# SENATE BILL 5314

State of Washington66th Legislature2019 Regular SessionBy Senator Wellman; by request of Superintendent of Public

Instruction

AN ACT Relating to assisting Washington families by improving the 1 2 fairness of the state's tax system by enacting a capital gains tax and providing property tax relief; amending RCW 84.55.010; adding a 3 new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 4 82.32 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.55 RCW; adding a new 5 Title 82 RCW; creating new 6 chapter to sections; prescribing 7 penalties; and providing an effective date.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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# Part I Capital Gains Tax

Sec. 11 <u>NEW</u>SECTION. 101. (1)The legislature finds that 12 Washington is a great place to live, work, and raise a family. The 13 legislature further finds that our tax system is the most upside down 14 and regressive in the nation, allowing those who earn the most to pay 15 the least in taxes. The legislature finds that as a percentage of 16 personal income middle-income families pay two to four times in taxes 17 as compared to top earners. Moreover, low-income Washingtonians pay seven times more in taxes than our wealthiest residents. 18

19 (2) The legislature does not believe in becoming a high tax20 state; however, it finds that building a tax system that works for

everyone is imperative. The legislature finds that a tax system that strengthens the middle-class economy, helps families and low-income residents, reduces the tax burden on small businesses, and asks the wealthiest among us and those benefiting from record Wall Street profits to contribute their fair share is essential to help all Washingtonians have the freedom to grow and thrive.

7 (3) The legislature finds that relying on higher property taxes 8 to fund education is burdensome on working families; therefore, the 9 legislature intends to ask the citizens of Washington to reduce the 10 state property tax levy and impose a commensurate new tax. The 11 legislature finds that this will mitigate some of the imbalance in 12 the state's tax structure and ensure everyone is paying their fair 13 share.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 102. The definitions in this section apply 15 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires 16 otherwise.

(1) "Accessory dwelling unit" means a separate habitable living area that is subordinate to the principal single-family dwelling unit, which is either internal to, attached to, or located on the same property tax parcel as, the principal single-family dwelling unit.

(2) "Adjusted capital gain" means federal net long-term capitalgain:

(a) Plus any loss from a sale or exchange that is exempt from the
 tax imposed in this chapter, to the extent such loss was included in
 calculating federal net long-term capital gain; and

(b) Less any gain from a sale or exchange that is exempt from the tax imposed in this chapter, to the extent such gain was included in calculating federal net long-term capital gain.

30 (3) "Capital asset" has the same meaning as provided by Title 26 31 U.S.C. Sec. 1221 of the internal revenue code and also includes any 32 other property if the sale or exchange of the property results in a 33 gain that is treated as a long-term capital gain under Title 26 34 U.S.C. Sec. 1231 or any other provision of the internal revenue code.

35 (4) "Federal net long-term capital gain" means the net long-term36 capital gain reportable for federal income tax purposes.

37 (5) "Individual" means a natural person.

(6) "Internal revenue code" means the United States internalrevenue code of 1986, as amended, as of the effective date of this

1 section, or such subsequent date as the department may provide by 2 rule consistent with the purpose of this chapter.

3 (7) "Long-term capital asset" means a capital asset that is held 4 for more than one year.

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(8) (a) "Resident" means an individual:

6 (i) Who is domiciled in this state during the taxable year, 7 unless the individual (A) maintained no permanent place of abode in 8 this state during the entire taxable year, (B) maintained a permanent 9 place of abode outside of this state during the entire taxable year, 10 and (C) spent in the aggregate not more than thirty days of the 11 taxable year in this state; or

12 (ii) Who is not domiciled in this state during the taxable year 13 but maintained a place of abode and was physically present in this 14 state for more than one hundred eighty-three days during the taxable 15 year.

(b) For purposes of this subsection, "day" includes any portion of a day, except that a continuous period of twenty-four hours or less may not constitute more than one day.

(c) An individual who is a resident under (a) of this subsection a resident for that portion of a taxable year in which the individual was domiciled in this state or maintained a place of abode in this state.

23 (9) "Taxable year" means the taxpayer's taxable year as 24 determined under the internal revenue code.

25 (10) "Taxpayer" means an individual subject to tax under this 26 chapter.

(11) "Washington capital gains" means an individual's adjusted capital gains allocated to this state as provided in section 108 of this act, less:

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(a) Twenty-five thousand dollars; or

31 (b) Fifty thousand dollars for individuals filing joint returns 32 under this chapter.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 103. (1) Beginning January 1, 2020, a tax is 34 imposed on all individuals for the privilege of selling or exchanging 35 long-term capital assets, or receiving Washington capital gains. The 36 tax equals eight percent multiplied by the individual's Washington 37 capital gains.

38 (2) If an individual's Washington capital gains are less than39 zero for a taxable year, no tax is due under this section. No such

1 losses may be carried back or carried forward to another taxable 2 year.

3 (3)(a) The tax imposed in this section applies to (i) the sale or 4 exchange of long-term capital assets owned by the taxpayer, whether 5 the taxpayer was the legal or a beneficial owner of such assets at 6 the time of the sale or exchange, or (ii) Washington capital gains 7 otherwise realized by the taxpayer.

8 (b) For purposes of this chapter, an individual is a beneficial 9 owner of long-term capital assets held by an entity that is a pass-10 through or disregarded entity for federal tax purposes, such as a 11 partnership, limited liability company, S corporation, or trust, to 12 the extent of the individual's ownership interest in the entity as 13 reported for federal income tax purposes.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 104. This chapter does not apply to the sale 15 or exchange of:

16 (1) Any residential dwelling along with the land upon which the dwelling is located. For the purposes of this subsection (1), 17 "residential dwelling" means property consisting solely of (a) a 18 single-family residence, a residential condominium unit, or a 19 residential cooperative unit, including any accessory dwelling unit 20 associated with such residence or residential unit, (b) a multifamily 21 22 residential building consisting of one or more common walls and fewer than four units, or (c) a floating home as defined in RCW 82.45.032; 23

24 (2) Assets held under a retirement savings account under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 401(k) of the internal revenue code, a tax-sheltered 25 annuity or custodial account described in Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 403(b) 26 of the internal revenue code, a deferred compensation plan under 27 Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 457(b) of the internal revenue code, an 28 individual retirement account or individual retirement annuity 29 described in Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 408 of the internal revenue code, a 30 31 Roth individual retirement account described in Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 408A of the internal revenue code, an employee defined contribution 32 program, an employee defined benefit plan, or a similar retirement 33 savings vehicle; 34

35 (3) Assets pursuant to or under imminent threat of condemnation 36 proceedings by the United States, the state or any of its political 37 subdivisions, or a municipal corporation;

38 (4) Cattle, horses, or breeding livestock held for more than 39 twelve months if for the taxable year of the sale or exchange, more

1 than fifty percent of the taxpayer's gross income for the taxable 2 year, including from the sale or exchange of capital assets, is from 3 farming or ranching;

4 (5) Agricultural land by an individual who has regular, 5 continuous, and substantial involvement in the operation of the 6 agriculture that meets the criteria for material participation in an 7 activity under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 469(h) of the internal revenue 8 code for the ten years prior to the date of the sale or exchange of 9 the agricultural land;

10 (6) Property used in a trade or business if the property 11 qualifies for an income tax deduction under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 167 12 or 179 of the internal revenue code; and

(7) Timber, timberland, or the receipt of Washington capital 13 gains as dividends and distributions from real estate investment 14 trusts derived from gains from the sale or exchange of timber. 15 16 "Timber" means forest trees, standing or down, on privately or 17 publicly owned land, and includes Christmas trees and short-rotation hardwoods. The sale or exchange of timber includes the cutting or 18 disposal of timber qualifying for capital gains treatment under Title 19 20 26 U.S.C. Sec. 631(a) or (b) of the internal revenue code.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. The tax imposed under this chapter is in addition to any other taxes imposed by the state or any of its political subdivisions, or a municipal corporation, with respect to the same sale or exchange, including the taxes imposed in or under the authority of chapter 82.04, 82.08, 82.12, 82.14, 82.45, or 82.46 RCW.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 106. In computing tax, there may be deducted 28 from the measure of tax amounts that the state is prohibited from 29 taxing under the Constitution of this state or the Constitution or 30 laws of the United States.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. (1) In computing tax under this chapter for a taxable year, a taxpayer may deduct from the measure of tax the amount of adjusted capital gain derived in the taxable year from the sale of substantially all of the fair market value of the assets of, or the transfer of substantially all of the taxpayer's interest in, a qualified family-owned small business.

1 (2) For purposes of this section, the following definitions 2 apply:

3 (a) "Assets" means real property and personal property, including4 tangible personal property and intangible property.

5 (b) "Family" means the same as "member of the family" in RCW 6 83.100.046.

7 (c)(i) "Materially participated" means an individual was involved 8 in the operation of a business on a basis that is regular, 9 continuous, and substantial.

10 (ii) The term "materially participated" must be interpreted 11 consistently with the applicable treasury regulations for section 469 12 of the internal revenue code, to the extent that such interpretation 13 does not conflict with any provision of this section.

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(d) "Qualified family-owned small business" means a business:

(i) In which the taxpayer held a qualifying interest for at least eight years immediately preceding the sale or transfer described in subsection (1) of this section;

(ii) In which the taxpayer or his or her family member materially participated in operating the business for at least five of the eight years immediately preceding the sale or transfer described in subsection (1) of this section, unless such sale or transfer was to a qualified heir;

(iii) (A) That had no more than fifty full-time employees at any time during the twelve-month period immediately preceding the sale or transfer described in subsection (1) of this section.

(B) For purposes of this subsection (2)(d)(iii), "full-time employee" means an employee who is, or any combination of employees who are, paid by the business for at least one thousand eight hundred twenty hours of employment, including paid leave, for the twelvemonth period described in (d)(iii)(A) of this subsection (2); and

31 (iv) That had worldwide gross revenue of seven million dollars or 32 less in the twelve-month period immediately preceding the sale or 33 transfer described in subsection (1) of this section.

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(e) "Qualified heir" means a member of the taxpayer's family.

35 (f) "Qualifying interest" means:

36 (i) An interest as a proprietor in a business carried on as a 37 sole proprietorship; or

38 (ii) An interest in a business if at least:

39 (A) Fifty percent of the business is owned, directly or40 indirectly, by the taxpayer and members of the taxpayer's family;

1 (B) Thirty percent of the business is owned, directly or 2 indirectly, by the taxpayer and members of the taxpayer's family, and 3 at least:

4 (I) Seventy percent of the business is owned, directly or 5 indirectly, by members of two families; or

6 (II) Ninety percent of the business is owned, directly or 7 indirectly, by members of three families.

(g) "Substantially all" means at least ninety percent.

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9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 108. (1) For purposes of the tax imposed 10 under this chapter, adjusted capital gains are allocated as follows:

(a) Adjusted capital gains from the sale or exchange of real property are allocated to this state if the real property is located in this state or a majority of the fair market value of the real property is located in this state.

(b) Adjusted capital gains from the sale or exchange of tangible personal property are allocated to this state if the property was located in this state at the time of the sale or exchange. Adjusted capital gains from the sale or exchange of tangible personal property are also allocated to this state even though the property was not located in this state at the time of the sale or exchange if:

(i) The property was located in the state at any time during the taxable year in which the sale or exchange occurred or the immediately preceding taxable year;

24 (ii) The taxpayer was a resident at the time the sale or exchange 25 occurred; and

(iii) The taxpayer is not subject to the payment of an income or excise tax legally imposed on the adjusted capital gain by another taxing jurisdiction.

(c) Adjusted capital gains derived from intangible personal property are allocated to this state if the taxpayer was domiciled in this state at the time the sale or exchange occurred.

32 (2)(a) A credit is allowed against the tax imposed in section 103 33 of this act equal to the amount of any legally imposed income or 34 excise tax paid by the taxpayer to another taxing jurisdiction on 35 capital gains derived from capital assets within the other taxing 36 jurisdiction to the extent such capital gains are included in the 37 taxpayer's Washington capital gains. The amount of credit under this 38 subsection may not exceed the total amount of tax due under this

chapter, and there is no carryback or carryforward of any unused
 credits.

3 (b) As used in this section, "taxing jurisdiction" means a state 4 of the United States other than the state of Washington, the District 5 of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or 6 possession of the United States, or any foreign country or political 7 subdivision of a foreign country.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 109. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this 9 section or RCW 82.32.080, taxpayers owing tax under this chapter must 10 file, on forms prescribed by the department, a return with the 11 department on or before the date the taxpayer's federal income tax 12 return for the taxable year is required to be filed.

13 (2) In addition to the Washington return required to be filed 14 under subsection (1) of this section, taxpayers owing tax under this 15 chapter must file with the department on or before the date the 16 federal return is required to be filed a copy of the federal income 17 tax return along with all schedules and supporting documentation.

(3) Each taxpayer required to file a return under this section must, without assessment, notice, or demand, pay any tax due thereon to the department on or before the date fixed for the filing of the return, regardless of any filing extension. If any tax due under this chapter is not paid by the due date, interest and penalties as provided in chapter 82.32 RCW apply to the deficiency.

(4) The department may by rule require that certain individuals
 and other persons file, at times and on forms prescribed by the
 department, informational returns for any period.

27 (5) If a taxpayer has obtained an extension of time for filing the federal income tax return for the taxable year, the taxpayer is 28 entitled to the same extension of time for filing the return required 29 30 under this section if the taxpayer provides the department, before 31 the due date provided in subsection (1) of this section, the extension confirmation number or other evidence satisfactory to the 32 department confirming the federal extension. An extension under this 33 subsection for the filing of a return under this chapter is not an 34 extension of time to pay the tax due under this chapter. 35

36 (6) (a) If any return due under subsection (1) of this section, 37 along with a copy of the federal income tax return, is not filed with 38 the department by the due date or any extension granted by the 39 department, the department must assess a penalty in the amount of

1 five percent of the tax due for the taxable year covered by the 2 return for each month or portion of a month that the return remains 3 unfiled. The total penalty assessed under this subsection may not 4 exceed twenty-five percent of the tax due for the taxable year 5 covered by the delinquent return. The penalty under this subsection 6 is in addition to any penalties assessed for the late payment of any 7 tax due on the return.

8 (b) The department must waive or cancel the penalty imposed under 9 this subsection if:

10 (i) The department is persuaded that the taxpayer's failure to 11 file the return by the due date was due to circumstances beyond the 12 taxpayer's control; or

13 (ii) The taxpayer has not been delinquent in filing any return 14 due under this section during the preceding five calendar years.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 110. (1) If the federal income tax 16 liabilities of both spouses are determined on a joint federal return 17 for the taxable year, they must file a joint return under this 18 chapter.

19 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if the 20 federal income tax liability of either spouse is determined on a 21 separate federal return for the taxable year, they must file separate 22 returns under this chapter. State registered domestic partners may 23 file a joint return under this chapter even if they filed separate 24 federal returns for the taxable year.

(3) In any case in which a joint return is filed under this section, the liability of each spouse or state registered domestic partner is joint and several, unless:

(a) The spouse is relieved of liability for federal tax purposes
 as provided under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 6015 of the internal revenue
 code; or

31 (b) The department determines that the domestic partner qualifies 32 for relief as provided by rule of the department. Such rule, to the 33 extent possible without being inconsistent with this chapter, must 34 follow Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 6015.

35 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 111. To the extent not inconsistent with the 36 provisions of this chapter, the following statutes apply to the 37 administration of taxes imposed under this chapter: RCW 82.32.050, 38 82.32.055, 82.32.060, 82.32.070, 82.32.080, 82.32.085, 82.32.090,

1	82.32.100,	82.32.105,	82.32.110,	82.32.117,	82.32.120,	82.32.130,
2	82.32.135,	82.32.150,	82.32.160,	82.32.170,	82.32.180,	82.32.190,
3	82.32.200,	82.32.210,	82.32.212,	82.32.220,	82.32.230,	82.32.235,
4	82.32.237,	82.32.240,	82.32.245,	82.32.265,	82.32.300,	82.32.310,
5	82.32.320,	82.32.330,	82.32.340,	82.32.350,	82.32.360,	82.32.410,
6	82.32.805, 82.32.808, and section 114 of this act.					

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 112. (1) Any taxpayer who knowingly attempts 8 to evade payment of the tax imposed under this chapter is guilty of a 9 class C felony as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(2) Any taxpayer who knowingly fails to pay tax, make returns,
 keep records, or supply information, as required under this title, is
 guilty of a gross misdemeanor as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 113. Notwithstanding any common law rule of 14 strict construction of statutes imposing taxes, this chapter, being 15 necessary for the welfare of the state and its inhabitants, must be 16 liberally construed in support of application of the tax.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 114. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 18 RCW to read as follows:

A deduction is allowed against a person's gross income of the business to the extent necessary to avoid taxing the same amounts under this chapter and section 103 of this act.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 115. A new section is added to chapter 82.32 23 RCW to read as follows:

24 (1) The department may enter into reciprocal tax collection agreements with the taxing officials of any other state imposing a 25 specified tax. Agreements authorized under this section must require 26 27 each state to offset delinquent specified taxes owed by a taxpayer to 28 one party to the agreement, including any associated penalties, 29 interest, or other additions, against refunds of overpaid specified taxes owed to the taxpayer by the other party to the agreement. Such 30 agreements may also include provisions governing the sharing of 31 32 information relevant to the administration of specified taxes. 33 However, the department may not share return or tax information with 34 other states except as allowed under RCW 82.32.330. Likewise, the 35 department may not share federal tax information with other states without the express written consent of the internal revenue service. 36

1 (2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 2 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(a) "Specified taxes" means generally applicable state and local 3 sales taxes and use taxes, broad-based state gross receipts taxes, 4 state income taxes, and stand-alone state taxes on capital gains or 5 6 interest and dividends. "Specified taxes" include, but are not 7 limited to, the taxes imposed in or under the authority of chapters 82.04, 82.08, 82.12, 82.14, 82.16, and 82.--- RCW (the new chapter 8 created in section 303 of this act), and similar taxes imposed by 9 another state. For purposes of this subsection (2)(a), "gross 10 receipts tax," "income tax," "sales tax," and "use tax" have the same 11 12 meanings as provided in RCW 82.56.010.

13 (b) "State" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 82.56.010.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 116. All revenue from taxes collected under 15 this chapter, including penalties and interest on such taxes, must be 16 deposited into the general fund of the state.

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#### Part II

### Calculation of Overall Property Tax Relief

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 201. A new section is added to chapter 84.55
20 RCW to read as follows:

(1) By December 10th of each year, the department must calculate the revenue collected during the previous twelve months through November 30th of the current year from the tax imposed by section 103 of this act.

(2) By December 31st of each year, the department must reduce in the property tax rate imposed by RCW 84.52.065(2)(a) to the extent necessary to reduce state property tax collections for the next succeeding calendar year by fifty percent of the amount calculated in subsection (1) of this section.

30 Sec. 202. RCW 84.55.010 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 13 s 302 are each 31 amended to read as follows:

32 (1) Except as provided in this chapter, the levy for a taxing 33 district in any year must be set so that the regular property taxes 34 payable in the following year do not exceed the limit factor 35 multiplied by the amount of regular property taxes lawfully levied 36 for such district in the highest of the three most recent years in which such taxes were levied for such district plus an additional dollar amount calculated by multiplying the regular property tax levy rate of that district for the preceding year by the increase in assessed value in that district resulting from:

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(a) New construction;

6 (b) Increases in assessed value due to construction of wind 7 turbine, solar, biomass, and geothermal facilities, if such 8 facilities generate electricity and the property is not included 9 elsewhere under this section for purposes of providing an additional 10 dollar amount. The property may be classified as real or personal 11 property;

12 (c) Improvements to property; and

13 (d) Any increase in the assessed value of state-assessed 14 property.

15 (2) The requirements of this section do not apply to:

(a) State property taxes levied under RCW 84.52.065(1) forcollection in calendar years 2019 through 2021; and

(b) State property taxes levied under RCW 84.52.065(2) forcollection in calendar years 2018 through 2021.

20 <u>(3) For the purposes of determining the levy limit under this</u> 21 <u>section for a state property tax levy, the highest amount of regular</u> 22 <u>property taxes levied in the three most recent years must be</u> 23 <u>determined as if no reduction is made pursuant to section 201 of this</u> 24 <u>act.</u>

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# Part III

# Miscellaneous Provisions

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 301. The provisions of RCW 82.32.805 and 28 82.32.808 do not apply to this act.

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 302. Part II of this act applies for taxes 30 levied for collection in 2022 and thereafter.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 303. Sections 101 through 113 and 116 of this 32 act constitute a new chapter in Title 82 RCW.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 304. If any provision of this act or its 34 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the

1 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 2 persons or circumstances is not affected.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 305. This act takes effect January 1, 2020.

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