
2141	report the executive board submitted to the administrator under this Subsection (5);
2142	(iv) a description of actions taken by the executive board since the last report the
2143	executive board submitted to the administrator under this Subsection (5);
2144	(v) recommendations on whether any statutory, rule, or other changes are needed to
2145	make the executive board more effective; and
2146	(vi) an indication of whether the executive board should continue to exist.
2147	(b) The administrator shall compile and post the reports described in Subsection (5)(a)
2148	to the governor's website before September 1 of each year.
2149	(c) An executive board is not required to submit a report under this Subsection (5) if
2150	the executive board:
2151	(i) is also a legislative board under Section 36-12-22; and
2152	(ii) submits a report under Section 36-12-22.
2153	(6) (a) The administrator shall prepare, publish, and distribute an annual report by
2154	September 1 of each year that includes:
2155	(i) as of August 1 of that year:
2156	(A) the total number of executive boards;
2157	(B) the name of each of those executive boards and the state officer or department and
2158	division of state government under whose jurisdiction the executive board operates or with
2159	which the executive board is affiliated, if any;
2160	(C) for each state officer and each department and division, the total number of
2161	executive boards under the jurisdiction of or affiliated with that officer, department, and

2162	division;
2163	(D) the total number of members for each of those executive boards;
2164	(E) whether or not some or all of the members of each of those executive boards are
2165	approved by the Senate;
2166	(F) whether each board is a policymaking board or an advisory board and the total
2167	number of policy boards and the total number of advisory boards; and
2168	(G) the compensation, if any, paid to the members of each of those executive boards;
2169	and
2170	(ii) a summary of the reports submitted to the administrator under Subsection (5),
2171	including:
2172	(A) a list of each executive board that submitted a report under Subsection (5);
2173	(B) a list of each executive board that did not submit a report under Subsection (5);
2174	(C) an indication of any recommendations made under Subsection (5)(a)(v); and
2175	(D) a list of any executive boards that indicated under Subsection (5)(a)(vi) that the
2176	executive board should no longer exist.
2177	(b) The administrator shall distribute copies of the report described in Subsection (6)(a)
2178	to:
2179	(i) the governor;
2180	(ii) the president of the Senate;
2181	(iii) the speaker of the House;
2182	(iv) the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel;
2183	(v) the Government Operations Interim Committee; and
2184	(vi) any other persons who request a copy of the annual report.
2185	(c) Each year, the Government Operations Interim Committee shall prepare legislation
2186	making any changes the committee determines are suitable with respect to the report the
2187	committee receives under Subsection (6)(b), including:
2188	(i) repealing an executive board that is no longer functional or necessary; and

2189	(11) making appropriate changes to make an executive board more effective.
2190	Section 49. Section 72-1-301 is amended to read:
2191	72-1-301. Transportation Commission created Members, appointment, terms
2192	Qualifications Pay and expenses Chair Quorum.
2193	(1) (a) There is created the Transportation Commission which shall consist of seven
2194	members.
2195	(b) The members of the commission shall be residents of Utah.
2196	(c) The members of the commission shall be selected on a nonpartisan basis.
2197	(d) (i) The commissioners shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2,
2198	<u>Vacancies</u> , be appointed by the governor, with the consent of the Senate, for a term of six
2199	years, beginning on April 1 of odd-numbered years, except as provided under Subsection
2200	(1)(d)(ii).
2201	(ii) The first two additional commissioners serving on the seven member commission
2202	shall be appointed for terms of two years nine months and four years nine months, respectively
2203	initially commencing on July 1, 1996, and subsequently commencing as specified under
2204	Subsection (1)(d)(i).
2205	(e) The commissioners serve on a part-time basis.
2206	(f) Each commissioner shall remain in office until a successor is appointed and
2207	qualified.
2208	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the selection of the commissioners
2209	shall be as follows:
2210	(i) one commissioner from Box Elder, Cache, or Rich county;
2211	(ii) one commissioner from Salt Lake or Tooele county;
2212	(iii) one commissioner from Carbon, Emery, Grand, or San Juan county;
2213	(iv) one commissioner from Beaver, Garfield, Iron, Kane, Millard, Piute, Sanpete,
2214	Sevier, Washington, or Wayne county;
2215	(v) one commissioner from Weber, Davis, or Morgan county;

2216	(vi) one commissioner from Juab, Utah, Wasatch, Duchesne, Summit, Uintah, or
2217	Daggett county; and
2218	(vii) one commissioner selected from the state at large.
2219	(b) Beginning with the appointment of commissioners on or after July 1, 2009 and
2220	subject to the restriction in Subsection (2)(d), the selection of commissioners shall be as
2221	follows:
2222	(i) four commissioners with one commissioner selected from each of the four regions
2223	established by the department; and
2224	(ii) subject to the restriction in Subsection (2)(c), three commissioners selected from
2225	the state at large.
2226	(c) (i) At least one of the three commissioners appointed under Subsection (2)(b)(ii)
2227	shall be selected from a rural county.
2228	(ii) For purposes of this Subsection (2)(c), a rural county includes a county of the third
2229	fourth, fifth, or sixth class.
2230	(d) No more than two commissioners appointed under Subsection (2)(b) may be
2231	selected from any one of the four regions established by the department.
2232	(3) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
2233	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
2234	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
2235	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
2236	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
2237	63A-3-107.
2238	(4) (a) One member of the commission shall be designated by the governor as chair.
2239	(b) The commission shall select one member as vice chair to act in the chair's absence.
2240	(5) Any four commissioners constitute a quorum.
2241	(6) Each member of the commission shall qualify by taking the constitutional oath of
2242	office.

2243	(7) For the purposes of Section 63J-1-504, the commission is not considered an
2244	agency.
2245	Section 50. Section 72-1-302 is amended to read:
2246	72-1-302. Commission offices and meetings.
2247	(1) The commission shall maintain offices and hold regular meetings at those offices
2248	on dates fixed and formally announced by it, and may hold other meetings at the times and
2249	places as it may, by order, provide.
2250	(2) (a) Meetings may be held upon call of the governor, the chairman, or two
2251	commissioners upon notice of the time, place, and purpose of meeting to each commissioner at
2252	least seven days prior to the date of the meeting.
2253	(b) Any meeting may be held upon shorter notice with the unanimous approval of the
2254	commission.
2255	(c) A member of the commission shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions
2256	described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
2257	Section 51. Section 73-10-2 is amended to read:
2258	73-10-2. Board of Water Resources Members Appointment Terms
2259	Vacancies.
2260	(1) (a) The Board of Water Resources shall be comprised of eight members to be
2261	appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G,
2262	Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
2263	(b) In addition to the requirements of Section 79-2-203, not more than four members
2264	shall be from the same political party.
2265	(2) One member of the board shall be appointed from each of the following districts:
2266	(a) Bear River District, comprising the counties of Box Elder, Cache, and Rich;
2267	(b) Weber District, comprising the counties of Weber, Davis, Morgan, and Summit;
2268	(c) Salt Lake District, comprising the counties of Salt Lake and Tooele;
2269	(d) Provo River District, comprising the counties of Juab, Utah, and Wasatch;

2270	(e) Sevier River District, comprising the counties of Millard, Sanpete, Sevier, Piute,
2271	and Wayne;
2272	(f) Green River District, comprising the counties of Daggett, Duchesne, and Uintah;
2273	(g) Upper Colorado River District, comprising the counties of Carbon, Emery, Grand,
2274	and San Juan; and
2275	(h) Lower Colorado River District, comprising the counties of Beaver, Garfield, Iron,
2276	Washington, and Kane.
2277	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), all appointments shall be for terms of
2278	four years.
2279	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
2280	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
2281	board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two
2282	years.
2283	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
2284	appointed for the unexpired term with the consent of the Senate and shall be from the same
2285	district as such person.
2286	(4) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
2287	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
2288	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
2289	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
2290	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
2291	63A-3-107.
2292	(5) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
2293	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
2294	Section 52. Section 77-27-2 is amended to read:
2295	77-27-2. Board of Pardons and Parole Creation Compensation Functions.
2296	(1) There is created the Board of Pardons and Parole. The board shall consist of five

- full-time members and not more than five pro tempore members to be appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies, and as provided in this section. The members of the board shall be resident citizens of the state. The governor shall establish salaries for the members of the board within the salary range fixed by the Legislature in Title 67, Chapter 22, State Officer Compensation.
- (2) (a) (i) The full-time board members shall serve terms of five years. The terms of the full-time members shall be staggered so one board member is appointed for a term of five years on March 1 of each year.
- (ii) The pro tempore members shall serve terms of five years, beginning on March 1 of the year of appointment, with no more than one pro tempore member term beginning or expiring in the same calendar year. If a pro tempore member vacancy occurs, the board may submit the names of not fewer than three or more than five persons to the governor for appointment to fill the vacancy.
- (b) All vacancies occurring on the board for any cause shall be filled by the governor with the consent of the Senate pursuant to this section for the unexpired term of the vacating member.
- (c) The governor may at any time remove any member of the board for inefficiency, neglect of duty, malfeasance or malfeasance in office, or for cause upon a hearing.
- (d) A member of the board may not hold any other office in the government of the United States, this state or any other state, or of any county government or municipal corporation within a state. A member may not engage in any occupation or business inconsistent with the member's duties.
- (e) A majority of the board constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business, including the holding of hearings at any time or any location within or without the state, or for the purpose of exercising any duty or authority of the board. Action taken by a majority of the board regarding whether parole, pardon, commutation, termination of sentence, or remission of fines or forfeitures may be granted or restitution ordered in individual cases is deemed the

action of the board. A majority vote of the five full-time members of the board is required for adoption of rules or policies of general applicability as provided by statute. However, a vacancy on the board does not impair the right of the remaining board members to exercise any duty or authority of the board as long as a majority of the board remains. A board member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.

- (f) Any investigation, inquiry, or hearing that the board has authority to undertake or hold may be conducted by any board member or an examiner appointed by the board. When any of these actions are approved and confirmed by the board and filed in its office, they are considered to be the action of the board and have the same effect as if originally made by the board.
- (g) When a full-time board member is absent or in other extraordinary circumstances the chair may, as dictated by public interest and efficient administration of the board, assign a pro tempore member to act in the place of a full-time member. Pro tempore members shall receive a per diem rate of compensation as established by the Division of Finance and all actual and necessary expenses incurred in attending to official business.
- (h) The chair may request staff and administrative support as necessary from the Department of Corrections.
- (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice shall:
- (i) recommend five applicants to the governor for a full-time member appointment to the Board of Pardons and Parole: and
- (ii) consider applicants' knowledge of the criminal justice system, state and federal criminal law, judicial procedure, corrections policies and procedures, and behavioral sciences.
- (b) The procedures and requirements of Subsection (3)(a) do not apply if the governor appoints a sitting board member to a new term of office.
 - (4) (a) The board shall appoint an individual to serve as its mental health adviser and

2351	may appoint other staff necessary to aid it in fulfilling its responsibilities under Title 77,
2352	Chapter 16a, Commitment and Treatment of Persons with a Mental Illness. The adviser shall
2353	prepare reports and recommendations to the board on all persons adjudicated as guilty with a
2354	mental illness, in accordance with Title 77, Chapter 16a, Commitment and Treatment of
2355	Persons with a Mental Illness.
2356	(b) The mental health adviser shall possess the qualifications necessary to carry out the
2357	duties imposed by the board and may not be employed by the Department of Corrections or the
2358	Utah State Hospital.
2359	(i) The Board of Pardons and Parole may review outside employment by the mental
2360	health advisor.
2361	(ii) The Board of Pardons and Parole shall develop rules governing employment with
2362	entities other than the board by the mental health advisor for the purpose of prohibiting a
2363	conflict of interest.
2364	(c) The mental health adviser shall:
2365	(i) act as liaison for the board with the Department of Human Services and local mental
2366	health authorities;
2367	(ii) educate the members of the board regarding the needs and special circumstances of
2368	persons with a mental illness in the criminal justice system;
2369	(iii) in cooperation with the Department of Corrections, monitor the status of persons
2370	in the prison who have been found guilty with a mental illness;
2371	(iv) monitor the progress of other persons under the board's jurisdiction who have a
2372	mental illness;
2373	(v) conduct hearings as necessary in the preparation of reports and recommendations;
2374	and
2375	(vi) perform other duties as assigned by the board.
2376	Section 53. Section 78A-11-103 is amended to read:
2377	78A-11-103. Judicial Conduct Commission Members Terms Vacancies

2378	Voting Power of chair.
2379	(1) The membership of the commission consists of the following 11 members:
2380	(a) two members of the House of Representatives to be appointed by the speaker of the
2381	House of Representatives for a four-year term, not more than one of whom may be of the same
2382	political party as the speaker;
2383	(b) two members of the Senate to be appointed by the president of the Senate for a
2384	four-year term, not more than one of whom may be of the same political party as the president;
2385	(c) two members of, and in good standing with, the Utah State Bar, who shall be
2386	appointed by a majority of the Utah Supreme Court for a four-year term, none of whom may
2387	reside in the same judicial district;
2388	(d) three persons not members of the Utah State Bar, who shall be appointed by the
2389	governor, with the consent of the Senate, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2,
2390	<u>Vacancies</u> , for four-year terms, not more than two of whom may be of the same political party
2391	as the governor; and
2392	(e) two judges to be appointed by a majority of the Utah Supreme Court for a four-year
2393	term, neither of whom may:
2394	(i) be a member of the Utah Supreme Court;
2395	(ii) serve on the same level of court as the other; and
2396	(iii) if trial judges, serve primarily in the same judicial district as the other.
2397	(2) (a) The terms of the members shall be staggered so that approximately half of the
2398	commission expires every two years.
2399	(b) Members of the commission may not serve longer than eight years.
2400	(3) The commission shall establish guidelines and procedures for the disqualification
2401	of any member from consideration of any matter. A judge who is a member of the commission
2402	or the Supreme Court may not participate in any proceedings involving the judge's own

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removal or retirement.

(4) (a) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall

be appointed by the appointing authority for that position for the unexpired term.

- (b) If the appointing authority fails to appoint a replacement, the commissioners who have been appointed may act as a commission under all the provisions of this section.
- (5) Six members of the commission shall constitute a quorum. Any action of a majority of the quorum constitutes the action of the commission.
- (6) (a) At each commission meeting, the chair and executive director shall schedule all complaints to be heard by the commission and present any information from which a reasonable inference can be drawn that a judge has committed misconduct so that the commission may determine by majority vote of a quorum whether the executive director shall draft a written complaint in accordance with Subsection 78A-11-102(2)(b).
- (b) The chair and executive director may not act to dismiss any complaint without a majority vote of a quorum of the commission.
- (c) A member of the commission described in Subsection (1)(d) shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
- (7) It is the responsibility of the chair and the executive director to ensure that the commission complies with the procedures of the commission.
 - (8) The chair shall be nonvoting except in the case of a tie vote.
- (9) The chair shall be allowed the actual expenses of secretarial services, the expenses of services for either a court reporter or a transcriber of electronic tape recordings, and other necessary administrative expenses incurred in the performance of the duties of the commission.
 - (10) Upon a majority vote of the quorum, the commission may:
- (a) employ an executive director, legal counsel, investigators, and other staff to assist the commission; and
 - (b) incur other reasonable and necessary expenses within the authorized budget of the commission and consistent with the duties of the commission.
- (11) The commission shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, outlining its procedures and the appointment of masters.

2432	Section 54. Section 78B-22-402 is amended to read:
2433	78B-22-402. Commission members Member qualifications Terms Vacancy.
2434	(1) The commission is composed of 15 voting members and one ex officio, nonvoting
2435	member.
2436	(a) The governor, with the consent of the Senate, and in accordance with Title 63G,
2437	Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies, shall appoint the following 13 voting members:
2438	(i) two practicing criminal defense attorneys recommended by the Utah Association of
2439	Criminal Defense Lawyers;
2440	(ii) one attorney practicing in juvenile delinquency defense recommended by the Utah
2441	Association of Criminal Defense Lawyers;
2442	(iii) an attorney representing minority interests recommended by the Utah Minority Bar
2443	Association;
2444	(iv) one member recommended by the Utah Association of Counties from a county of
2445	the first or second class;
2446	(v) one member recommended by the Utah Association of Counties from a county of
2447	the third through sixth class;
2448	(vi) a director of a county public defender organization recommended by the Utah
2449	Association of Criminal Defense Lawyers;
2450	(vii) two members recommended by the Utah League of Cities and Towns from its
2451	membership;
2452	(viii) a retired judge recommended by the Judicial Council;
2453	(ix) one attorney practicing in the area of parental defense, recommended by an entity
2454	funded under the Child Welfare Parental Defense Program created in Section 63M-7-211; and
2455	(x) two members of the Utah Legislature, one from the House of Representatives and
2456	one from the Senate, selected jointly by the Speaker of the House and President of the Senate.
2457	(b) The Judicial Council shall appoint a voting member from the Administrative Office
2458	of the Courts.

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2459	(c) The executive director of the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice or
2460	the executive director's designee is a voting member of the commission.
2461	(d) The director of the commission, appointed under Section 78B-22-403, is an ex
2462	officio, nonvoting member of the commission.
2463	(2) A member appointed by the governor shall serve a four-year term, except as
2464	provided in Subsection (3).
2465	(3) The governor shall stagger the initial terms of appointees so that approximately half
2466	of the members appointed by the governor are appointed every two years.
2467	(4) A member appointed to the commission shall have significant experience in
2468	indigent criminal defense, parental defense, or juvenile defense in delinquency proceedings or
2469	have otherwise demonstrated a strong commitment to providing effective representation in
2470	indigent defense services.
2471	(5) A person who is currently employed solely as a criminal prosecuting attorney may
2472	not serve as a member of the commission.
2473	(6) A commission member shall hold office until the member's successor is appointed.
2474	(7) The commission may remove a member for incompetence, dereliction of duty,
2475	malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance in office, or for any other good cause.
2476	(8) If a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, a replacement shall be
2477	appointed for the remaining unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.
2478	(9) The commission shall annually elect a chair from the commission's membership to
2479	serve a one-year term. A commission member may not serve as chair of the commission for
2480	more than three consecutive terms.
2481	(10) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but

may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:

(a) Section 63A-3-106;

(b) Section 63A-3-107; and

(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and

2486	63A-3-107.
2487	(11) (a) A majority of the members of the commission constitutes a quorum.
2488	(b) If a quorum is present, the action of a majority of the voting members present
2489	constitutes the action of the commission.
2490	(c) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
2491	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
2492	Section 55. Section 79-3-302 is amended to read:
2493	79-3-302. Members of board Qualifications and appointment Vacancies
2494	Organization Meetings Financial gain prohibited Expenses.
2495	(1) The board consists of seven members appointed by the governor, with the consent
2496	of the Senate, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies.
2497	(2) In addition to the requirements of Section 79-2-203, the members shall have the
2498	following qualifications:
2499	(a) one member knowledgeable in the field of geology as applied to the practice of civil
2500	engineering;
2501	(b) four members knowledgeable and representative of various segments of the mineral
2502	industry throughout the state, such as hydrocarbons, solid fuels, metals, and industrial minerals;
2503	(c) one member knowledgeable of the economic or scientific interests of the mineral
2504	industry in the state; and
2505	(d) one member who is interested in the goals of the survey and from the public at
2506	large.
2507	(3) The director of the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration is an ex
2508	officio member of the board but without any voting privileges.
2509	(4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), members are appointed for terms of
2510	four years.
2511	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
2512	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of

2513	board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two
2514	years.
2515	(c) No more than four members may be of the same political party.
2516	(d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
2517	appointed for the unexpired term by the governor with the consent of the Senate.
2518	(5) The board shall select from its members a chair and such officers and committees
2519	as it considers necessary.
2520	(6) (a) The board shall hold meetings at least quarterly on such dates as may be set by
2521	its chair.
2522	(b) Special meetings may be held upon notice of the chair or by a majority of its
2523	members.
2524	(c) A majority of the members of the board present at a meeting constitutes a quorum
2525	for the transaction of business.
2526	(7) (a) Members of the board may not obtain financial gain by reason of information
2527	obtained during the course of their official duties.
2528	(b) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
2529	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
2530	(8) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
2531	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
2532	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
2533	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
2534	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
2535	63A-3-107.
2536	Section 56. Section 79-4-302 is amended to read:
2537	79-4-302. Board appointment and terms of members Expenses.
2538	(1) (a) The board is composed of nine members appointed <u>in accordance with Title</u>
2539	63G. Chapter 24. Part 2. Vacancies, by the governor, with the consent of the Senate, to

2540	four-year terms.
2541	(b) In addition to the requirements of Section 79-2-203, the governor shall:
2542	(i) appoint one member from each judicial district and one member from the public at
2543	large;
2544	(ii) ensure that not more than five members are from the same political party; and
2545	(iii) appoint persons who have an understanding of and demonstrated interest in parks
2546	and recreation.
2547	(c) Notwithstanding the term requirements of Subsection (1)(a), the governor may
2548	adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of board members are staggered so that
2549	approximately half of the board is appointed every two years.
2550	(2) When vacancies occur because of death, resignation, or other cause, the governor,
2551	with the consent of the Senate, shall:
2552	(a) appoint a person to complete the unexpired term of the person whose office was
2553	vacated; and
2554	(b) if the person was appointed from a judicial district, appoint the replacement from
2555	the judicial district from which the person whose office has become vacant was appointed.
2556	(3) The board shall appoint its chair from its membership.
2557	(4) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
2558	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
2559	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
2560	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
2561	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
2562	63A-3-107.
2563	(5) A member shall comply with the conflict of interest provisions described in Title
2564	63G, Chapter 24, Part 3, Conflicts of Interest.
2565	Section 57. Effective date.
2566	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2021.

2567	Section 58. Coordinating S.B. 146 with S.B. 60 Substantive and technical
2568	amendments.
2569	If this S.B. 146 and S.B. 60, Advice and Consent Amendments, both pass and become
2570	law, and S.B. 111, Higher Education Amendments, does not pass, it is the intent of the
2571	<u>Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel prepare the Utah Code</u>
2572	database for publication by modifying Subsections 63G-24-102(4) and (5)(a) to read:
2573	"(4) "Nominee" means a person selected by the governor to fill a rulemaking board
2574	vacancy subject to the advice and consent of the Senate.
2575	(5) (a) "Rulemaking board" means a board, committee, commission, or council:
2576	(i) that has rulemaking authority; and
2577	(ii) at least part of whose membership is appointed by the governor subject to the
2578	advice and consent of the Senate."
2579	Section 59. Coordinating S.B. 146 with S.B. 111 Substantive and technical
2580	amendments.
2581	If this S.B. 146 and S.B. 111, Higher Education Amendments, both pass and become
2582	law, but S.B. 60, Advice and Consent Amendments, does not pass, it is the intent of the
2583	<u>Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel prepare the Utah Code</u>
2584	database for publication by:
2585	(1) modifying Subsection 53B-1-404(1) as renumbered and amended by S.B. 111 to
2586	read:
2587	"(1) [Except as provided in Subsection (2), the] The board consists of [17] 18 residents
2588	of the state appointed by the governor with the <u>advice and</u> consent of the Senate <u>in accordance</u>
2589	with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies, as follows:
2590	[(a) eight at-large members;]
2591	[(b) eight members, each of whom is:]
2592	[(i) selected from three nominees presented to the governor by a higher education
2593	institution board of trustees: and

2594	[(ii) a current or former member of the institution of higher education board of trustees
2595	that nominates the member; and]
2596	[(c) one member, selected from three nominees presented to the governor by the
2597	student body presidents of the institutions of higher education, who:]
2598	[(i) is a fully matriculated student enrolled in an institution of higher education; and]
2599	[(ii) is not serving as a student body president at the time of the nomination.]
2600	[(2) (a) (i) An individual appointed to the board on or before May 8, 2017, may serve
2601	on the board, even if the individual does not fulfill a requirement for the composition of the
2602	board described in Subsection (1).]
2603	[(ii) The governor may reappoint a member described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) when the
2604	member's term expires.]
2605	[(b) An individual appointed to the board on or before May 8, 2017, who is a current or
2606	former member of an institution of higher education board of trustees is the board member for
2607	the institution of higher education described in Subsection (1)(b).
2608	[(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(c)(ii), as positions on the board become vacant, the
2609	governor shall ensure that newly appointed members move the board toward the composition
2610	described in Subsection (1).]
2611	[(ii) In appointing a new member to the board, the governor shall first appoint a
2612	member described in Subsection (1)(b) until the eight positions described in Subsection (1)(b)
2613	are filled.]
2614	(a) subject to Subsections (2)(a), (3), and (6)(b)(ii), 16 members appointed from among
2615	candidates presented to the governor by a nominating committee; and
2616	(b) two student members appointed as described in Subsection (4).";
2617	(2) creating a newly enacted Subsection 53B-1-404(4)(c) to read:
2618	"(c) An appointee described in Subsection (4)(a) is not subject to the public comment
2619	process described in Section 63G-24-204.";
2620	(3) modifying Subsections 63G-24-102(4) and (5)(a) to read:

2621	"(4) "Nominee" means a person selected by the governor to fill a rulemaking board
2622	vacancy subject to the consent of the Senate.
2623	(5) (a) "Rulemaking board" means a board, committee, commission, or council:
2624	(i) that has rulemaking authority; and
2625	(ii) at least part of whose membership is appointed by the governor subject to the
2626	consent of the Senate."; and
2627	(4) modifying Subsections 67-1-2(2)(b) and (3) amended in S.B. 146 to read:
2628	"(b) A majority of the president of the Senate, the Senate majority leader, and the
2629	Senate minority leader may waive the 30-day requirement described in Subsection (1) for a
2630	gubernatorial nominee other than a nominee for the following:
2631	(i) a member of the State Tax Commission;
2632	(ii) a member of the State Board of Education; or
2633	(iii) a member of the Utah Board of Higher Education.
2634	(3) The Senate shall hold a confirmation hearing for a nominee for an individual
2635	described in Subsections (2)(b)(i) through (iii).".
2636	Section 60. Coordinating S.B. 146 with S.B. 60 and S.B. 111 Substantive and
2637	technical amendments.
2638	If this S.B. 146, S.B. 60, Advice and Consent Amendments, and S.B. 111, Higher
2639	Education Amendments, all pass and become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the
2640	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel prepare the Utah Code database for
2641	publication by:
2642	(1) modifying Subsection 53B-1-404(1) as renumbered and amended by S.B. 111 to
2643	read:
2644	"(1) [Except as provided in Subsection (2), the] The board consists of [17] 18 residents
2645	of the state appointed by the governor with the <u>advice and</u> consent of the Senate <u>in accordance</u>
2646	with Title 63G, Chapter 24, Part 2, Vacancies, as follows:
2647	[(a) eight at-large members:]

2648	[(b) eight members, each of whom is:]
2649	[(i) selected from three nominees presented to the governor by a higher education
2650	institution board of trustees; and]
2651	[(ii) a current or former member of the institution of higher education board of trustees
2652	that nominates the member; and]
2653	[(c) one member, selected from three nominees presented to the governor by the
2654	student body presidents of the institutions of higher education, who:]
2655	[(i) is a fully matriculated student enrolled in an institution of higher education; and]
2656	[(ii) is not serving as a student body president at the time of the nomination.]
2657	[(2) (a) (i) An individual appointed to the board on or before May 8, 2017, may serve
2658	on the board, even if the individual does not fulfill a requirement for the composition of the
2659	board described in Subsection (1).]
2660	[(ii) The governor may reappoint a member described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) when the
2661	member's term expires.]
2662	[(b) An individual appointed to the board on or before May 8, 2017, who is a current or
2663	former member of an institution of higher education board of trustees is the board member for
2664	the institution of higher education described in Subsection (1)(b).
2665	[(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(c)(ii), as positions on the board become vacant, the
2666	governor shall ensure that newly appointed members move the board toward the composition
2667	described in Subsection (1).]
2668	[(ii) In appointing a new member to the board, the governor shall first appoint a
2669	member described in Subsection (1)(b) until the eight positions described in Subsection (1)(b)
2670	are filled.]
2671	(a) subject to Subsections (2)(a), (3), and (6)(b)(ii), 16 members appointed from among
2672	candidates presented to the governor by a nominating committee; and
2673	(b) two student members appointed as described in Subsection (4).";
2674	(2) creating a newly enacted Subsection 53B-1-404(4)(c) to read:

2675	"(c) An appointee described in Subsection (4)(a) is not subject to the public comment
2676	process described in Section 63G-24-204.";
2677	(3) modifying Subsections 63G-24-102(4) and (5)(a) to read:
2678	"(4) "Nominee" means a person selected by the governor to fill a rulemaking board
2679	vacancy subject to the advice and consent of the Senate.
2680	(5) (a) "Rulemaking board" means a board, committee, commission, or council:
2681	(i) that has rulemaking authority; and
2682	(ii) at least part of whose membership is appointed by the governor subject to the
2683	advice and consent of the Senate."; and
2684	(4) modifying Subsections 67-1-2(2)(b) and (3) amended in this S.B. 146 and S.B. 60
2685	to read:
2686	"(b) A majority of the president of the Senate, the Senate majority leader, and the
2687	Senate minority leader may waive the 30-day requirement described in Subsection (1) for a
2688	gubernatorial nominee other than a nominee for the following:
2689	(i) the executive director of a department;
2690	(ii) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development;
2691	(iii) the executive director of the Labor Commission;
2692	(iv) a member of the State Tax Commission;
2693	(v) a member of the State Board of Education;
2694	(vi) a member of the Utah Board of Higher Education; or
2695	(vii) an individual:
2696	(A) whose appointment requires the advice and consent of the Senate; and
2697	(B) whom the governor designates as a member of the governor's cabinet.
2698	(3) The Senate shall hold a confirmation hearing for a nominee for an individual
2699	described in Subsections (2)(b)(i) through (vii).".
2700	Section 61. Coordinating S.B. 146 with H.B. 10 Superseding technical and
2701	substantive amendments.

2702	If this S.B. 146 and H.B. 10, Boards and Commissions Amendments, both pass and
2703	become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the amendments to Section 26-21-3 in H.B.
2704	10 supersede the amendments to Section 26-21-3 in this bill when the Office of Legislative
2705	Research and General Counsel prepares the Utah Code database for publication.