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HOUSE BILL 2063

State of Washington

68th Legislature

2024 Regular Session

By Representative Wylie Prefiled 12/29/23.

- AN ACT Relating to an exemption from the real estate excise tax for transfers of property to qualifying low-income first-time homebuyers; amending RCW 82.45.010 and 82.45.010; creating a new section; providing effective dates; and providing an expiration date.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 82.45.010 and 2022 c 199 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) As used in this chapter, the term "sale" has its ordinary meaning and includes any conveyance, grant, assignment, quitclaim, or transfer of the ownership of or title to real property, including standing timber, or any estate or interest therein for a valuable consideration, and any contract for such conveyance, grant, assignment, quitclaim, or transfer, and any lease with an option to purchase real property, including standing timber, or any estate or interest therein or other contract under which possession of the property is given to the purchaser, or any other person at the purchaser's direction, and title to the property is retained by the vendor as security for the payment of the purchase price. The term also includes the grant, assignment, quitclaim, sale, or transfer of improvements constructed upon leased land.

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(2)(a) The term "sale" also includes the transfer or acquisition within any ((thirty-six)) 36 month period of a controlling interest in any entity with an interest in real property located in this state for a valuable consideration.

- (b) For the sole purpose of determining whether, pursuant to the exercise of an option, a controlling interest was transferred or acquired within a ((thirty-six)) 36 month period, the date that the option agreement was executed is the date on which the transfer or acquisition of the controlling interest is deemed to occur. For all other purposes under this chapter, the date upon which the option is exercised is the date of the transfer or acquisition of the controlling interest.
- (c) For purposes of this subsection, all acquisitions of persons acting in concert must be aggregated for purposes of determining whether a transfer or acquisition of a controlling interest has taken place. The department must adopt standards by rule to determine when persons are acting in concert. In adopting a rule for this purpose, the department must consider the following:
- (i) Persons must be treated as acting in concert when they have a relationship with each other such that one person influences or controls the actions of another through common ownership; and
- (ii) When persons are not commonly owned or controlled, they must be treated as acting in concert only when the unity with which the purchasers have negotiated and will consummate the transfer of ownership interests supports a finding that they are acting as a single entity. If the acquisitions are completely independent, with each purchaser buying without regard to the identity of the other purchasers, then the acquisitions are considered separate acquisitions.
 - (3) The term "sale" does not include:
 - (a) A transfer by gift, devise, or inheritance.
- (b) A transfer by transfer on death deed, to the extent that it is not in satisfaction of a contractual obligation of the decedent owed to the recipient of the property.
- 35 (c) A transfer of any leasehold interest other than of the type 36 mentioned above.
 - (d) A cancellation or forfeiture of a vendee's interest in a contract for the sale of real property, whether or not such contract contains a forfeiture clause, or deed in lieu of foreclosure of a mortgage.

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1 (e) The partition of property by tenants in common by agreement 2 or as the result of a court decree.

- (f) The assignment of property or interest in property from one spouse or one domestic partner to the other spouse or other domestic partner in accordance with the terms of a decree of dissolution of marriage or state registered domestic partnership or in fulfillment of a property settlement agreement.
- (g) The assignment or other transfer of a vendor's interest in a contract for the sale of real property, even though accompanied by a conveyance of the vendor's interest in the real property involved.
- (h) Transfers by appropriation or decree in condemnation proceedings brought by the United States, the state or any political subdivision thereof, or a municipal corporation.
- (i) A mortgage or other transfer of an interest in real property merely to secure a debt, or the assignment thereof.
- (j) Any transfer or conveyance made pursuant to a deed of trust or an order of sale by the court in any mortgage, deed of trust, or lien foreclosure proceeding or upon execution of a judgment, or deed in lieu of foreclosure to satisfy a mortgage or deed of trust.
- (k) A conveyance to the federal housing administration or veterans administration by an authorized mortgagee made pursuant to a contract of insurance or guaranty with the federal housing administration or veterans administration.
- (1) A transfer in compliance with the terms of any lease or contract upon which the tax as imposed by this chapter has been paid or where the lease or contract was entered into prior to the date this tax was first imposed.
 - (m) The sale of any grave or lot in an established cemetery.
- (n) A sale by the United States, this state or any political subdivision thereof, or a municipal corporation of this state.
- 31 (o) A sale to a regional transit authority or public corporation 32 under RCW 81.112.320 under a sale/leaseback agreement under RCW 33 81.112.300.
 - (p) A transfer of real property, however effected, if it consists of a mere change in identity or form of ownership of an entity where there is no change in the beneficial ownership. These include transfers to a corporation or partnership which is wholly owned by the transferor and/or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner or children of the transferor or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner. However, if thereafter such transferee corporation or

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partnership voluntarily transfers such real property, or such 1 transferor, spouse or domestic partner, or children of the transferor 2 or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner voluntarily transfer 3 stock in the transferee corporation or interest in the transferee 4 partnership capital, as the case may be, to other than (i) the 5 6 transferor and/or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner or children of the transferor or the transferor's spouse or domestic 7 partner, (ii) a trust having the transferor and/or the transferor's 8 spouse or domestic partner or children of the transferor or the 9 transferor's spouse or domestic partner as the only beneficiaries at 10 the time of the transfer to the trust, or (iii) a corporation or 11 12 partnership wholly owned by the original transferor and/or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner or children of the transferor 13 or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner, within three years of 14 the original transfer to which this exemption applies, and the tax on 15 16 the subsequent transfer has not been paid within ((sixty)) 60 days of 17 becoming due, excise taxes become due and payable on the original 18 transfer as otherwise provided by law.

(q)(i) A transfer that for federal income tax purposes does not involve the recognition of gain or loss for entity formation, liquidation or dissolution, and reorganization, including but not limited to nonrecognition of gain or loss because of application of 26 U.S.C. Sec. 332, 337, 351, 368(a)(1), 721, or 731 of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended.

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(ii) However, the transfer described in (q)(i) of this subsection cannot be preceded or followed within a ((thirty-six)) 36 month period by another transfer or series of transfers, that, when combined with the otherwise exempt transfer or transfers described in (q)(i) of this subsection, results in the transfer of a controlling interest in the entity for valuable consideration, and in which one or more persons previously holding a controlling interest in the entity receive cash or property in exchange for any interest the person or persons acting in concert hold in the entity. This subsection (3)(q)(ii) does not apply to that part of the transfer involving property received that is the real property interest that the person or persons originally contributed to the entity or when one or more persons who did not contribute real property or belong to the entity at a time when real property was purchased receive cash or personal property in exchange for that person or persons' interest in the entity. The real estate excise tax under this subsection

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- 1 (3)(q)(ii) is imposed upon the person or persons who previously held 2 a controlling interest in the entity.
- 3 (r) A qualified sale of a manufactured/mobile home community, as defined in RCW 59.20.030.

- (s)(i) A transfer of a qualified low-income housing development or controlling interest in a qualified low-income housing development, unless, due to noncompliance with federal statutory requirements, the seller is subject to recapture, in whole or in part, of its allocated federal low-income housing tax credits within the four years prior to the date of transfer.
- (ii) For purposes of this subsection (3)(s), "qualified low-income housing development" means real property and improvements in respect to which the seller or, in the case of a transfer of a controlling interest, the owner or beneficial owner, was allocated federal low-income housing tax credits authorized under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 42 or successor statute, by the Washington state housing finance commission or successor state-authorized tax credit allocating agency.
- 19 (iii) This subsection (3)(s) does not apply to transfers of a 20 qualified low-income housing development or controlling interest in a 21 qualified low-income housing development occurring on or after July 22 1, 2035.
 - (iv) The Washington state housing finance commission, in consultation with the department, must gather data on: (A) The fiscal savings, if any, accruing to transferees as a result of the exemption provided in this subsection (3)(s); (B) the extent to which transferors of qualified low-income housing developments receive consideration, including any assumption of debt, as part of a transfer subject to the exemption provided in this subsection (3)(s); and (C) the continued use of the property for low-income housing. The Washington state housing finance commission must provide this information to the joint legislative audit and review committee. The committee must conduct a review of the tax preference created under this subsection (3)(s) in calendar year 2033, as required under chapter 43.136 RCW.
 - (t)(i) A qualified transfer of residential property by a legal representative of a person with developmental disabilities to a qualified entity subject to the following conditions:
 - (A) The adult child with developmental disabilities of the transferor of the residential property must be allowed to reside in

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- the residence or successor property so long as the placement is safe and appropriate as determined by the department of social and health services;
- (B) The title to the residential property is conveyed without the receipt of consideration by the legal representative of a person with developmental disabilities to a qualified entity;
- (C) The residential property must have no more than four living units located on it; and
- (D) The residential property transferred must remain in continued 9 use for ((fifty)) by years by the qualified entity as supported 10 living for persons with developmental disabilities by the qualified 11 12 entity or successor entity. If the qualified entity sells or otherwise conveys ownership of the residential property the proceeds 13 of the sale or conveyance must be used to acquire similar residential 14 property and such similar residential property must be considered the 15 16 successor for continued use. The property will not be considered in 17 continued use if the department of social and health services finds that the property has failed, after a reasonable time to remedy, to 18 meet any health and safety statutory or regulatory requirements. If 19 the department of social and health services determines that the 20 21 property fails to meet the requirements for continued use, the department of social and health services must notify the department 22 and the real estate excise tax based on the value of the property at 23 the time of the transfer into use as residential property for persons 24 25 with developmental disabilities becomes immediately due and payable 26 by the qualified entity. The tax due is not subject to penalties, fees, or interest under this title. 27
- 28 (ii) For the purposes of this subsection (3)(t) the definitions 29 in RCW 71A.10.020 apply.
 - (iii) A "qualified entity" is:

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- 31 (A) A nonprofit organization under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3)
 32 of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, as of June
 33 7, 2018, or a subsidiary under the same taxpayer identification
 34 number that provides residential supported living for persons with
 35 developmental disabilities; or
- 36 (B) A nonprofit adult family home, as defined in RCW 70.128.010, 37 that exclusively serves persons with developmental disabilities.
- 38 (iv) In order to receive an exemption under this subsection 39 (3)(t) an affidavit must be submitted by the transferor of the

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residential property and must include a copy of the transfer agreement and any other documentation as required by the department.

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- (u)(i) The sale by an affordable homeownership facilitator of self-help housing to a low-income household.
- (ii) The definitions in this subsection (3)(u) apply to this subsection (3)(u) unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (A) "Affordable homeownership facilitator" means a nonprofit community or neighborhood-based organization that is exempt from income tax under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c) of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, as of October 1, 2019, and that is the developer of self-help housing.
- (B) "Low-income" means household income as defined by the department, provided that the definition may not exceed ((eighty)) 80 percent of median household income, adjusted for household size, for the county in which the dwelling is located.
- (C) "Self-help housing" means dwelling residences provided for ownership by low-income individuals and families whose ownership requirement includes labor participation. "Self-help housing" does not include residential rental housing provided on a commercial basis to the general public.
- (v)(i) A sale or transfer of real property to a qualifying grantee that uses the property for housing for low-income persons and receives or otherwise qualifies the property for an exemption from real and personal property taxes under RCW 84.36.560, 84.36.049, 35.82.210, 35.21.755, or 84.36.010. For purposes of this subsection (3) (v), "qualifying grantee" means a nonprofit entity as defined in 84.36.560, a nonprofit entity or qualified cooperative association as defined in RCW 84.36.049, a housing authority created under RCW 35.82.030 or 35.82.300, a public corporation established under RCW 35.21.660 or 35.21.730, or a county or municipal corporation. A qualifying grantee that is a county or municipal corporation must record a covenant at the time of transfer that prohibits using the property for any purpose other than for lowincome housing for a period of at least 10 years. At a minimum, the covenant must address price restrictions and household income limits for the low-income housing. A qualifying grantee must comply with the requirements described in (v)(i)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection and must also certify, by affidavit at the time of sale or transfer, that it intends to comply with those requirements.

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- 1 (A) If the qualifying grantee intends to operate existing housing 2 on the property, within one year of the sale or transfer:
- 3 (I) The qualifying grantee must receive or qualify the property 4 for a tax exemption under RCW 84.36.560, 84.36.049, 5 35.82.210, 35.21.755, or 84.36.010; and

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- (II) The property must be used as housing for low-income persons.
- 7 (B) If the qualifying grantee intends to develop new housing on 8 the site, within five years of the sale or transfer:
- 9 (I) The qualifying grantee must receive or qualify the property 10 for a tax exemption under RCW 84.36.560, 84.36.049, 11 35.82.210, 35.21.755, or 84.36.010; and
- 12 (II) The property must be used as housing for low-income persons.
- 13 (C) If the qualifying grantee intends to substantially 14 rehabilitate the premises as defined in RCW 59.18.200, within three 15 years:
- 16 (I) The qualifying grantee must receive or qualify the property 17 for a tax exemption under RCW 84.36.560, 84.36.049, 18 35.82.210, 35.21.755, or 84.36.010; and
 - (II) The property must be used as housing for low-income persons.
 - (ii) If the qualifying grantee fails to satisfy the requirements described in (v) (i) (A), (B), or (C) of this subsection, within the timelines described in (v) (i) (A), (B), or (C) of this subsection, the qualifying grantee must pay the tax that would have otherwise been due at the time of initial transfer, plus interest calculated from the date of initial transfer pursuant to RCW 82.32.050.
 - (iii) If a qualifying grantee transfers the property to a different qualifying grantee within the original timelines described in (v) (i) (A), (B), or (C) of this subsection, neither the original qualifying grantee nor the new qualifying grantee is required to pay the tax, so long as the new qualifying grantee satisfies the requirements as described in (v) (i) (A), (B), or (C) of this subsection within the exemption period of the initial transfer. If the new qualifying grantee fails to satisfy the requirements described in (v) (i) (A), (B), or (C) of this subsection, only the new qualifying grantee is liable for the payment of taxes required by (v) (ii) of this subsection. There is no limit on the number of transfers between qualifying grantees within the original timelines.
 - (iv) Each affidavit must be filed with the department upon completion of the sale or transfer of property, including transfers from a qualifying grantee to a different qualifying grantee. The

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qualifying grantee must provide proof to the department as required 1 by the department once the requirements as described in (v)(i)(A), 3 (B), or (C) of this subsection have been satisfied.

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- (v) For the purposes of this subsection (3)(v), "low-income" has the same meaning as in (u) of this subsection.
- (w) A sale of a single-family unit to a person who is a firsttime homebuyer, meets the eligibility requirements for the first-time homebuyer program offered by the Washington state housing finance commission, and is receiving publicly funded down payment assistance.
- RCW 82.45.010 and 2022 c 199 s 4 are each amended to 10 Sec. 2. 11 read as follows:
 - (1) As used in this chapter, the term "sale" has its ordinary meaning and includes any conveyance, grant, assignment, quitclaim, or transfer of the ownership of or title to real property, including standing timber, or any estate or interest therein for a valuable consideration, and any contract for such conveyance, grant, assignment, quitclaim, or transfer, and any lease with an option to purchase real property, including standing timber, or any estate or interest therein or other contract under which possession of the property is given to the purchaser, or any other person at the purchaser's direction, and title to the property is retained by the vendor as security for the payment of the purchase price. The term also includes the grant, assignment, quitclaim, sale, or transfer of improvements constructed upon leased land.
 - (2) (a) The term "sale" also includes the transfer or acquisition within any $((\frac{\text{thirty-six}}{}))$ 36 month period of a controlling interest in any entity with an interest in real property located in this state for a valuable consideration.
 - (b) For the sole purpose of determining whether, pursuant to the exercise of an option, a controlling interest was transferred or acquired within a $((\frac{\text{thirty-six}}{}))$ 36 month period, the date that the option agreement was executed is the date on which the transfer or acquisition of the controlling interest is deemed to occur. For all other purposes under this chapter, the date upon which the option is exercised is the date of the transfer or acquisition of the controlling interest.
 - (c) For purposes of this subsection, all acquisitions of persons acting in concert must be aggregated for purposes of determining whether a transfer or acquisition of a controlling interest has taken

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place. The department must adopt standards by rule to determine when persons are acting in concert. In adopting a rule for this purpose, the department must consider the following:

- (i) Persons must be treated as acting in concert when they have a relationship with each other such that one person influences or controls the actions of another through common ownership; and
- (ii) When persons are not commonly owned or controlled, they must be treated as acting in concert only when the unity with which the purchasers have negotiated and will consummate the transfer of ownership interests supports a finding that they are acting as a single entity. If the acquisitions are completely independent, with each purchaser buying without regard to the identity of the other purchasers, then the acquisitions are considered separate acquisitions.
 - (3) The term "sale" does not include:

- (a) A transfer by gift, devise, or inheritance.
- (b) A transfer by transfer on death deed, to the extent that it is not in satisfaction of a contractual obligation of the decedent owed to the recipient of the property.
- (c) A transfer of any leasehold interest other than of the type mentioned above.
- (d) A cancellation or forfeiture of a vendee's interest in a contract for the sale of real property, whether or not such contract contains a forfeiture clause, or deed in lieu of foreclosure of a mortgage.
- (e) The partition of property by tenants in common by agreement or as the result of a court decree.
- (f) The assignment of property or interest in property from one spouse or one domestic partner to the other spouse or other domestic partner in accordance with the terms of a decree of dissolution of marriage or state registered domestic partnership or in fulfillment of a property settlement agreement.
- (g) The assignment or other transfer of a vendor's interest in a contract for the sale of real property, even though accompanied by a conveyance of the vendor's interest in the real property involved.
- (h) Transfers by appropriation or decree in condemnation proceedings brought by the United States, the state or any political subdivision thereof, or a municipal corporation.
- 39 (i) A mortgage or other transfer of an interest in real property 40 merely to secure a debt, or the assignment thereof.

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(j) Any transfer or conveyance made pursuant to a deed of trust or an order of sale by the court in any mortgage, deed of trust, or lien foreclosure proceeding or upon execution of a judgment, or deed in lieu of foreclosure to satisfy a mortgage or deed of trust.

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- (k) A conveyance to the federal housing administration or veterans administration by an authorized mortgagee made pursuant to a contract of insurance or guaranty with the federal housing administration or veterans administration.
- (1) A transfer in compliance with the terms of any lease or contract upon which the tax as imposed by this chapter has been paid or where the lease or contract was entered into prior to the date this tax was first imposed.
 - (m) The sale of any grave or lot in an established cemetery.
- 14 (n) A sale by the United States, this state or any political subdivision thereof, or a municipal corporation of this state.
 - (o) A sale to a regional transit authority or public corporation under RCW 81.112.320 under a sale/leaseback agreement under RCW 81.112.300.
 - (p) A transfer of real property, however effected, if it consists of a mere change in identity or form of ownership of an entity where there is no change in the beneficial ownership. These include transfers to a corporation or partnership which is wholly owned by the transferor and/or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner or children of the transferor or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner. However, if thereafter such transferee corporation or partnership voluntarily transfers such real property, transferor, spouse or domestic partner, or children of the transferor or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner voluntarily transfer stock in the transferee corporation or interest in the transferee partnership capital, as the case may be, to other than (i) the transferor and/or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner or children of the transferor or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner, (ii) a trust having the transferor and/or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner or children of the transferor or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner as the only beneficiaries at the time of the transfer to the trust, or (iii) a corporation or partnership wholly owned by the original transferor and/or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner or children of the transferor or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner, within three years of the original transfer to which this exemption applies, and the tax on

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the subsequent transfer has not been paid within ((sixty)) 60 days of becoming due, excise taxes become due and payable on the original transfer as otherwise provided by law.

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- (q) (i) A transfer that for federal income tax purposes does not involve the recognition of gain or loss for entity formation, liquidation or dissolution, and reorganization, including but not limited to nonrecognition of gain or loss because of application of 26 U.S.C. Sec. 332, 337, 351, 368(a)(1), 721, or 731 of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended.
- (ii) However, the transfer described in (q)(i) of this subsection 10 cannot be preceded or followed within a ((thirty-six)) 36 month 11 period by another transfer or series of transfers, that, when 12 combined with the otherwise exempt transfer or transfers described in 13 (q)(i) of this subsection, results in the transfer of a controlling 14 interest in the entity for valuable consideration, and in which one 15 16 or more persons previously holding a controlling interest in the entity receive cash or property in exchange for any interest the 17 18 person or persons acting in concert hold in the entity. This 19 subsection (3)(q)(ii) does not apply to that part of the transfer involving property received that is the real property interest that 20 21 the person or persons originally contributed to the entity or when one or more persons who did not contribute real property or belong to 22 23 the entity at a time when real property was purchased receive cash or personal property in exchange for that person or persons' interest in 24 25 the entity. The real estate excise tax under this subsection 26 (3) (q) (ii) is imposed upon the person or persons who previously held a controlling interest in the entity. 27
 - (r) A qualified sale of a manufactured/mobile home community, as defined in RCW 59.20.030, that takes place on or after June 12, 2008, but before December 31, 2018.
 - (s)(i) A transfer of a qualified low-income housing development or controlling interest in a qualified low-income housing development, unless, due to noncompliance with federal statutory requirements, the seller is subject to recapture, in whole or in part, of its allocated federal low-income housing tax credits within the four years prior to the date of transfer.
 - (ii) For purposes of this subsection (3)(s), "qualified low-income housing development" means real property and improvements in respect to which the seller or, in the case of a transfer of a controlling interest, the owner or beneficial owner, was allocated

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- 1 federal low-income housing tax credits authorized under 26 U.S.C. 2 Sec. 42 or successor statute, by the Washington state housing finance
- 3 commission or successor state-authorized tax credit allocating 4 agency.
- 5 (iii) This subsection (3)(s) does not apply to transfers of a 6 qualified low-income housing development or controlling interest in a 7 qualified low-income housing development occurring on or after July 8 1, 2035.
- The Washington state housing finance commission, 9 (iv) consultation with the department, must gather data on: (A) The fiscal 10 11 savings, if any, accruing to transferees as a result of the exemption 12 provided in this subsection (3)(s); (B) the extent to which transferors of qualified low-income housing developments receive 13 consideration, including any assumption of debt, as part of a 14 transfer subject to the exemption provided in this subsection (3)(s); 15 16 and (C) the continued use of the property for low-income housing. The 17 Washington state housing finance commission must provide this information to the joint legislative audit and review committee. The 18 19 committee must conduct a review of the tax preference created under this subsection (3)(s) in calendar year 2033, as required under 20 21 chapter 43.136 RCW.
 - (t)(i) A qualified transfer of residential property by a legal representative of a person with developmental disabilities to a qualified entity subject to the following conditions:

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- (A) The adult child with developmental disabilities of the transferor of the residential property must be allowed to reside in the residence or successor property so long as the placement is safe and appropriate as determined by the department of social and health services;
- (B) The title to the residential property is conveyed without the receipt of consideration by the legal representative of a person with developmental disabilities to a qualified entity;
- (C) The residential property must have no more than four living units located on it; and
- (D) The residential property transferred must remain in continued use for ((fifty)) 50 years by the qualified entity as supported living for persons with developmental disabilities by the qualified entity or successor entity. If the qualified entity sells or otherwise conveys ownership of the residential property the proceeds of the sale or conveyance must be used to acquire similar residential

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property and such similar residential property must be considered the successor for continued use. The property will not be considered in continued use if the department of social and health services finds that the property has failed, after a reasonable time to remedy, to meet any health and safety statutory or regulatory requirements. If the department of social and health services determines that the property fails to meet the requirements for continued use, the department of social and health services must notify the department and the real estate excise tax based on the value of the property at the time of the transfer into use as residential property for persons with developmental disabilities becomes immediately due and payable by the qualified entity. The tax due is not subject to penalties, fees, or interest under this title.

- 14 (ii) For the purposes of this subsection (3)(t) the definitions 15 in RCW 71A.10.020 apply.
 - (iii) A "qualified entity" is:

- (A) A nonprofit organization under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, as of June 7, 2018, or a subsidiary under the same taxpayer identification number that provides residential supported living for persons with developmental disabilities; or
- (B) A nonprofit adult family home, as defined in RCW 70.128.010, that exclusively serves persons with developmental disabilities.
 - (iv) In order to receive an exemption under this subsection (3)(t) an affidavit must be submitted by the transferor of the residential property and must include a copy of the transfer agreement and any other documentation as required by the department.
 - (u) (i) A sale or transfer of real property to a qualifying grantee that uses the property for housing for low-income persons and receives or otherwise qualifies the property for an exemption from real and personal property taxes under RCW 84.36.560, 84.36.049, 35.82.210, 35.21.755, or 84.36.010. For purposes of this subsection (3) (u), "qualifying grantee" means a nonprofit entity as defined in RCW 84.36.560, a nonprofit entity or qualified cooperative association as defined in RCW 84.36.049, a housing authority created under RCW 35.82.030 or 35.82.300, a public corporation established under RCW 35.21.660 or 35.21.730, or a county or municipal corporation. A qualifying grantee that is a county or municipal corporation must record a covenant at the time of transfer that prohibits using the property for any purpose other than for low-

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- income housing for a period of at least 10 years. At a minimum, the covenant must address price restrictions and household income limits for the low-income housing. A qualifying grantee must comply with the requirements described in (u)(i)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection and must also certify, by affidavit at the time of sale or transfer, that it intends to comply with those requirements.
- 7 (A) If the qualifying grantee intends to operate existing housing 8 on the property, within one year of the sale or transfer:
- 9 (I) The qualifying grantee must receive or qualify the property 10 for a tax exemption under RCW 84.36.560, 84.36.049, 11 35.82.210, 35.21.755, or 84.36.010; and
- 12 (II) The property must be used as housing for low-income persons.
- 13 (B) If the qualifying grantee intends to develop new housing on 14 the site, within five years of the sale or transfer:
- 15 (I) The qualifying grantee must receive or qualify the property 16 for a tax exemption under RCW 84.36.560, 84.36.049, 17 35.82.210, 35.21.755, or 84.36.010; and

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- (II) The property must be used as housing for low-income persons.
- 19 (C) If the qualifying grantee intends to substantially 20 rehabilitate the premises as defined in RCW 59.18.200, within three 21 years:
- 22 (I) The qualifying grantee must receive or qualify the property 23 for a tax exemption under RCW 84.36.560, 84.36.049, 24 35.82.210, 35.21.755, or 84.36.010; and
 - (II) The property must be used as housing for low-income persons.
 - (ii) If the qualifying grantee fails to satisfy the requirements described in (u) (i) (A), (B), or (C) of this subsection, within the timelines described in (u) (i) (A), (B), or (C) of this subsection, the qualifying grantee must pay the tax that would have otherwise been due at the time of initial transfer, plus interest calculated from the date of initial transfer pursuant to RCW 82.32.050.
 - (iii) If a qualifying grantee transfers the property to a different qualifying grantee within the original timelines described in (u)(i)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection, neither the original qualifying grantee nor the new qualifying grantee is required to pay the tax, so long as the new qualifying grantee satisfies the requirements as described in (u)(i)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection within the exemption period of the initial transfer. If the new qualifying grantee fails to satisfy the requirements described in (u)(i)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection, only the new

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- qualifying grantee is liable for the payment of taxes required by 1 (u)(ii) of this subsection. There is no limit on the number of 2 transfers between qualifying grantees within the original timelines. 3
- (iv) Each affidavit must be filed with the department upon 4 completion of the sale or transfer of property, including transfers 5 6 from a qualifying grantee to a different qualifying grantee. The 7 qualifying grantee must provide proof to the department as required by the department once the requirements as described in (u)(i)(A), 8 (B), or (C) of this subsection have been satisfied.
- (v) For the purposes of this subsection (3)(u), "low-income" 10 11 means household income as defined by the department, provided that 12 the definition may not exceed 80 percent of median household income, 13 adjusted for household size, for the county in which the dwelling is 14 located.

- (v) A sale of a single-family unit to a person who is a first-15 16 time homebuyer, meets the eligibility requirements for the first-time 17 homebuyer program offered by the Washington state housing finance commission, and is receiving publicly funded down payment assistance. 18
- 19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** RCW 82.32.805 and 82.32.808 do not apply 20 to this act.
- 21 NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Section 1 of this act takes effect July 1, 22 2024.
- 23 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Section 1 of this act expires January 1, 24 2030.
- 25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** Section 2 of this act takes effect January 26 1, 2030.

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