SENATE BILL 5248

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

By Senators Braun and Mullet

AN ACT Relating to using COVID-19 relief funding on high quality tutoring and rigorous extended learning programs; creating new sections; making an appropriation; and providing expiration dates.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. (1) The legislature acknowledges that the 6 state received billions in COVID-19 relief funding throughout the 7 COVID-19 pandemic to support the educational system. Much of this 8 funding, approximately 90 percent, was made available directly to 9 school districts and other local educational agencies and a large 10 amount was initially spent on preventing COVID-19 transmission.

11 (2) The legislature recognizes that the American rescue plan act 12 of 2021, P.L. 117-2, requires school districts to allocate at least 20 percent of elementary and secondary school emergency relief funds 13 toward learning recovery efforts. The American rescue plan act also 14 15 requires state educational agencies to use at least 5 percent of this 16 funding on learning recovery. The legislature believes that even more of this funding should be used to address learning loss due to 17 COVID-19. 18

19 (3) The legislature further recognizes that it directed the 20 office of the superintendent of public instruction to use a portion 21 of this COVID-19 relief funding to administer grants for the purposes

1 of learning recovery and acceleration in the 2021-2023 omnibus operating appropriations act. This funding can only be used in 2 certain ways including one-on-one and small group instruction and 3 other intensive learning supports. The legislature believes that 4 targeted high quality tutoring and rigorous extended learning 5 6 programs are the two most effective ways to spend this funding. The legislature intends to reappropriate the remaining funds from this 7 grant program to these two effective methods for addressing learning 8 recovery and acceleration. 9

(4) The legislature also acknowledges that the office of the 10 11 superintendent of public instruction and state legislature may not 12 limit or direct the use of the COVID-19 relief funding that went directly to school districts. However, the legislature intends to 13 incentivize school districts to use any remaining funds they have 14 available on high quality tutoring and rigorous extended learning 15 16 programs by creating a state matching grant program. The legislature 17 believes that incentivizing the use of these funds on these two 18 effective methods will best support students and address learning 19 loss experienced during the COVID-19 pandemic.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. (1) The office of the superintendent of 21 public instruction must administer grants for the purposes of 22 learning recovery and acceleration.

(2) Allowable uses of the funds are limited to targeted highquality tutoring and rigorous extended learning programs.

(3) The sum of \$46,570,000, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 2025, from the elementary and secondary school emergency relief III federal account to the office of the superintendent of public instruction for the purposes of this section.

30 (4) This section expires December 31, 2024.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. (1) Subject to the availability of amounts 32 appropriated for this specific purpose, the office of the 33 superintendent of public instruction must establish the state 34 matching grant program for learning recovery and acceleration.

35 (2) The purpose of the grant program is to provide state matching 36 funds to schools and school districts that choose to use the 37 elementary and secondary school emergency relief III federal account 38 subgrant allocations attributable to section 2001(e)(2) of the

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American rescue plan act of 2021, P.L. 117-2 on targeted high quality
 tutoring and rigorous extended learning programs.

3 (3) The amount of state matching funds shall be 50 percent of the 4 amount schools and school districts use from the elementary and 5 secondary school emergency relief III federal account on targeted 6 high quality tutoring and rigorous extended learning programs.

7 (4) (a) School districts, charter schools, and state-tribal
8 education compact schools may apply for the state matching funds.

9 (b) Applicants are eligible for these state matching funds if 10 they only use the funding they receive from the elementary and 11 secondary school emergency relief III federal account on either 12 targeted high quality tutoring or rigorous extended learning 13 programs, or both, in the 2023-24 school year.

14 (c) Funding priority shall be given to school districts, charter 15 schools, and state-tribal education compact schools that have the 16 lowest percentage of students meeting grade level standards as 17 measured by the English language arts and mathematics results of the 18 smarter balanced assessments or any other statewide student 19 assessment.

(5) The office of the superintendent of public instruction may
 adopt rules for the grant program established under this section.

22 (6) This section expires December 31, 2024.

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