

State of Misconsin 2019 - 2020 LEGISLATURE

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2019 ASSEMBLY BILL 849

February 3, 2020 – Introduced by Representatives THIESFELDT, KULP, FIELDS, BALLWEG, DITTRICH, FELZKOWSKI, JAGLER, KNODL, SANFELIPPO, SKOWRONSKI, SPIROS, STEINEKE, TUSLER, HUTTON and WICHGERS, cosponsored by Senators DARLING, KOOYENGA and CRAIG. Referred to Committee on Education.

AN ACT to repeal 118.52 (3) (d); to renumber and amend 118.52 (4); to amend
115.28 (54m), 115.38 (1) (d), 115.385 (4), 118.52 (1) (e), 118.52 (2), 118.52 (3) (a),
118.52 (3) (b), 118.52 (3) (c), 118.52 (3) (e), 118.52 (5), 118.52 (6), 118.52 (8),
118.52 (9), 118.52 (10), 118.52 (11), 118.52 (12) and 118.57 (1); to repeal and
recreate 118.52 (title); and to create 118.52 (1) (ad), 118.52 (1) (af), 118.52 (1)
(ah), 118.52 (2m) and 118.52 (13) of the statutes; relating to: expanding the
part-time open enrollment program.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill expands the part-time open enrollment program and renames it the course choice program.

Under the current part-time open enrollment program, a pupil enrolled in a public school in the high school grades may attend a course at a public school in a nonresident school district. Under the bill, a pupil enrolled in an educational institution, as defined in the bill, in grades one to twelve may attend a course at another educational institution. A pupil may attend no more than a total of two courses at any one time under the current part-time open enrollment program or under the bill's course choice program.

The bill defines an educational institution as any of the following:

1. A public school under the control of a pupil's resident school board, including a charter school authorized by the resident school board.

2. A public school under the control of a pupil's nonresident school board, including a charter school authorized by the nonresident school board.

- 3. An independent charter school.
- 4. A private school.
- 5. A nonprofit organization approved by the Department of Public Instruction.

Under the bill, participation in the course choice program is optional for an educational institution that is a private school or a nonprofit organization approved by DPI. If a private school or DPI-approved nonprofit organization wishes to participate in the course choice program it must take certain actions by the June 1 preceding the school year in which it wishes to participate, including adopting a written policy specifying the acceptance and rejection criteria it will use in the following school year and posting on its Internet site a statement that it will participate in the course choice program and the courses that will be available to pupils under the program. If a private school or DPI-approved nonprofit organization may not attend courses at other educational institutions under the course choice program and pupils attending other educational institutions may not take courses at the private school or nonprofit organization in both the part-time open enrollment program and the course choice program and pupils attending other educational institutions may not take courses at the private school or nonprofit organization under the course choice program is mandatory for public schools.

Under the bill, the educational institution that a pupil attends on a full-time basis must pay the educational institution offering a course the pupil takes under the course choice program an amount equal to the costs of providing the course to the pupil, as determined by DPI. The bill prohibits an educational institution from charging or receiving any additional payment from a pupil or a pupil's full-time educational institution for attending a course at the educational institution under the course choice program.

Under the current part-time open enrollment program, a pupil's resident school board may reject a pupil's application to attend a course in a nonresident school district if the resident school board determines that the cost of the course would impose an undue burden on the resident school district. The bill extends the authority to reject a pupil's application on the basis that the cost of the course would be an undue burden to all full-time educational institutions.

Similar to the low-income transportation assistance offered under current law, a pupil attending a course under the course choice program may apply to DPI for financial assistance for the cost of transportation to a course the pupil attends under the course choice program if the pupil is unable to pay the cost of the transportation. Under current law, in awarding transportation assistance, DPI must give a preference to pupils who satisfy the criteria for free or reduced-price lunch. Under the bill, DPI must also give a preference to pupils who attend an educational institution in a rural community.

Finally, the bill requires DPI to include information on the course choice program on DPI's Internet site, including links to the Internet sites of educational institutions participating in the program.

For further information see the *local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 115.28 (54m) of the statutes is amended to read:
115.28 (54m) NOTICE OF EDUCATIONAL OPTIONS. Include on the home page of the
department's Internet site a link to information about all of the educational options
available to children in the state who are at least 3 years old but not yet $18 \ 21$ years
old and who have not graduated from high school, including public schools, private
schools participating in a parental choice program, charter schools, virtual schools,
full-time or part-time open enrollment in a nonresident school district, <u>the course</u>
choice program, the early college credit program, and options for pupils enrolled in
a home-based private educational program.
SECTION 2. 115.38 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
115.38 (1) (d) The number and percentage of resident pupils enrolled in the
school district attending a course in a nonresident school district offered by an
educational institution under s. 118.52, the number of nonresident pupils who are
not enrolled in the school district but are attending a course in the school district
under s. 118.52, and the courses taken by those pupils.
SECTION 3. 115.385 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
115.385 (4) Annually, each public school, including a charter school, and each
private school participating in a parental choice program under s. 118.60 or 119.23
shall provide a copy of the school's accountability report to the parent or guardian of
each pupil enrolled in or attending the school. Each school shall simultaneously
provide to the parent or guardian of each pupil enrolled in the school a list of the

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1	educational options available to children who reside in the pupil's resident school
2	district, including public schools, private schools participating in a parental choice
3	program, charter schools, virtual schools, full-time or part-time open enrollment in
4	a nonresident school district, the course choice program, the early college credit
5	program, and options for pupils enrolled in a home-based private educational
6	program.
7	SECTION 4. 118.52 (title) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
8	118.52 (title) Course choice program.
9	SECTION 5. 118.52 (1) (ad) of the statutes is created to read:
10	118.52 (1) (ad) "Educational institution" means all of the following:
11	1. A public school under the charge of a pupil's resident school board, including
12	a charter school under contract with the school board under s. 118.40.
13	2. A public school under the charge of a pupil's nonresident school board,
14	including a charter school under contract with the school board under s. 118.40.
15	3. A charter school established under s. 118.40 (2r) or (2x).
16	4. A private school.
17	5. Any nonprofit organization approved by the department.
18	SECTION 6. 118.52 (1) (af) of the statutes is created to read:
19	118.52 (1) (af) "Full-time educational institution" means the educational
20	institution at which the pupil is enrolled or attends school full time during the school
21	year for which an application is made under this section.
22	SECTION 7. 118.52 (1) (ah) of the statutes is created to read:
23	118.52 (1) (ah) "Governing body" means the board that is elected or appointed
24	to govern an educational institution. If a board is not elected or appointed to govern

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the educational institution, "governing body" means the person having direct charge
 of the educational institution.

3 **SECTION 8.** 118.52 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 118.52 (1) (e) "Resident school district" means the school district in which a 5 pupil resides. If a pupil attends school under a whole grade sharing agreement under 6 s. 118.50 in a school district other than the school district in which the pupil resides. 7 the school district in which the pupil attends school under the whole grade sharing 8 agreement is considered the pupil's resident school district. 9 **SECTION 9.** 118.52 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 10 118.52 (2) Beginning in the 2018-19 2020-21 school year, subject to sub. (2m) 11 (b), a pupil who is enrolled in <u>a public school in the high school</u> or attends an 12educational institution in grades 1 to 12 may attend public school in a nonresident 13school district another educational institution under this section for the purpose of 14 taking a course offered by the nonresident school district that educational 15institution. A pupil may attend no more than 2 courses at any time in nonresident 16 school districts under this section.

17 **SECTION 10.** 118.52 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

18 118.52 (2m) PROGRAM PARTICIPATION; PRIVATE SCHOOLS AND NONPROFIT 19 ORGANIZATIONS. (a) For an educational institution under sub. (1) (ad) 4. or 5. to 20 participate in the program under this section, before the June 1 preceding the school 21 year in which the educational institution wishes to participate, the governing body 22 of the educational institution shall do all of the following:

Adopt a motion specifying that the educational institution will participate
 in the program under this section in the following school year.

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2. Adopt a written policy specifying the acceptance and rejection criteria described in subs. (5) and (6) that the educational institution will implement for the following school year and whether the governing body will delegate any of its duties under this section to the administrator, as defined in s. 118.60 (1) (ad), of the educational institution.

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6 3. Publish and post on its Internet site, if applicable, that the educational 7 institution will participate in the program under this section and, no later than 8 8 weeks before the date on which a course will begin, post a description of the course 9 that will be available to pupils applying under sub. (3). The governing body of the 10 educational institution shall maintain and update the description of available 11 courses throughout the school year.

(b) If an educational institution under sub. (1) (ad) 4. or 5. does not participate
in the program under this section, sub. (2) does not apply to a pupil attending the
educational institution or to a pupil attending another educational institution who
wishes to attend a course offered by the educational institution under this section.
SECTION 11. 118.52 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

17118.52 (3) (a) The parent of a pupil who wishes to attend public school in a 18 nonresident school district an educational institution for the purpose of taking a 19 course under this section shall submit an application, on a form provided by the 20department, to the school board of the nonresident school district in governing body 21of the educational institution at which the pupil wishes to attend a course not later 22than 6 weeks prior to the date on which the course is scheduled to commence. The 23application shall specify the course that the pupil wishes to attend and may specify $\mathbf{24}$ the school or schools location at which the pupil wishes to attend the course. The 25nonresident school board governing body of an educational institution that receives

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an application under this paragraph shall send a copy of the application to the pupil's
resident school board, except that if the pupil is attending a school in a school district
other than the pupil's resident school district pursuant to a whole grade sharing
agreement under s. 118.50, the nonresident school district to which the pupil applies
under this section shall send a copy of the application to the school board of the
district in which the pupil is attending school pursuant to the whole grade sharing
agreement full-time educational institution.

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SECTION 12. 118.52 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 118.52 (3) (b) If <u>a nonresident school board the governing body of an</u>
 educational institution receives more applications for a particular course than there
 are spaces available in the course, the nonresident school board governing body of
 the educational institution shall determine which pupils to accept on a random basis.
 SECTION 13. 118.52 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 118.52 (3) (c) No later than one week 4 weeks prior to the date on which the 15course is scheduled to commence, the nonresident school board governing body of the 16 educational institution shall notify the applicant and the resident school board 17governing body of the applicant's full-time educational institution, in writing, 18 whether the application has been accepted and, if the application is accepted, the 19 school location at which the pupil may attend the course. If the applicant pupil is 20 attending a school in a school district other than the pupil's resident school district 21pursuant to a whole grade sharing agreement under s. 118.50, the school board of the 22district to which the pupil applies under this section shall provide the notice required 23under this paragraph to the school board of the district in which the pupil is 24attending school pursuant to the whole grade sharing agreement. If the application 25is accepted, the governing body of the educational institution shall also notify the

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1	governing body of the applicant's full-time educational institution, in writing, of the
2	estimated cost of the course. The acceptance applies only for the following semester,
3	school year, or other session in which the course is offered. If the school board of the
4	district governing body of the educational institution to which the pupil applies
5	under this section rejects an application, it <u>the governing body</u> shall include in the
6	notice the reason for the rejection.
7	SECTION 14. 118.52 (3) (d) of the statutes is repealed.
8	SECTION 15. 118.52 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	118.52 (3) (e) Following receipt of a notice of acceptance but prior to 2 weeks
10	before the date on which the course is scheduled to commence, the pupil's parent
11	shall notify the resident school board, or, if the pupil is attending school in a school
12	district other than the pupil's resident school district pursuant to a whole grade
13	sharing agreement under s. 118.50, the school board of the district in which the pupil
14	is attending school, governing body of the pupil's full-time educational institution
15	and the school board of the district to governing body of the educational institution
16	providing the course for which the pupil applies under this section of the pupil's
17	intent to attend the course in the school district to which the pupil applies under this
18	section.
19	SECTION 16. 118.52 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 118.52 (2p) and amended
20	to read:
21	118.52 (2p) Adoption of policies and criteria; school boards and charter
22	<u>SCHOOLS</u> . By February 1, 1998, <u>Annually, by June 1,</u> each school board <u>and governing</u>
23	board of a charter school shall adopt a resolution specifying the criteria and policies
24	described in subs. (5) and (6). If the school board or governing board of a charter

25 <u>school</u> wishes to revise the criteria or policies, it shall do so by resolution.

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1	SECTION 17. 118.52 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	118.52 (5) Nonresident school district <u>Governing Bodies of Educational</u>
3	INSTITUTIONS: ACCEPTANCE AND REJECTION CRITERIA. School board <u>A governing body's</u>
4	policies and criteria for accepting and rejecting applications under sub. (3) from
5	pupils who reside in another school district are enrolled in or attend a different
6	educational institution shall be the same as the policies and criteria for entry into
7	the course that apply to pupils who reside in the school district, except that the school
8	board may give preference in attendance in a course to residents of the school district
9	are enrolled in or attend on a full-time basis the educational institution governed by
10	the governing body.
11	SECTION 18. 118.52 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	118.52 (6) Resident school district rejection <u>Rejection</u> criteria; full-time
12 13	118.52 (6) RESIDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REJECTION REJECTION CRITERIA; FULL-TIME EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION. (a) Individualized education program requirements. The
13	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION. (a) Individualized education program requirements. The
13 14	<u>EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION</u> . (a) <i>Individualized education program requirements</i> . The school board of a <u>A</u> pupil's resident school district, or, if the pupil is attending school
13 14 15	<u>EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION</u> . (a) <i>Individualized education program requirements</i> . The school board of a <u>A</u> pupil's resident school district, or, if the pupil is attending school in a school district other than the pupil's resident school district pursuant to a whole
13 14 15 16	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION. (a) Individualized education program requirements. The school board of a \underline{A} pupil's resident school district, or, if the pupil is attending school in a school district other than the pupil's resident school district pursuant to a whole grade sharing agreement under s. 118.50, the school board of the district in which
13 14 15 16 17	<u>EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION</u> . (a) <i>Individualized education program requirements</i> . The school board of a <u>A</u> pupil's resident school district, or, if the pupil is attending school in a school district other than the pupil's resident school district pursuant to a whole grade sharing agreement under s. 118.50, the school board of the district in which the pupil is attending school, <u>board</u> shall reject a pupil's application to attend a
13 14 15 16 17 18	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION. (a) Individualized education program requirements. The school board of a \underline{A} pupil's resident school district, or, if the pupil is attending school in a school district other than the pupil's resident school district pursuant to a whole grade sharing agreement under s. 118.50, the school board of the district in which the pupil is attending school, board shall reject a pupil's application to attend a course in a public school in a nonresident school district offered by an educational
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION. (a) Individualized education program requirements. The school board of a \underline{A} pupil's resident school district, or, if the pupil is attending school in a school district other than the pupil's resident school district pursuant to a whole grade sharing agreement under s. 118.50, the school board of the district in which the pupil is attending school, board shall reject a pupil's application to attend a course in a public school in a nonresident school district offered by an educational institution under this section if the resident school board or the school board of the

(b) Undue financial burden. The school board of a governing body of a pupil's 2324resident school district full-time educational institution may reject an the pupil's application to attend a course in a public school in a nonresident school district 25

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1	offered by another educational institution under this section if the cost of the course
2	would impose upon the resident school district full-time educational institution an
3	undue financial burden in light of the resident school district's full-time educational
4	institution's total economic circumstances, including its revenue limit under subch.
5	VII of ch. 121, its ability to pay tuition costs for the pupil, and the per pupil cost for
6	children continuing to be served by the resident school district it, and if applicable,
7	its revenue limit under subch. VII of ch. 121.
8	SECTION 19. 118.52 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	118.52 (8) APPEAL OF REJECTION. If an application is rejected under sub. (3) (c)
10	or a pupil is prohibited from attending a course in a public school in a nonresident
11	school district at an educational institution under sub. (6), the pupil's parent may
12	appeal the decision to the department within 30 days after the decision. The
13	department shall affirm the decision unless the department finds that the decision
14	was arbitrary or unreasonable. The department's decision is final and is not subject
15	to judicial review under subch. III of ch. 227.
16	SECTION 20. 118.52 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	118.52 (9) RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES OF NONRESIDENT PUPILS. A pupil attending a
18	course in a public school in a nonresident school district offered by an educational
19	institution under this section has all of the rights and privileges of pupils residing
20	in that school district attending the educational institution on a full-time basis and
21	is subject to the same rules and regulations as pupils residing in that school district
22	attending the educational institution on a full-time basis.
23	SECTION 21. 118.52 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	118.52 (10) Notwithstanding s. 118.125, the resident school board governing
25	body of an educational institution shall provide to the nonresident school board

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1 governing body of the educational institution to which a pupil has applied under this $\mathbf{2}$ section, upon request by that school board governing body, a copy of any expulsion 3 findings and orders, a copy of records of any pending disciplinary proceeding 4 involving the pupil, a written explanation of the reasons for the expulsion or pending 5disciplinary proceeding, and the length of the term of the expulsion or the possible 6 outcomes of the pending disciplinary proceeding.

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SECTION 22. 118.52 (11) of the statutes is amended to read:

8 118.52 (11) TRANSPORTATION. (a) Responsibility. The parent of a pupil 9 attending a course in a public school in a nonresident school district offered by an 10 educational institution under this section is responsible for transporting the pupil 11 to and from the course that the pupil is attending.

12 (b) *Low-income assistance Assistance; low-income or rural community.* The 13 parent of a pupil who is attending a course in a public school in a nonresident school 14 1516 17

district offered by an educational institution under this section may apply to the department for reimbursement of the costs incurred by the parent for the transportation of the pupil to and from the pupil's residence or school in which the pupil is enrolled full-time educational institution and the school educational 18 institution at which the pupil is attending the course if the pupil and parent are 19 unable to pay the cost of such transportation. The department shall determine the 20 reimbursement amount and shall pay the amount from the appropriation under s. 2120.255 (2) (cy). The department shall give preference under this paragraph to those 22pupils who satisfy the income eligibility criteria for a free or reduced-price lunch 23under 42 USC 1758 (b) (1) and to those pupils who attend a full-time educational 24institution in a rural community.

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SECTION 23. 118.52 (12) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	118.52 (12) TUITION. The resident school board governing body of a pupil's
2	full-time educational institution shall pay to the nonresident school board, for each
3	governing body of the educational institution offering the course the pupil attending
4	a course in a public school in the nonresident school district <u>attends</u> under this
5	section, an amount equal to the cost of providing the course to the pupil, calculated
6	in a manner as determined by the department. <u>The governing body of the</u>
7	educational institution offering the course the pupil attends under this section may
8	not charge or receive from the pupil or the governing body of the pupil's full-time
9	educational institution any additional payment for the pupil attending the course
10	under this section.
11	SECTION 24. 118.52 (13) of the statutes is created to read:
12	118.52 (13) PROGRAM PUBLICITY. The department shall include on its Internet
13	site information on the program under this section, including the Internet site, if any,
14	of each school board, charter school established under s. 118.40 (2r) or (2x), and
15	educational institution under sub. (1) (ad) 4. and 5. that is participating in the
16	program under this section. The department shall maintain this information on its
10	program under this section. The department shan maintain this mormation on its

18 year.

SECTION 25. 118.57 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

20 118.57 (1) Annually, by January 31, each school board shall publish as a class
21 1 notice, under ch. 985, and post on its Internet site a description of the educational
22 options available to children in the school district, including public schools, private
23 schools participating in a parental choice program, charter schools, virtual schools,

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- 1 full-time or part-time open enrollment in a nonresident school district, <u>the course</u>
- 2 <u>choice program</u>, and the early college credit program.
 - (END)

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