

	57-8-45, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 95
	57-8a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 131 and 424
	57-8a-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 95
Вел	it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 57-8-3 is amended to read:
	57-8-3. Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
	(1) "Assessment" means any charge imposed by the association, including:
	(a) common expenses on or against a unit owner pursuant to the provisions of the
dec	laration, bylaws, or this chapter; and
	(b) an amount that an association of unit owners assesses to a unit owner under
Sub	section 57-8-43(9)(g).
	(2) "Association of unit owners" or "association" means all of the unit owners:
	(a) acting as a group in accordance with the declaration and bylaws; or
	(b) organized as a legal entity in accordance with the declaration.
	(3) "Building" means a building, containing units, and comprising a part of the
proj	perty.
	(4) "Commercial condominium project" means a condominium project that has no
resi	dential units within the project.
	(5) "Common areas and facilities" unless otherwise provided in the declaration or
law	ful amendments to the declaration means:
	(a) the land included within the condominium project, whether leasehold or in fee
sim	ple;
	(b) the foundations, columns, girders, beams, supports, main walls, roofs, halls,
corı	ridors, lobbies, stairs, stairways, fire escapes, entrances, and exits of the building;
	(c) the basements, yards, gardens, parking areas, and storage spaces;
	(d) the premises for lodging of janitors or persons in charge of the property;
	(e) installations of central services such as power, light, gas, hot and cold water,
hear	ting, refrigeration, air conditioning, and incinerating;
	(f) the elevators tanks numbs motors fans compressors ducts and in general all

- 57 apparatus and installations existing for common use;
 - (g) such community and commercial facilities as may be provided for in the declaration; and
 - (h) all other parts of the property necessary or convenient to its existence, maintenance, and safety, or normally in common use.
 - (6) "Common expenses" means:
 - (a) all sums lawfully assessed against the unit owners;
 - (b) expenses of administration, maintenance, repair, or replacement of the common areas and facilities;
 - (c) expenses agreed upon as common expenses by the association of unit owners; and
 - (d) expenses declared common expenses by this chapter, or by the declaration or the bylaws.
 - (7) "Common profits," unless otherwise provided in the declaration or lawful amendments to the declaration, means the balance of all income, rents, profits, and revenues from the common areas and facilities remaining after the deduction of the common expenses.
 - (8) "Condominium" means the ownership of a single unit in a multiunit project together with an undivided interest in common in the common areas and facilities of the property.
 - (9) "Condominium plat" means a plat or plats of survey of land and units prepared in accordance with Section 57-8-13.
 - (10) "Condominium project" means a real estate condominium project; a plan or project whereby two or more units, whether contained in existing or proposed apartments, commercial or industrial buildings or structures, or otherwise, are separately offered or proposed to be offered for sale. Condominium project also means the property when the context so requires.
 - (11) "Condominium unit" means a unit together with the undivided interest in the common areas and facilities appertaining to that unit. Any reference in this chapter to a condominium unit includes both a physical unit together with its appurtenant undivided interest in the common areas and facilities and a time period unit together with its appurtenant undivided interest, unless the reference is specifically limited to a time period unit.
 - (12) "Contractible condominium" means a condominium project from which one or

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more portions of the land within the project may be withdrawn in accordance with provisions of the declaration and of this chapter. If the withdrawal can occur only by the expiration or termination of one or more leases, then the condominium project is not a contractible condominium within the meaning of this chapter.

- (13) "Convertible land" means a building site which is a portion of the common areas and facilities, described by metes and bounds, within which additional units or limited common areas and facilities may be created in accordance with this chapter.
- (14) "Convertible space" means a portion of the structure within the condominium project, which portion may be converted into one or more units or common areas and facilities, including limited common areas and facilities in accordance with this chapter.
- (15) "Declarant" means all persons who execute the declaration or on whose behalf the declaration is executed. From the time of the recordation of any amendment to the declaration expanding an expandable condominium, all persons who execute that amendment or on whose behalf that amendment is executed shall also come within this definition. Any successors of the persons referred to in this subsection who come to stand in the same relation to the condominium project as their predecessors also come within this definition.
- (16) "Declaration" means the instrument by which the property is submitted to the provisions of this act, as it from time to time may be lawfully amended.
 - (17) "Electrical corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
- (18) "Expandable condominium" means a condominium project to which additional land or an interest in it may be added in accordance with the declaration and this chapter.
 - (19) "Gas corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
- (20) "Governing documents":
- (a) means a written instrument by which an association of unit owners may:
- (i) exercise powers; or
- 113 (ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of the 114 association of unit owners; and
- 115 (b) includes:
- (i) articles of incorporation;
- 117 (ii) bylaws;
- 118 (iii) a plat;

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119	(iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and
120	(v) rules of the association of unit owners.
121	(21) "Independent third party" means a person that:
122	(a) is not related to the unit owner;
123	(b) shares no pecuniary interests with the unit owner; and
124	(c) purchases the unit in good faith and without the intent to defraud a current or future
125	lienholder.
126	(22) "Judicial foreclosure" means a foreclosure of a unit:
127	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
128	(b) in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real property;
129	<u>and</u>
130	(c) as provided in this chapter.
131	[(22)] (23) "Leasehold condominium" means a condominium project in all or any
132	portion of which each unit owner owns an estate for years in his unit, or in the land upon which
133	that unit is situated, or both, with all those leasehold interests to expire naturally at the same
134	time. A condominium project including leased land, or an interest in the land, upon which no
135	units are situated or to be situated is not a leasehold condominium within the meaning of this
136	chapter.
137	[(23)] (24) "Limited common areas and facilities" means those common areas and
138	facilities designated in the declaration as reserved for use of a certain unit or units to the
139	exclusion of the other units.
140	[(24)] (25) "Majority" or "majority of the unit owners," unless otherwise provided in
141	the declaration or lawful amendments to the declaration, means the owners of more than 50%
142	in the aggregate in interest of the undivided ownership of the common areas and facilities.
143	[(25)] (26) "Management committee" means the committee as provided in the
144	declaration charged with and having the responsibility and authority to make and to enforce all
145	of the reasonable rules covering the operation and maintenance of the property.
146	[(26)] (27) " Management committee meeting" means a gathering of a management
147	committee, whether in person or by means of electronic communication, at which the
148	management committee can take binding action.
149	[(27)] (28) (a) "Means of electronic communication" means an electronic system that

150	allows individuals to communicate orally in real time.
151	(b) "Means of electronic communication" includes:
152	(i) web conferencing;
153	(ii) video conferencing; and
154	(iii) telephone conferencing.
155	[(28)] (29) "Mixed-use condominium project" means a condominium project that has
156	both residential and commercial units in the condominium project.
157	(30) "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means the sale of a unit:
158	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
159	(b) in the same manner as the sale of trust property under Sections 57-1-19 through
160	<u>57-1-34; and</u>
161	(c) as provided in this chapter.
162	[(29)] (31) "Par value" means a number of dollars or points assigned to each unit by the
163	declaration. Substantially identical units shall be assigned the same par value, but units located
164	at substantially different heights above the ground, or having substantially different views, or
165	having substantially different amenities or other characteristics that might result in differences
166	in market value, may be considered substantially identical within the meaning of this
167	subsection. If par value is stated in terms of dollars, that statement may not be considered to
168	reflect or control the sales price or fair market value of any unit, and no opinion, appraisal, or
169	fair market transaction at a different figure may affect the par value of any unit, or any
170	undivided interest in the common areas and facilities, voting rights in the unit owners'
171	association, liability for common expenses, or right to common profits, assigned on the basis
172	thereof.
173	[(30)] (32) "Period of administrative control" means the period of control described in
174	Subsection 57-8-16.5(1).
175	[(31)] (33) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, trustee,
176	or other legal entity.
177	[(32)] (34) "Property" means the land, whether leasehold or in fee simple, the building,
178	if any, all improvements and structures thereon, all easements, rights, and appurtenances
179	belonging thereto, and all articles of personal property intended for use in connection
180	therewith.

181	[(33)] (35) "Record," "recording," "recorded," and "recorder" have the meaning stated
182	in Chapter 3, Recording of Documents.
183	[(34)] <u>(36)</u> "Rentals" or "rental unit" means:
184	(a) a unit that:
185	(i) is not owned by an entity or trust; and
186	(ii) is occupied by an individual while the unit owner is not occupying the unit as the
187	unit owner's primary residence; or
188	(b) an occupied unit owned by an entity or trust, regardless of who occupies the unit.
189	[(35)] (37) "Size" means the number of cubic feet, or the number of square feet of
190	ground or floor space, within each unit as computed by reference to the record of survey map
191	and rounded off to a whole number. Certain spaces within the units including attic, basement,
192	or garage space may be omitted from the calculation or be partially discounted by the use of a
193	ratio, if the same basis of calculation is employed for all units in the condominium project and
194	if that basis is described in the declaration.
195	[(36)] (38) "Time period unit" means an annually recurring part or parts of a year
196	specified in the declaration as a period for which a unit is separately owned and includes a
197	timeshare estate as defined in Section 57-19-2.
198	[(37)] (39) "Unconstructed unit" means a unit that:
199	(a) is intended, as depicted in the condominium plat, to be fully or partially contained
200	in a building; and
201	(b) is not constructed.
202	[(38)] (40) (a) "Unit" means a separate part of the property intended for any type of
203	independent use, which is created by the recording of a declaration and a condominium plat
204	that describes the unit boundaries.
205	(b) "Unit" includes one or more rooms or spaces located in one or more floors or a
206	portion of a floor in a building.
207	(c) "Unit" includes a convertible space, in accordance with Subsection 57-8-13.4(3).
208	[(39)] (41) "Unit number" means the number, letter, or combination of numbers and
209	letters designating the unit in the declaration and in the record of survey map.
210	[(40)] (42) "Unit owner" means the person or persons owning a unit in fee simple and

an undivided interest in the fee simple estate of the common areas and facilities in the

212 percentage specified and established in the declaration or, in the case of a leasehold 213 condominium project, the person or persons whose leasehold interest or interests in the 214 condominium unit extend for the entire balance of the unexpired term or terms. 215 Section 2. Section **57-8-45** is amended to read: 216 57-8-45. Enforcement of a lien. 217 (1) (a) Except as provided in Section 57-8-13.1, to enforce a lien established under 218 Section 57-8-44, an association of unit owners may: 219 (i) subject to Subsection (5), cause a unit to be sold through nonjudicial foreclosure as 220 though the lien were a deed of trust, in the manner provided by: 221 (A) Sections 57-1-24, 57-1-25, 57-1-26, and 57-1-27; and 222 (B) this chapter; or 223 (ii) foreclose the lien through a judicial foreclosure in the manner provided by: 224 (A) law for the foreclosure of a mortgage; and 225 (B) this chapter. 226 (b) For purposes of a nonjudicial or judicial foreclosure as provided in Subsection 227 (1)(a): 228 (i) the association of unit owners is considered to be the beneficiary under a trust deed; 229 and 230 (ii) the unit owner is considered to be the trustor under a trust deed. 231 (2) A unit owner's acceptance of the owner's interest in a unit constitutes a 232 simultaneous conveyance of the unit in trust, with power of sale, to the trustee designated as 233 provided in this section for the purpose of securing payment of all amounts due under the 234 declaration and this chapter. 235 (3) (a) A power of sale and other powers of a trustee under this part and under Sections 57-1-19 through 57-1-34 may not be exercised unless the association of unit owners appoints a 236 237 qualified trustee. (b) An association of unit owners' execution of a substitution of trustee form 238 239 authorized in Section 57-1-22 is sufficient for appointment of a trustee under Subsection (3)(a). (c) A person may not be a trustee under this part unless the person qualifies as a trustee 240 under Subsection 57-1-21(1)(a)(i) or (iv). 241

(d) A trustee under this part is subject to all duties imposed on a trustee under Sections

243	57-1-19 through 57-1-34.
244	(4) This chapter does not prohibit an association of unit owners from bringing an
245	action against a unit owner to recover an amount for which a lien is created under Section
246	57-8-44 or, subject to Subsection (5), from taking a deed in lieu of foreclosure, if the action is
247	brought or deed taken before the sale or foreclosure of the unit owner's unit under this chapter.
248	(5) (a) An association of unit owners may not cause a unit to be sold through
249	nonjudicial foreclosure unless the assessment amount, owed by the unit owner, that is subject
250	to the lien exceeds \$11,000.
251	(b) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), the assessment amount owed does not include:
252	(i) debt collection costs; or
253	(ii) the costs and fees described in Subsection 57-8-49(2).
254	Section 3. Section 57-8a-102 is amended to read:
255	57-8a-102. Definitions.
256	As used in this chapter:
257	(1) (a) "Assessment" means a charge imposed or levied:
258	(i) by the association;
259	(ii) on or against a lot or a lot owner; and
260	(iii) pursuant to a governing document recorded with the county recorder.
261	(b) "Assessment" includes:
262	(i) a common expense; and
263	(ii) an amount assessed against a lot owner under Subsection 57-8a-405(7).
264	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), "association" means a corporation or
265	other legal entity, any member of which:
266	(i) is an owner of a residential lot located within the jurisdiction of the association, as
267	described in the governing documents; and
268	(ii) by virtue of membership or ownership of a residential lot is obligated to pay:
269	(A) real property taxes;
270	(B) insurance premiums;
271	(C) maintenance costs; or
272	(D) for improvement of real property not owned by the member.
273	(b) "Association" or "homeowner association" does not include an association created

274 under Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act. 275 (3) "Board meeting" means a gathering of a board, whether in person or by means of 276 electronic communication, at which the board can take binding action. 277 (4) "Board of directors" or "board" means the entity, regardless of name, with primary 278 authority to manage the affairs of the association. 279 (5) "Common areas" means property that the association: 280 (a) owns; 281 (b) maintains; 282 (c) repairs; or 283 (d) administers. 284 (6) "Common expense" means costs incurred by the association to exercise any of the 285 powers provided for in the association's governing documents. 286 (7) "Declarant": 287 (a) means the person who executes a declaration and submits it for recording in the 288 office of the recorder of the county in which the property described in the declaration is 289 located; and 290 (b) includes the person's successor and assign. 291 (8) "Electrical corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1. 292 (9) "Gas corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1. 293 (10) (a) "Governing documents" means a written instrument by which the association 294 may: 295 (i) exercise powers; or 296 (ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of the 297 association. 298 (b) "Governing documents" includes: 299 (i) articles of incorporation; 300 (ii) bylaws; (iii) a plat; 301 302 (iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and 303 (v) rules of the association. 304 (11) "Independent third party" means a person that:

305	(a) is not related to the owner of the residential lot;
306	(b) shares no pecuniary interests with the owner of the residential lot; and
307	(c) purchases the residential lot in good faith and without the intent to defraud a current
308	or future lienholder.
309	(12) "Judicial foreclosure" means a foreclosure of a lot:
310	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment; [and]
311	(b) [(i)] in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real
312	property; and
313	[(ii)] (c) as provided in Part 3, Collection of Assessments.
314	(13) "Lease" or "leasing" means regular, exclusive occupancy of a lot:
315	(a) by a person or persons other than the owner; and
316	(b) for which the owner receives a consideration or benefit, including a fee, service,
317	gratuity, or emolument.
318	(14) "Limited common areas" means common areas described in the declaration and
319	allocated for the exclusive use of one or more lot owners.
320	(15) "Lot" means:
321	(a) a lot, parcel, plot, or other division of land:
322	(i) designated for separate ownership or occupancy; and
323	(ii) (A) shown on a recorded subdivision plat; or
324	(B) the boundaries of which are described in a recorded governing document; or
325	(b) (i) a unit in a condominium association if the condominium association is a part of
326	a development; or
327	(ii) a unit in a real estate cooperative if the real estate cooperative is part of a
328	development.
329	(16) (a) "Means of electronic communication" means an electronic system that allows
330	individuals to communicate orally in real time.
331	(b) "Means of electronic communication" includes:
332	(i) web conferencing;
333	(ii) video conferencing; and
334	(iii) telephone conferencing.
335	(17) "Mixed-use project" means a project under this chapter that has both residential

336	and commercial lots in the project.
337	(18) "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means the sale of a lot:
338	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment; [and]
339	(b) [(i)] in the same manner as the sale of trust property under Sections 57-1-19
340	through 57-1-34; and
341	[(ii)] (c) as provided in Part 3, Collection of Assessments.
342	(19) "Period of administrative control" means the period during which the person who
343	filed the association's governing documents or the person's successor in interest retains
344	authority to:
345	(a) appoint or remove members of the association's board of directors; or
346	(b) exercise power or authority assigned to the association under the association's
347	governing documents.
348	(20) "Rentals" or "rental lot" means:
349	(a) a lot that:
350	(i) is not owned by an entity or trust; and
351	(ii) is occupied by an individual while the lot owner is not occupying the lot as the lot
352	owner's primary residence; or
353	(b) an occupied lot owned by an entity or trust, regardless of who occupies the lot.
354	(21) "Residential lot" means a lot, the use of which is limited by law, covenant, or
355	otherwise to primarily residential or recreational purposes.
356	(22) "Solar energy system" means:
357	(a) a system that is used to produce electric energy from sunlight; and
358	(b) the components of the system described in Subsection (22)(a).
359	Section 4. Section 57-8a-302 is amended to read:
360	57-8a-302. Enforcement of a lien.
361	(1) (a) Except as provided in Section 57-8a-105, to enforce a lien established under
362	Section 57-8a-301, an association may:
363	(i) subject to Subsection (5), cause a lot to be sold through nonjudicial foreclosure as
364	though the lien were a deed of trust, in the manner provided by:
365	(A) Sections 57-1-24, 57-1-25, 57-1-26, and 57-1-27; and
366	(B) this part; or

367 (ii) foreclose the lien through a judicial foreclosure in the manner provided by: 368 (A) law for the foreclosure of a mortgage; and 369 (B) this part. 370 (b) For purposes of a nonjudicial or judicial foreclosure as provided in Subsection 371 (1)(a): 372 (i) the association is considered to be the beneficiary under a trust deed; and 373 (ii) the lot owner is considered to be the trustor under a trust deed. 374 (2) A lot owner's acceptance of the owner's interest in a lot constitutes a simultaneous 375 conveyance of the lot in trust, with power of sale, to the trustee designated as provided in this 376 section for the purpose of securing payment of all amounts due under the declaration and this 377 chapter. 378 (3) (a) A power of sale and other powers of a trustee under this part and under Sections 379 57-1-19 through 57-1-34 may not be exercised unless the association appoints a qualified 380 trustee. 381 (b) An association's execution of a substitution of trustee form authorized in Section 382 57-1-22 is sufficient for appointment of a trustee under Subsection (3)(a). 383 (c) A person may not be a trustee under this part unless the person qualifies as a trustee 384 under Subsection 57-1-21(1)(a)(i) or (iv). 385 (d) A trustee under this part is subject to all duties imposed on a trustee under Sections 386 57-1-19 through 57-1-34. 387 (4) This part does not prohibit an association from bringing an action against a lot 388 owner to recover an amount for which a lien is created under Section 57-8a-301 or, subject to 389 Subsection (5), from taking a deed in lieu of foreclosure, if the action is brought or deed taken 390 before the sale or foreclosure of the lot owner's lot under this part. 391 (5) (a) An association may not cause a lot to be sold through nonjudicial foreclosure 392 unless the assessment amount, owed by the lot owner, that is subject to the lien exceeds 393 \$11,000. 394 (b) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), the assessment amount owed does not include: 395 (i) debt collection costs; or

(ii) the costs and fees described in Subsection 57-8a-306(2).