SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1602

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By House Civil Rights & Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Reeves, Walen, Jinkins, Appleton, Ryu, Morgan, Orwall, Ortiz-Self, Hudgins, and Ormsby)

AN ACT Relating to consumer debt; and amending RCW 4.56.110, 6.01.060, 6.15.010, 6.27.100, 6.27.105, 6.27.140, and 6.27.150.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 Sec. 1. RCW 4.56.110 and 2018 c 199 s 201 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

6 Interest on judgments shall accrue as follows:

7 (1) Judgments founded on written contracts, providing for the 8 payment of interest until paid at a specified rate, shall bear 9 interest at the rate specified in the contracts: PROVIDED, That said 10 interest rate is set forth in the judgment.

11 (2) All judgments for unpaid child support that have accrued 12 under a superior court order or an order entered under the 13 administrative procedure act shall bear interest at the rate of 14 twelve percent.

(3) (a) Judgments founded on the tortious conduct of a "public agency" as defined in RCW 42.30.020 shall bear interest from the date of entry at two percentage points above the equivalent coupon issue yield, as published by the board of governors of the federal reserve system, of the average bill rate for twenty-six week treasury bills as determined at the first bill market auction conducted during the calendar month immediately preceding the date of entry. In any case where a court is directed on review to enter judgment on a verdict or in any case where a judgment entered on a verdict is wholly or partly affirmed on review, interest on the judgment or on that portion of the judgment affirmed shall date back to and shall accrue from the date the verdict was rendered.

6 (b) Except as provided in (a) of this subsection, judgments founded on the tortious conduct of individuals or other entities, 7 whether acting in their personal or representative capacities, shall 8 bear interest from the date of entry at two percentage points above 9 the prime rate, as published by the board of governors of the federal 10 11 reserve system on the first business day of the calendar month 12 immediately preceding the date of entry. In any case where a court is directed on review to enter judgment on a verdict or in any case 13 where a judgment entered on a verdict is wholly or partly affirmed on 14 review, interest on the judgment or on that portion of the judgment 15 16 affirmed shall date back to and shall accrue from the date the 17 verdict was rendered.

(4) Except as provided under subsection (1) of this section, judgments for unpaid private student loan debt, as defined in RCW 6.01.060, shall bear interest from the date of entry at two percentage points above the prime rate, as published by the board of governors of the federal reserve system on the first business day of the calendar month immediately preceding the date of entry.

(5) Except as provided under subsection (1) of this section,
judgments for unpaid consumer debt, as defined in RCW 6.01.060, shall
bear interest from the date of entry at a rate of nine percent.

(6) Except as provided under subsections (1) $\left(\frac{1}{1}, \frac{2}{1}, \frac{3}{1}, \frac{3}{1}\right)$ 27 (4))) through (5) of this section, judgments shall bear interest from 28 the date of entry at the maximum rate permitted under RCW 19.52.020 29 on the date of entry thereof. In any case where a court is directed 30 31 on review to enter judgment on a verdict or in any case where a 32 judgment entered on a verdict is wholly or partly affirmed on review, interest on the judgment or on that portion of the judgment affirmed 33 shall date back to and shall accrue from the date the verdict was 34 rendered. The method for determining an interest rate prescribed by 35 this subsection is also the method for determining the "rate 36 applicable to civil judgments" for purposes of RCW 10.82.090. 37

38 Sec. 2. RCW 6.01.060 and 2018 c 199 s 202 are each amended to 39 read as follows: 1 The definitions in this section apply throughout this title 2 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

3 (1) "Certified mail" includes, for mailings to a foreign country,4 any form of mail that requires or permits a return receipt.

5 (2) <u>"Consumer debt" means any obligation or alleged obligation of</u> 6 <u>a consumer to pay money arising out of a transaction in which the</u> 7 <u>money, property, insurance, or services which are the subject of the</u> 8 <u>transaction are primarily for personal, family, or household</u> 9 <u>purposes.</u>

(3) "Private student loan" means any loan not guaranteed by the 10 11 federal or state government that is used solely for personal use to 12 finance postsecondary education and costs of attendance at an educational institution. A private student loan includes a loan made 13 14 solely to refinance a private student loan. A private student loan does not include an extension of credit made under an open-end 15 16 consumer credit plan, a reverse mortgage transaction, a residential 17 mortgage transaction, or any other loan that is secured by real 18 property or a dwelling.

19 Sec. 3. RCW 6.15.010 and 2018 c 199 s 203 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in RCW 6.15.050, the following personal
 property is exempt from execution, attachment, and garnishment:

(a) All wearing apparel of every individual and family, but not
 to exceed three thousand five hundred dollars in value in furs,
 jewelry, and personal ornaments for any individual.

(b) All private libraries including electronic media, which includes audiovisual, entertainment, or reference media in digital or analogue format, of every individual, but not to exceed three thousand five hundred dollars in value, and all family pictures and keepsakes.

31

(c) A cell phone, personal computer, and printer.

32 (d) To each individual or, as to community property of spouses 33 maintaining a single household as against a creditor of the 34 community, to the community:

(i) The individual's or community's household goods, appliances, furniture, and home and yard equipment, not to exceed six thousand five hundred dollars in value for the individual or thirteen thousand dollars for the community, no single item to exceed seven hundred 1 fifty dollars, said amount to include provisions and fuel for the 2 comfortable maintenance of the individual or community;

3 (ii) Other personal property, except personal earnings as 4 provided under RCW 6.15.050(1), not to exceed three thousand dollars 5 in value, of which not more than one thousand five hundred dollars in 6 value may consist of cash, and of which not more than:

7 (A) For all debts except private student loan debt <u>and consumer</u> 8 <u>debt</u>, five hundred dollars in value may consist of bank accounts, 9 savings and loan accounts, stocks, bonds, or other securities. The 10 maximum exemption under this subsection (1)(d)(ii)(A) may not exceed 11 five hundred dollars, regardless of the number of existing separate 12 bank accounts, savings and loan accounts, stocks, bonds, or other 13 securities.

(B) For all private student loan debt, two thousand five hundred dollars in value may consist of bank accounts, savings and loan accounts, stocks, bonds, or other securities. The maximum exemption under this subsection (1)(d)(ii)(B) may not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars, regardless of the number of existing separate bank accounts, savings and loan accounts, stocks, bonds, or other securities.

(C) For all consumer debt, two thousand dollars in value may consist of bank accounts, savings and loan accounts, stocks, bonds, or other securities. The maximum exemption under this subsection (1) (d) (ii) (C) may not exceed two thousand dollars, regardless of the number of existing separate bank accounts, savings and loan accounts, stocks, bonds, or other securities;

(iii) For an individual, a motor vehicle used for personal transportation, not to exceed three thousand two hundred fifty dollars or for a community two motor vehicles used for personal transportation, not to exceed six thousand five hundred dollars in aggregate value;

32 (iv) Any past due, current, or future child support paid or owed 33 to the debtor, which can be traced;

34 (v) All professionally prescribed health aids for the debtor or a 35 dependent of the debtor; and

36 (vi) To any individual, the right to or proceeds of a payment not 37 to exceed twenty thousand dollars on account of personal bodily 38 injury, not including pain and suffering or compensation for actual 39 pecuniary loss, of the debtor or an individual of whom the debtor is 40 a dependent; or the right to or proceeds of a payment in compensation

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of loss of future earnings of the debtor or an individual of whom the debtor is or was a dependent, to the extent reasonably necessary for the support of the debtor and any dependent of the debtor. The exemption under this subsection (1)(d)(vi) does not apply to the right of the state of Washington, or any agent or assignee of the state, as a lienholder or subrogee under RCW 43.20B.060.

7 (e) To each qualified individual, one of the following 8 exemptions:

9 (i) To a farmer, farm trucks, farm stock, farm tools, farm 10 equipment, supplies and seed, not to exceed ten thousand dollars in 11 value;

12 (ii) To a physician, surgeon, attorney, member of the clergy, or 13 other professional person, the individual's library, office 14 furniture, office equipment and supplies, not to exceed ten thousand 15 dollars in value;

16 (iii) To any other individual, the tools and instruments and 17 materials used to carry on his or her trade for the support of 18 himself or herself or family, not to exceed ten thousand dollars in 19 value.

20 (f) Tuition units, under chapter 28B.95 RCW, purchased more than 21 two years prior to the date of a bankruptcy filing or court judgment, and contributions to any other qualified tuition program under 26 22 U.S.C. Sec. 529 of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, and 23 24 to a Coverdell education savings account, also known as an education 25 individual retirement account, under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 530 of the 26 internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, contributed more than two 27 years prior to the date of a bankruptcy filing or court judgment.

(2) For purposes of this section, "value" means the reasonable market value of the debtor's interest in an article or item at the time it is selected for exemption, exclusive of all liens and encumbrances thereon.

32 Sec. 4. RCW 6.27.100 and 2018 c 199 s 204 are each amended to 33 read as follows:

(1) A writ issued for a continuing lien on earnings shall be
 substantially in the form provided in RCW 6.27.105. All other writs
 of garnishment shall be substantially in the following form, but:

37 (a) If the writ is issued under an order or judgment for child38 support, the following statement shall appear conspicuously in the

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1	caption: "This garnishment is based on a judgment or order for child
2	support";
3	(b) If the writ is issued under an order or judgment for private
4	student loan debt, the following statement shall appear conspicuously
5	in the caption: "This garnishment is based on a judgment or order for
6	private student loan debt"; ((and))
7	(c) If the writ is issued under an order or judgment for consumer
8	debt, the following statement shall appear conspicuously in the
9	caption: "This garnishment is based on a judgment or order for
10	consumer debt"; and
11	(d) If the writ is issued by an attorney, the writ shall be
12	revised as indicated in subsection (2) of this section:
13	"IN THE COURT
14	OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR
15	THE COUNTY OF
16	····· ,
17	Plaintiff, No
18	VS.
19	WRIT OF
20	Defendant, GARNISHMENT
21	······
22	Garnishee
23	THE STATE OF WASHINGTON TO:
24	Garnishee
25	AND TO:
26	Defendant
27	The above-named plaintiff has applied for a writ of
28	garnishment against you, claiming that the above-named
29	defendant is indebted to plaintiff and that the amount to
30	be held to satisfy that indebtedness is \$,
31	consisting of:
32	Balance on Judgment or Amount of Claim \$
33	Interest under Judgment from to \$
34	Per Day Rate of Estimated Interest \$
35	per day
36	Taxable Costs and Attorneys' Fees \$
37	Estimated Garnishment Costs:
<u> </u>	

1	Filing and Ex Parte Fees	\$
2	Service and Affidavit Fees	\$
3	Postage and Costs of Certified Mail	\$
4	Answer Fee or Fees	\$
5	Garnishment Attorney Fee	\$
6	Other	\$

7 YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED, unless otherwise directed by the court, by the attorney of record for the plaintiff, or by this writ, not to 8 9 pay any debt, whether earnings subject to this garnishment or any other debt, owed to the defendant at the time this writ was served 10 and not to deliver, sell, or transfer, or recognize any sale or 11 12 transfer of, any personal property or effects of the defendant in your possession or control at the time when this writ was served. Any 13 such payment, delivery, sale, or transfer is void to the extent 14 15 necessary to satisfy the plaintiff's claim and costs for this writ 16 with interest.

YOU ARE FURTHER COMMANDED to answer this writ according to the instructions in this writ and in the answer forms and, within twenty days after the service of the writ upon you, to mail or deliver the original of such answer to the court, one copy to the plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney, and one copy to the defendant, at the addresses listed at the bottom of this writ.

If you owe the defendant a debt payable in money in excess of the amount set forth in the first paragraph of this writ, hold only the amount set forth in the first paragraph and any processing fee if one is charged and release all additional funds or property to defendant.

27 IF YOU FAIL TO ANSWER THIS WRIT AS COMMANDED, A JUDGMENT MAY BE ENTERED AGAINST YOU FOR THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PLAINTIFF'S CLAIM 28 29 AGAINST THE DEFENDANT WITH ACCRUING INTEREST, ATTORNEY FEES, AND 30 COSTS WHETHER OR NOT YOU OWE ANYTHING TO THE DEFENDANT. IF YOU 31 PROPERLY ANSWER THIS WRIT, ANY JUDGMENT AGAINST YOU WILL NOT EXCEED 32 THE AMOUNT OF ANY NONEXEMPT DEBT OR THE VALUE OF ANY NONEXEMPT 33 PROPERTY OR EFFECTS IN YOUR POSSESSION OR CONTROL.

34 JUDGMENT MAY ALSO BE ENTERED AGAINST THE DEFENDANT FOR COSTS AND 35 FEES INCURRED BY THE PLAINTIFF.

Witness, the Honorable Judge of the aboveor entitled Court, and the seal thereof, this day of (year)

1 [Seal]

2		
3	Attorney for	Clerk of
4	Plaintiff (or	the Court
5	Plaintiff, if no	
6	attorney)	
7		
8	Address	By
9		
10	Name of Defendant	Address"
11		
12	Address of Defendant	

13 (2) If an attorney issues the writ of garnishment, the final 14 paragraph of the writ, containing the date, and the subscripted 15 attorney and clerk provisions, shall be replaced with text in 16 substantially the following form:

17 "This writ is issued by the undersigned attorney of record for 18 plaintiff under the authority of chapter 6.27 of the Revised Code of 19 Washington, and must be complied with in the same manner as a writ 20 issued by the clerk of the court.

21	Dated this	(year)
22		
23	Attorney for Plaintiff	
24		
25	Address	Address of the Clerk of the
26		Court"
27		
28	Name of Defendant	
29		
30	Address of Defendant	

31 Sec. 5. RCW 6.27.105 and 2018 c 199 s 205 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

(1) A writ that is issued for a continuing lien on earnings shallbe substantially in the following form, but:

1 (a) If the writ is issued under an order or judgment for child 2 support, the following statement shall appear conspicuously in the caption: "This garnishment is based on a judgment or order for child 3 4 support"; (b) If the writ is issued under an order or judgment for private 5 6 student loan debt, the following statement shall appear conspicuously 7 in the caption: "This garnishment is based on a judgment or order for private student loan debt"; ((and)) 8 9 (c) If the writ is issued under an order or judgment for consumer debt, the following statement shall appear conspicuously in the 10 caption: "This garnishment is based on a judgment or order for 11 12 consumer debt"; and 13 (d) If the writ is issued by an attorney, the writ shall be 14 revised as indicated in subsection (2) of this section: "IN THE COURT 15 OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR 16 THE COUNTY OF 17 18 19 Plaintiff, No. 20 vs. 21 WRIT OF 22 Defendant GARNISHMENT FOR CONTINUING LIEN ON 23 2.4 EARNINGS 25 Garnishee 26 THE STATE OF WASHINGTON TO:.... 27 Garnishee AND TO:.... 28 Defendant 29 30 The above-named plaintiff has applied for a writ of 31 garnishment against you, claiming that the above-named defendant is indebted to plaintiff and that the amount to 32 be held to satisfy that indebtedness is \$, 33 34 consisting of: Balance on Judgment or Amount of Claim 35 \$ Interest under Judgment from to 36 \$

1	Per Day Rate of Estimated Interest	\$
2		per day
3	Taxable Costs and Attorneys' Fees	\$
4	Estimated Garnishment Costs:	
5	Filing and Ex Parte Fees	\$
6	Service and Affidavit Fees	\$
7	Postage and Costs of Certified Mail	\$
8	Answer Fee or Fees	\$
9	Garnishment Attorney Fee	\$
10	Other	\$

THIS IS A WRIT FOR A CONTINUING LIEN. THE GARNISHEE SHALL HOLD 11 12 the nonexempt portion of the defendant's earnings due at the time of 13 service of this writ and shall also hold the defendant's nonexempt 14 earnings that accrue through the last payroll period ending on or before SIXTY days after the date of service of this writ. HOWEVER, IF 15 THE GARNISHEE IS PRESENTLY HOLDING THE NONEXEMPT PORTION OF THE 16 DEFENDANT'S EARNINGS UNDER A PREVIOUSLY SERVED WRIT FOR A CONTINUING 17 18 LIEN, THE GARNISHEE SHALL HOLD UNDER THIS WRIT only the defendant's 19 nonexempt earnings that accrue from the date the previously served 20 writ or writs terminate and through the last payroll period ending on 21 or before sixty days after the date of termination of the previous writ or writs. IN EITHER CASE, THE GARNISHEE SHALL STOP WITHHOLDING 22 23 WHEN THE SUM WITHHELD EOUALS THE AMOUNT STATED IN THIS WRIT OF 24 GARNISHMENT.

25 YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED, unless otherwise directed by the court, by the attorney of record for the plaintiff, or by this writ, not to 26 27 pay any debt, whether earnings subject to this garnishment or any 28 other debt, owed to the defendant at the time this writ was served 29 and not to deliver, sell, or transfer, or recognize any sale or transfer of, any personal property or effects of the defendant in 30 31 your possession or control at the time when this writ was served. Any such payment, delivery, sale, or transfer is void to the extent 32 33 necessary to satisfy the plaintiff's claim and costs for this writ 34 with interest.

35 YOU ARE FURTHER COMMANDED to answer this writ according to the 36 instructions in this writ and in the answer forms and, within twenty 37 days after the service of the writ upon you, to mail or deliver the 38 original of such answer to the court, one copy to the plaintiff or 1 the plaintiff's attorney, and one copy to the defendant, at the 2 addresses listed at the bottom of this writ.

3 If, at the time this writ was served, you owed the defendant any earnings (that is, wages, salary, commission, bonus, tips, or other 4 compensation for personal services or any periodic payments pursuant 5 6 to a nongovernmental pension or retirement program), the defendant is 7 entitled to receive amounts that are exempt from garnishment under federal and state law. You must pay the exempt amounts to the 8 9 defendant on the day you would customarily pay the compensation or other periodic payment. As more fully explained in the answer, the 10 11 basic exempt amount is the greater of seventy-five percent of 12 disposable earnings or a minimum amount determined by reference to 13 the employee's pay period, to be calculated as provided in the 14 answer. However, if this writ carries a statement in the heading of ((either:)) "This garnishment is based on a judgment or order for 15 16 child support," the basic exempt amount is fifty percent of 17 disposable earnings; ((or)) and if this writ carries a statement in 18 the heading of "This garnishment is based on a judgment or order for private student loan debt," the basic exempt amount is the greater of 19 20 eighty-five percent of disposable earnings or fifty times the minimum 21 hourly wage of the highest minimum wage law in the state at the time 22 the earnings are payable; and if this writ carries a statement in the 23 heading of "This garnishment is based on a judgment or order for 24 consumer debt," the basic exempt amount is the greater of eighty 25 percent of disposable earnings or thirty-five times the state minimum 26 hourly wage.

27 YOU MAY DEDUCT A PROCESSING FEE FROM THE REMAINDER OF THE 28 EMPLOYEE'S EARNINGS AFTER WITHHOLDING UNDER THIS WRIT. THE PROCESSING 29 FEE MAY NOT EXCEED TWENTY DOLLARS FOR THE FIRST ANSWER AND TEN 30 DOLLARS AT THE TIME YOU SUBMIT THE SECOND ANSWER.

If you owe the defendant a debt payable in money in excess of the amount set forth in the first paragraph of this writ, hold only the amount set forth in the first paragraph and any processing fee if one is charged and release all additional funds or property to defendant.

35 IF YOU FAIL TO ANSWER THIS WRIT AS COMMANDED, A JUDGMENT MAY BE 36 ENTERED AGAINST YOU FOR THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PLAINTIFF'S CLAIM 37 AGAINST THE DEFENDANT WITH ACCRUING INTEREST, ATTORNEY FEES, AND 38 COSTS WHETHER OR NOT YOU OWE ANYTHING TO THE DEFENDANT. IF YOU 39 PROPERLY ANSWER THIS WRIT, ANY JUDGMENT AGAINST YOU WILL NOT EXCEED THE AMOUNT OF ANY NONEXEMPT DEBT OR THE VALUE OF ANY NONEXEMPT
 PROPERTY OR EFFECTS IN YOUR POSSESSION OR CONTROL.

JUDGMENT MAY ALSO BE ENTERED AGAINST THE DEFENDANT FOR COSTS AND FEES INCURRED BY THE PLAINTIFF.

5 Witness, the Honorable , Judge of the above-6 entitled Court, and the seal thereof, this . . . day 7 of , . . . (year)

8 [Seal]

9		
10	Attorney for	Clerk of
11	Plaintiff (or	the Court
12	Plaintiff, if no	
13	attorney)	
14		
15	Address	Ву
16		
17	Name of Defendant	Address"
18		
19	Address of Defendant	

20 (2) If an attorney issues the writ of garnishment, the final 21 paragraph of the writ, containing the date, and the subscripted 22 attorney and clerk provisions, shall be replaced with text in 23 substantially the following form:

"This writ is issued by the undersigned attorney of record for plaintiff under the authority of chapter 6.27 of the Revised Code of Washington, and must be complied with in the same manner as a writ issued by the clerk of the court.

28	Dated thisday of .	(year)
29		
30	Attorney for Plaintiff	
31		
32	Address	Address of the Clerk of the
33		Court"
34		

1	Name of Defendant
2	
3	Address of Defendant
4	Sec. 6. RCW 6.27.140 and 2018 c 199 s 206 are each amended to
5	read as follows:
6	(1) The notice required by RCW 6.27.130(1) to be mailed to or
7	served on an individual judgment debtor shall be in the following
8	form, printed or typed in no smaller than size twelve point font:
9	NOTICE OF GARNISHMENT
10	AND OF YOUR RIGHTS
11	A Writ of Garnishment issued in a Washington court has been
12	or will be served on the garnishee named in the attached copy
13	of the writ. After receipt of the writ, the garnishee is
14	required to withhold payment of any money that was due to you
15	and to withhold any other property of yours that the
16	garnishee held or controlled. This notice of your rights is
17	required by law.
18	YOU HAVE THE FOLLOWING EXEMPTION RIGHTS:
19	WAGES. If the garnishee is your employer who owes wages or
20	other personal earnings to you, your employer is required to
21	pay amounts to you that are exempt under state and federal
22	laws, as explained in the writ of garnishment. You should
23	receive a copy of your employer's answer, which will show how
24	the exempt amount was calculated. If the garnishment is for
25	child support, the exempt amount paid to you will be a
26	percent of your disposable earnings, which is fifty percent
27	of that part of your earnings remaining after your employer
28	deducts those amounts which are required by law to be
29	withheld. If the garnishment is for private student loan
30	debt, the exempt amount paid to you will be the greater of
31	the following: A percent of your disposable earnings, which
32	is eighty-five percent of the part of your earnings remaining
33	after your employer deducts those amounts which are required
34	by law to be withheld, or fifty times the minimum hourly wage
35	of the highest minimum wage law in the state at the time the
36	earnings are payable. <u>If the garnishment is for consumer</u>
37	debt, the exempt amount paid to you will be the greater of

1 the following: A percent of your disposable earnings, which 2 is eighty percent of the part of your earnings remaining 3 after your employer deducts those amounts which are required 4 by law to be withheld, or thirty-five times the state minimum 5 hourly wage.

6 ACCOUNTS. If the garnishee is bank BANK а or other 7 institution with which you have an account in which you have deposited benefits such as Temporary Assistance for Needy 8 9 Families, Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Social 10 Security, veterans' benefits, unemployment compensation, or any federally qualified pension, such as a state or federal 11 12 pension, individual retirement account (IRA), or 401K plan, 13 you may claim the account as fully exempt if you have 14 deposited only such benefit funds in the account. It may be partially exempt even though you have deposited money from 15 other sources in the same account. An exemption is also 16 17 available under RCW 26.16.200, providing that funds in a community bank account that can be identified as the earnings 18 19 of a stepparent are exempt from a garnishment on the child 20 support obligation of the parent.

21 OTHER EXEMPTIONS. If the garnishee holds other property of 22 yours, some or all of it may be exempt under RCW 6.15.010, a 23 Washington statute that exempts certain property of your 24 choice (including up to \$2,500.00 in a bank account if you owe on private student loan debts; up to \$2,000.00 in a bank 25 account if you owe on consumer debts; or up to \$500.00 in a 26 27 bank account for all other debts) and certain other property 28 such as household furnishings, tools of trade, and a motor vehicle (all limited by differing dollar values). 29

HOW TO CLAIM EXEMPTIONS. Fill out the enclosed claim form and 30 31 mail or deliver it as described in instructions on the claim form. If the plaintiff does not object to your claim, the 32 funds or other property that you have claimed as exempt must 33 34 be released not later than 10 days after the plaintiff 35 receives your claim form. If the plaintiff objects, the law 36 requires a hearing not later than 14 days after the plaintiff 37 receives your claim form, and notice of the objection and hearing date will be mailed to you at the address that you 38 put on the claim form. 39

THE LAW ALSO PROVIDES OTHER EXEMPTION RIGHTS. IF NECESSARY,
 AN ATTORNEY CAN ASSIST YOU TO ASSERT THESE AND OTHER RIGHTS,
 BUT YOU MUST ACT IMMEDIATELY TO AVOID LOSS OF RIGHTS BY
 DELAY.

5 (2)(a) If the writ is to garnish funds or property held by a 6 financial institution, the claim form required by RCW 6.27.130(1) to 7 be mailed to or served on an individual judgment debtor shall be in 8 the following form, printed or typed in no smaller than size twelve 9 point font:

10	[Caption to be filled in by judgment creditor	
11	or plaintiff before mailing.]	
12	Name of Court	
13	No	
14	Plaintiff,	
15	VS.	
16	EXEMPTION CLAIM	
17	Defendant,	
18	Garnishee Defendant	
19	INSTRUCTIONS:	
20	1. Read this whole form after reading the enclosed	
21	notice. Then put an X in the box or boxes that	
22	describe your exemption claim or claims and write	
23	in the necessary information on the blank lines. If	
24	additional space is needed, use the bottom of the	
25	last page or attach another sheet.	
26	2. Make two copies of the completed form. Deliver	
27	the original form by first-class mail or in person to	
28	the clerk of the court, whose address is shown at	
29	the bottom of the writ of garnishment. Deliver one	
30	of the copies by first-class mail or in person to the	
31	plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and	
32	address are shown at the bottom of the writ. Keep	
33	the other copy. YOU SHOULD DO THIS AS	
34	QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE, BUT NO LATER	
35	THAN 28 DAYS (4 WEEKS) AFTER THE DATE	
36	ON THE WRIT.	

1	I/We claim the following money or property as exempt:	
2	IF BANK ACCOUNT IS GARNISHED:	
3	[] The account contains payments from:	
4	[] Temporary assistance for needy families, SSI, or	
5	other public assistance. I receive \$	
6	monthly.	
7	[] Social Security. I receive \$ monthly.	
8	[] Veterans' Benefits. I receive \$ monthly.	
9	[] Federally qualified pension, such as a state or	
10	federal pension, individual retirement account	
11	(IRA), or 401K plan. I receive \$ monthly.	
12	[] Unemployment Compensation. I receive \$	
13	monthly.	
14	[] Child support. I receive \$ monthly.	
15	[] Other. Explain	
16	[] \$2,500 exemption for private student loan debts.	
17	[_] \$2,000 exemption for consumer debts.	
18	[] \$500 exemption for all other debts.	
19	IF EXEMPTION IN BANK ACCOUNT IS CLAIMED,	
20	ANSWER ONE OR BOTH OF THE FOLLOWING:	
21	[] No money other than from above payments are in	
22	the account.	
23	[] Moneys in addition to the above payments have	
24	been deposited in the account. Explain	
25		
26	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
27	OTHER PROPERTY:	
28	[] Describe property	
29		
30	(If you claim other personal property as exempt,	
31	you must attach a list of all other personal property	
32	that you own.)	
33		
34	Print: Your name If married or in a state	
35	registered domestic	
36	partnership,	

1		name of husband/wife/
2		state registered domestic
3		partner
4		
5	Your signature	Signature of husband,
6		wife, or state registered
7		domestic partner
8		
9		
10	Address	Address
11		(if different from yours)
12		
13	Telephone number	Telephone number
14		(if different from yours)

15 CAUTION: If the plaintiff objects to your claim, you will have to 16 go to court and give proof of your claim. For example, if you claim 17 that a bank account is exempt, you may have to show the judge your 18 bank statements and papers that show the source of the money you 19 deposited in the bank. Your claim may be granted more quickly if you 20 attach copies of such proof to your claim.

21 IF THE JUDGE DENIES YOUR EXEMPTION CLAIM, YOU WILL HAVE TO PAY THE 22 PLAINTIFF'S COSTS. IF THE JUDGE DECIDES THAT YOU DID NOT MAKE THE 23 CLAIM IN GOOD FAITH, HE OR SHE MAY DECIDE THAT YOU MUST PAY THE 24 PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY FEES.

(b) If the writ is directed to an employer to garnish earnings, the claim form required by RCW 6.27.130(1) to be mailed to or served on an individual judgment debtor shall be in the following form, subject to (c) of this subsection, printed or typed in no smaller than size twelve point font type:

30	[Caption to be filled in by judgment creditor
31	or plaintiff before mailing.]
32	
33	Name of Court
34	No
35	Plaintiff,

1	VS.
2	EXEMPTION CLAIM
3	Defendant,
4	
5	Garnishee Defendant
6	INSTRUCTIONS:
7	1. Read this whole form after reading the enclosed
8	notice. Then put an X in the box or boxes that
9	describe your exemption claim or claims and write
10	in the necessary information on the blank lines. If
11	additional space is needed, use the bottom of the
12	last page or attach another sheet.
13	2. Make two copies of the completed form. Deliver
14	the original form by first-class mail or in person to
15	the clerk of the court, whose address is shown at
16	the bottom of the writ of garnishment. Deliver one
17	of the copies by first-class mail or in person to the
18	plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and
19	address are shown at the bottom of the writ. Keep
20	the other copy. YOU SHOULD DO THIS AS
21	QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE, BUT NO LATER
22	THAN 28 DAYS (4 WEEKS) AFTER THE DATE
23	ON THE WRIT.
24	I/We claim the following money or property as exempt:
25	IF PENSION OR RETIREMENT BENEFITS ARE
26	GARNISHED:
27	[] Name and address of employer who is paying the
28	benefits:
29	
30	IF EARNINGS ARE GARNISHED FOR CHILD
31	SUPPORT:
32	
33	[] I claim maximum exemption.
34	IF EARNINGS ARE GARNISHED FOR PRIVATE
35	STUDENT LOAN DEBT:
36	[] I claim maximum exemption.

1	IF EARNINGS ARE GARNISHED FOR CONSUMER		
2	DEBT:		
3	[] <u>I claim maximum exemption.</u>		
4			
5	Print: Your name	If married or in a state	
6		registered domestic	
7		partnership,	
8		name of husband/wife/state	
9		registered domestic partner	
10			
11	Your signature	Signature of husband,	
12		wife, or state registered	
13		domestic partner	
14			
15			
16	Address	Address	
17		(if different from yours)	
18			
19	Telephone number	Telephone number	
20		(if different from yours)	

21 CAUTION: If the plaintiff objects to your claim, you will have to 22 go to court and give proof of your claim. For example, if you claim 23 that a bank account is exempt, you may have to show the judge your 24 bank statements and papers that show the source of the money you 25 deposited in the bank. Your claim may be granted more quickly if you 26 attach copies of such proof to your claim.

27 IF THE JUDGE DENIES YOUR EXEMPTION CLAIM, YOU WILL HAVE TO PAY THE 28 PLAINTIFF'S COSTS. IF THE JUDGE DECIDES THAT YOU DID NOT MAKE THE 29 CLAIM IN GOOD FAITH, HE OR SHE MAY DECIDE THAT YOU MUST PAY THE 30 PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY FEES.

31 (c) If the writ under (b) of this subsection is not a writ for 32 the collection of child support, the exemption language pertaining to 33 child support may be omitted.

(d) If the writ under (b) of this subsection is not a writ for the collection of private student loan debt, the exemption language pertaining to private student loan debt may be omitted. (e) If the writ under (b) of this subsection is not a writ for
 the collection of consumer debt, the exemption language pertaining to
 consumer debt may be omitted.

4 Sec. 7. RCW 6.27.150 and 2018 c 199 s 207 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

6 (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this 7 section, if the garnishee is an employer owing the defendant 8 earnings, then for each week of such earnings, an amount shall be 9 exempt from garnishment which is the greatest of the following:

(a) Thirty-five times the federal minimum hourly wage in effectat the time the earnings are payable; or

12 (b) Seventy-five percent of the disposable earnings of the 13 defendant.

14 (2) In the case of a garnishment based on a judgment or other 15 order for child support or court order for spousal maintenance, other 16 than a mandatory wage assignment order pursuant to chapter 26.18 RCW, 17 or a mandatory assignment of retirement benefits pursuant to chapter 18 41.50 RCW, the exemption shall be fifty percent of the disposable 19 earnings of the defendant.

(3) In the case of a garnishment based on a judgment or other order for the collection of private student loan debt, for each week of such earnings, an amount shall be exempt from garnishment which is the greater of the following:

(a) Fifty times the minimum hourly wage of the highest minimumwage law in the state at the time the earnings are payable; or

26 (b) Eighty-five percent of the disposable earnings of the 27 defendant.

(4) <u>In the case of a garnishment based on a judgment or other</u> order for the collection of consumer debt, for each week of such earnings, an amount shall be exempt from garnishment which is the <u>greater of the following:</u>

32 33 (a) Thirty-five times the state minimum hourly wage; or

(b) Eighty percent of the disposable earnings of the defendant.

34 <u>(5)</u> The exemptions stated in this section shall apply whether 35 such earnings are paid, or are to be paid, weekly, monthly, or at 36 other intervals, and whether earnings are due the defendant for one 37 week, a portion thereof, or for a longer period.

38 (((-5))) (6) Unless directed otherwise by the court, the garnishee 39 shall determine and deduct exempt amounts under this section as

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1 directed in the writ of garnishment and answer, and shall pay these 2 amounts to the defendant.

3 (((6))) <u>(7)</u> No money due or earned as earnings as defined in RCW 4 6.27.010 shall be exempt from garnishment under the provisions of RCW 5 6.15.010, as now or hereafter amended.

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