SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6228

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2020 Regular Session

By Senate State Government, Tribal Relations & Elections (originally sponsored by Senators Kuderer, Darneille, Saldaña, Pedersen, Nguyen, Hasegawa, Carlyle, Lovelett, Cleveland, Billig, Keiser, McCoy, Liias, Hunt, Wilson, C., Randall, Mullet, Takko, Das, Dhingra, and Stanford)

AN ACT Relating to restoring voter eligibility for all persons convicted of a felony offense who are not in total confinement under the jurisdiction of the department of corrections; amending RCW 29A.08.520, 29A.08.230, 29A.40.091, 10.64.140, 2.36.010, and 72.09.275; adding a new section to chapter 29A.04 RCW; and providing an effective date.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

8 Sec. 1. RCW 29A.08.520 and 2013 c 11 s 19 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

10 (1) For a felony conviction in a Washington state court, the 11 right to vote is ((provisionally)) <u>automatically</u> restored as long as the person is not ((under the authority)) serving a sentence of total 12 confinement under the jurisdiction of the department of corrections. 13 14 For a felony conviction in a federal court or any state court other 15 than a Washington state court, the right to vote is automatically restored as long as the person is no longer incarcerated. A person 16 who has had their voting rights restored must reregister to vote 17 18 before voting.

19 (2) (((a) Once the right to vote has been provisionally restored, 20 the sentencing court may revoke the provisional restoration of voting 21 rights if the sentencing court determines that a person has willfully 1 failed to comply with the terms of his or her order to pay legal

2 financial obligations.

3 (b) If the person has failed to make three payments in a twelve-4 month period and the county clerk or restitution recipient requests, 5 the prosecutor shall seek revocation of the provisional restoration 6 of voting rights from the court.

7 (c) To the extent practicable, the prosecutor and county clerk 8 shall inform a restitution recipient of the recipient's right to ask 9 for the revocation of the provisional restoration of voting rights.

10 (3) If the court revokes the provisional restoration of voting 11 rights, the revocation shall remain in effect until, upon motion by 12 the person whose provisional voting rights have been revoked, the 13 person shows that he or she has made a good faith effort to pay as 14 defined in RCW 10.82.090.

15 (4) The county clerk shall enter into a database maintained by 16 the administrator for the courts the names of all persons whose 17 provisional voting rights have been revoked, and update the database 18 for any person whose voting rights have subsequently been restored 19 pursuant to subsection (6) of this section.

(5))) At least ((twice a year)) once a month, the secretary of 20 state shall compare the list of registered voters to a list of 21 22 ((felons)) persons who are not eligible to vote as provided in 23 subsection((s)) (1) ((and (3))) of this section. If a registered voter is not eligible to vote as provided in this section, the 24 25 secretary of state or county auditor shall confirm the match through 26 a ((date of birth)) comparison of at least one of the following: Date of birth, last known address and county of residence, driver's 27 28 license number, or the last four digits of the social security number, and suspend the voter registration from the official state 29 voter registration list. The secretary of state or county auditor 30 31 shall send to the person at his or her last known voter registration 32 address and at the department of corrections, if the person is ((under the authority)) serving a sentence of total confinement under 33 the jurisdiction of the department, a notice of the proposed 34 an explanation of the requirements for 35 cancellation and 36 ((provisionally and permanently)) restoring the right to vote and reregistering. To the extent possible, the secretary of state shall 37 time the comparison required by this subsection to allow notice and 38 39 cancellation of voting rights for ineligible voters prior to a 40 primary or general election.

1 (((6) The right to vote may be permanently restored by one of the 2 following for each felony conviction:

3 (a) A certificate of discharge issued by the sentencing court, as
4 provided in RCW 9.94A.637;

5 (b) A court order restoring the right, as provided in RCW 6 9.92.066;

7 (c) A final order of discharge issued by the indeterminate 8 sentence review board, as provided in RCW 9.96.050; or

9 (d) A certificate of restoration issued by the governor, as 10 provided in RCW 9.96.020.

11 (7)) (3) For the purposes of this section, ((a person is under 12 the authority of the department of corrections if the person is:

13 (a) Serving)) a sentence of <u>total</u> confinement ((in the custody of 14 the department of corrections; or

15 (b) Subject to community custody as defined in RCW 9.94A.030)) 16 does not include confinement imposed as a sanction for a community 17 custody violation under RCW 9.94A.633(1).

18 Sec. 2. RCW 29A.08.230 and 2013 c 11 s 14 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

For all voter registrations, the registrant shall sign the following oath:

"I declare that the facts on this voter registration form are 22 23 true. I am a citizen of the United States, I will have lived at this address in Washington for at least thirty days immediately before the 24 25 next election at which I vote, and I will be at least eighteen years old when I vote((τ)). I ((am not disqualified from voting due to a 26 27 court order, and)) have not been judicially declared mentally 28 <u>incompetent</u>, I am not ((under)) <u>currently serving a sentence of total</u> 29 confinement under the jurisdiction of the department of corrections ((supervision)) for a Washington felony conviction, and I am not 30 31 currently incarcerated for a federal or out-of-state felony 32 conviction."

33 Sec. 3. RCW 29A.40.091 and 2019 c 161 s 3 are each amended to 34 read as follows:

(1) The county auditor shall send each voter a ballot, a security envelope in which to conceal the ballot after voting, a larger envelope in which to return the security envelope, a declaration that 1 the voter must sign, and instructions on how to obtain information 2 about the election, how to mark the ballot, and how to return the 3 ballot to the county auditor.

(2) The voter must swear under penalty of perjury that he or she 4 meets the qualifications to vote, and has not voted in any other 5 6 jurisdiction at this election. The declaration must clearly inform the voter that it is illegal to vote if he or she is not a United 7 States citizen; it is illegal to vote if he or she ((has been 8 convicted of a felony and has not had his or her voting rights 9 restored)) is serving a sentence of total confinement under the 10 jurisdiction of the department of corrections for a felony conviction 11 or is currently incarcerated for a federal or out-of-state felony 12 conviction; and it is illegal to cast a ballot or sign a ballot 13 declaration on behalf of another voter. The ballot materials must 14 provide space for the voter to sign the declaration, indicate the 15 16 date on which the ballot was voted, and include a telephone number.

17 (3) For overseas and service voters, the signed declaration 18 constitutes the equivalent of a voter registration. Return envelopes 19 for overseas and service voters must enable the ballot to be returned 20 postage free if mailed through the United States postal service, 21 United States armed forces postal service, or the postal service of a 22 United States foreign embassy under 39 U.S.C. 3406.

(4) The voter must be instructed to either return the ballot to 23 the county auditor no later than 8:00 p.m. the day of the election or 24 25 primary, or mail the ballot to the county auditor with a postmark no 26 later than the day of the election or primary. Return envelopes for all election ballots must include prepaid postage. Service and 27 overseas voters must be provided with instructions and a privacy 28 sheet for returning the ballot and signed declaration by fax or 29 email. A voted ballot and signed declaration returned by fax or email 30 31 must be received by 8:00 p.m. on the day of the election or primary.

32 (5) The county auditor's name may not appear on the security 33 envelope, the return envelope, or on any voting instructions or 34 materials included with the ballot if he or she is a candidate for 35 office during the same year.

36 (6) For purposes of this section, "prepaid postage" means any 37 method of return postage paid by the county or state.

38 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 29A.04
39 RCW to read as follows:

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"Total confinement" has the same meaning as in RCW 9.94A.030.

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Sec. 5. RCW 10.64.140 and 2009 c 325 s 5 are each amended to 2 3 read as follows: (1) When a person is convicted of a felony and sentenced to a 4 5 term of total confinement under the jurisdiction of the department of corrections, the court shall require the defendant to sign a 6 7 statement acknowledging that: (a) The defendant's right to vote has been lost due to the felony 8 9 conviction and sentence to a term of total confinement; 10 (b) If the defendant is registered to vote, the voter 11 registration will be canceled; (c) The right to vote is ((provisionally)) <u>automatically</u> restored 12 as long as the defendant is not ((under the authority)) serving a 13 sentence of total confinement under the jurisdiction of the 14 15 department of corrections; 16 (d) The defendant must reregister before voting; and 17 (e) ((The provisional right to vote may be revoked if the defendant fails to comply with all the terms of his or her legal 18 financial obligations or an agreement for the payment of legal 19 20 financial obligations; (f) The right to vote may be permanently restored by one of the 21 22 following for each felony conviction: 23 (i) A certificate of discharge issued by the sentencing court, as 24 provided in RCW 9.94A.637; 25 (ii) A court order issued by the sentencing court restoring the right, as provided in RCW 9.92.066; 26 27 (iii) A final order of discharge issued by the indeterminate sentence review board, as provided in RCW 9.96.050; or 28 29 (iv) A certificate of restoration issued by the governor, as 30 provided in RCW 9.96.020; and 31 (g)) Voting before the right is restored is a class C felony under RCW 29A.84.660. 32 33 (2) For the purposes of this section($(\frac{1}{r} - a - person - is - under - the)$ authority of the department of corrections if the person is: 34 35 (a) Serving a)): (a) A sentence of total confinement ((in the custody of the 36

37 department of corrections; or

- 1 (b) Subject to community custody as defined in RCW 9.94A.030))
 2 does not include confinement imposed as a sanction for a community
 3 custody violation under RCW 9.94A.633(1).
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(b) "Total confinement" has the same meaning as in RCW 9.94A.030.

5 Sec. 6. RCW 2.36.010 and 2019 c 41 s 1 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 8 this section apply throughout this chapter.

9 (1) A jury is a body of persons temporarily selected from the 10 qualified inhabitants of a particular district, and invested with 11 power—

12 (a) To present or indict a person for a public offense.

13 (b) To try a question of fact.

14 (2) "Court" when used without further qualification means any 15 superior court or court of limited jurisdiction in the state of 16 Washington.

(3) "Judge" means every judicial officer authorized to hold or preside over a court. For purposes of this chapter "judge" does not include court commissioners or referees.

(4) "Juror" means any person summoned for service on a petitjury, grand jury, or jury of inquest as defined in this chapter.

(5) "Grand jury" means those twelve persons impaneled by a superior court to hear, examine, and investigate evidence concerning criminal activity and corruption.

(6) "Petit jury" means a body of persons twelve or less in number in the superior court and six in number in courts of limited jurisdiction, drawn by lot from the jurors in attendance upon the court at a particular session, and sworn to try and determine a question of fact.

30 (7) "Jury of inquest" means a body of persons six or fewer in 31 number, but not fewer than four persons, summoned before the coroner 32 or other ministerial officer, to inquire of particular facts.

(8) "Jury source list" means the list of all registered voters for any county, merged with a list of licensed drivers and identicard holders who reside in the county. The list shall specify each person's name and residence address and conform to the methodology and standards set pursuant to the provisions of RCW 2.36.054 or by supreme court rule. The list shall be filed with the superior court by the county auditor. 1 (9) "Master jury list" means the list of prospective jurors from 2 which jurors summoned to serve will be randomly selected. The master 3 jury list shall be either randomly selected from the jury source list 4 or may be an exact duplicate of the jury source list.

5 (10) "Jury term" means a period of time of one or more days, not 6 exceeding two weeks for counties with a jury source list that has at 7 least seventy thousand names and one month for counties with a jury 8 source list of less than seventy thousand names, during which 9 summoned jurors must be available to report for juror service.

10 (11) "Juror service" means the period of time a juror is required 11 to be present at the court facility. This period of time may not 12 extend beyond the end of the jury term, and may not exceed one week 13 for counties with a jury source list that has at least seventy 14 thousand names, and two weeks for counties with a jury source list of 15 less than seventy thousand names, except to complete a trial to which 16 the juror was assigned during the service period.

(12) "Jury panel" means those persons randomly selected for juryservice for a particular jury term.

(13) "Civil rights restored" means a person's right to vote has been ((provisionally or permanently)) <u>automatically</u> restored prior to reporting for jury service.

22 Sec. 7. RCW 72.09.275 and 2019 c 43 s 1 are each amended to read 23 as follows:

24 (1) The department shall notify an inmate, in writing, of the 25 process for ((provisional and permanent)) restoration of voting 26 rights, as described in RCW 29A.08.520, prior to the termination of 27 ((authority of the department over the inmate)) the inmate's sentence 28 of total confinement under the jurisdiction of the department of 29 corrections. The department shall also provide the inmate with:

30 (((1))) <u>(a)</u> A voter registration form and written instructions 31 for returning the form by mail; and

32 (((+2))) (b) Written information regarding registering to vote in 33 person and electronically.

34 <u>(2) For purposes of this section:</u>

35 <u>(a) A sentence of total confinement does not include confinement</u> 36 <u>imposed as a sanction for a community custody violation under RCW</u> 37 <u>9.94A.633(1).</u>

38 (b) "Total confinement" has the same meaning as in RCW 9.94A.030.

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