$\begin{array}{c} LRB\text{--}5935/1 \\ EHS\text{:}klm \end{array}$

2023 SENATE BILL 1067

February 26, 2024 - Introduced by Senators Roys, L. Johnson, Spreitzer, Hesselbein and Larson, cosponsored by Representatives Doyle, Jacobson, Bare, Stubbs, Emerson, Conley, Snodgrass, Palmeri, Considine, Clancy, Moore Omokunde, Drake, Joers, Subeck, Sinicki, Myers, Andraca, C. Anderson, Ohnstad, Shelton, Madison and Haywood. Referred to Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

AUTHORS SUBJECT TO CHANGE

AN ACT to amend 48.02 (1d), 48.02 (2), subchapter IX (title) of chapter 48 1 $\mathbf{2}$ [precedes 48.44], 48.44, 48.45 (1) (a), 48.45 (1) (am), 48.45 (3), 118.163 (4), 3 125.07 (4) (d), 125.07 (4) (e) 1., 125.085 (3) (bt), 165.83 (1) (c) 1., 165.83 (1) (c) 4 2., 301.12 (2m), 301.12 (14) (a), 302.31 (7), 938.02 (1), 938.02 (10m), 938.12 (2), 5 938.18 (2), 938.183 (3), 938.255 (1) (intro.), 938.34 (8), 938.343 (2), 938.344 (3), 6 938.35 (1m), 938.355 (4) (b), 938.355 (4m) (a), 938.39, subchapter IX (title) of 7 chapter 938 [precedes 938.44], 938.44, 938.45 (1) (a), 938.45 (3), 938.48 (4m) 8 (title), 938.48 (4m) (a), 938.48 (4m) (b), 938.48 (14), 938.57 (3) (title), 938.57 (3) 9 (a) (intro.), 938.57 (3) (a) 1., 938.57 (3) (a) 3., 938.57 (3) (b), 946.50 (intro.), 10 948.01 (1), 948.11 (2) (am) (intro.), 948.45 (1), 948.60 (2) (d), 948.61 (4), 961.455 11 (title), 961.455 (1), 961.455 (2), 961.46, 961.573 (2), 961.574 (2), 961.575 (1), 12 961.575 (2), 961.575 (3), 990.01 (3) and 990.01 (20); and **to create** 20.437 (1) (cL)

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and 48.5275 of the statutes; **relating to:** the age of juvenile court jurisdiction and making an appropriation.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Age of juvenile court jurisdiction

This bill raises from 17 to 18 the age at which a person who is alleged to have violated a criminal law is subject to the procedures specified in the Criminal Procedure Code and, on conviction, to sentencing under the Criminal Code. The bill raises from 17 to 18 the age at which a person who is alleged to have violated a civil law or municipal ordinance is subject to the jurisdiction and procedures of the circuit court or, if applicable, the municipal court.

Under current law, a person 17 years of age or older who is alleged to have violated a criminal law is subject to the procedures specified in the Criminal Procedure Code and, on conviction, is subject to sentencing under the Criminal Code, which may include a sentence of imprisonment in the Wisconsin state prisons. Currently, subject to certain exceptions, a person under 17 years of age who is alleged to have violated a criminal law is subject to the procedures specified in the Juvenile Justice Code and, on being adjudicated delinquent, is subject to an array of dispositions under that code, including placement in a juvenile correctional facility.

Similarly, under current law, a person 17 years of age or older who is alleged to have violated a civil law or municipal ordinance is subject to the jurisdiction and procedures of the circuit court or, if applicable, the municipal court, while a person under 17 years of age who is alleged to have violated a civil law or municipal ordinance, subject to certain exceptions, is subject to the jurisdiction and procedures of the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under the Juvenile Justice Code.

Seventeen-year-old juvenile justice aids

Under current law, counties are responsible for paying the costs associated with juvenile delinquency-related services, including the costs for a placement of a juvenile in a juvenile correctional facility, juvenile detention facility, or the juvenile portion of a county jail. The bill creates a sum sufficient appropriation for Department of Children and Families to reimburse counties, beginning on January 1, 2024, for costs associated with juveniles who were alleged to have violated a state or federal criminal law or any civil law or municipal ordinance at age 17.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	20.437 (1) (cL) Seventeen-year-old juvenile justice aids. A sum sufficient for
2	the purposes under s. 48.5275.
3	Section 2. 48.02 (1d) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	48.02 (1d) "Adult" means a person who is 18 years of age or older, except that
5	for purposes of investigating or prosecuting a person who is alleged to have violated
6	any state or federal criminal law or any civil law or municipal ordinance, "adult"
7	means a person who has attained 17 years of age.
8	SECTION 3. 48.02 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	48.02 (2) "Child," when used without further qualification, means a person who
10	is less than 18 years of age, except that for purposes of investigating or prosecuting
11	a person who is alleged to have violated a state or federal criminal law or any civil
12	law or municipal ordinance, "child" does not include a person who has attained 17
13	years of age.
14	Section 4. Subchapter IX (title) of chapter 48 [precedes 48.44] of the statutes
15	is amended to read:
16	CHAPTER 48
17	SUBCHAPTER IX
18	JURISDICTION OVER PERSON 17
19	OR OLDER ADULTS
20	Section 5. 48.44 of the statutes is amended to read:
21	48.44 Jurisdiction over persons 17 or older adults. The court has
22	jurisdiction over persons 17 years of age or older adults as provided under ss. 48.133,
23	$48.355\ (4),48.357\ (6),48.365\ (5),$ and 48.45 and as otherwise specifically provided in
24	this chapter.
25	Section 6. 48.45 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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48.45 (1) (a) If in the hearing of a case of a child alleged to be in a condition described in s. 48.13 it appears that any person 17 years of age or older adult has been guilty of contributing to, encouraging, or tending to cause by any act or omission, such that condition of the child, the judge may make orders with respect to the conduct of such that person in his or her relationship to the child, including orders determining the ability of the person to provide for the maintenance or care of the child and directing when, how, and from where funds for the maintenance or care shall be paid.

SECTION 7. 48.45 (1) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.45 (1) (am) If in the hearing of a case of an unborn child and the unborn child's expectant mother alleged to be in a condition described in s. 48.133 it appears that any person 17 years of age or over adult has been guilty of contributing to, encouraging, or tending to cause by any act or omission, such that condition of the unborn child and expectant mother, the judge may make orders with respect to the conduct of such that person in his or her relationship to the unborn child and expectant mother.

SECTION 8. 48.45 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.45 (3) If it appears at a court hearing that any person 17 years of age or older adult has violated s. 948.40, the judge shall refer the record to the district attorney for criminal proceedings as may be warranted in the district attorney's judgment. This subsection does not prevent prosecution of violations of s. 948.40 without the prior reference by the judge to the district attorney, as in other criminal cases.

Section 9. 48.5275 of the statutes is created to read:

48.5275 Seventeen-year-old juvenile justice aids. Notwithstanding s. 48.526, from the appropriation under s. 20.437 (1) (cL), beginning on January 1,

1	2024, the department shall reimburse counties for the costs under s. 48.526 (2) (c)
2	associated with juveniles who were alleged to have violated a state or federal
3	criminal law or any civil law or municipal ordinance at age 17.
4	SECTION 10. 118.163 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	118.163 (4) A person who is under 17 years of age a minor on the date of
6	disposition is subject to s. 938.342.
7	Section 11. 125.07 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	125.07 (4) (d) A person who is under 17 years of age a minor on the date of
9	disposition is subject to s. 938.344 unless proceedings have been instituted against
10	the person in a court of civil or criminal jurisdiction after dismissal of the citation
11	under s. 938.344 (3).
12	Section 12. 125.07 (4) (e) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
13	125.07 (4) (e) 1. In this paragraph, "defendant" means a person found guilty
14	of violating par. (a) or (b) who is 17, 18, 19 or 20 an adult under <u>21</u> years of age.
15	Section 13. 125.085 (3) (bt) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	125.085 (3) (bt) A person who is under 17 years of age a minor on the date of
17	disposition is subject to s. 938.344 unless proceedings have been instituted against
18	the person in a court of civil or criminal jurisdiction after dismissal of the citation
19	under s. 938.344 (3).
20	Section 14. 165.83 (1) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
21	165.83 (1) (c) 1. An act that is committed by a person who has attained the age
22	of 17 an adult and that is a felony or a misdemeanor.
23	SECTION 15. 165.83 (1) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

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165.83 (1) (c) 2. An act that is committed by a person minor who has attained the age of 10 but who has not attained the age of 17 and that would be a felony or misdemeanor if committed by an adult.

Section 16. 301.12 (2m) of the statutes is amended to read:

301.12 (2m) The liability specified in sub. (2) shall not apply to persons 17 and older adults receiving care, maintenance, services, and supplies provided by prisons named in s. 302.01.

SECTION 17. 301.12 (14) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

301.12 (14) (a) Except as provided in pars. (b) and (c), liability of a person specified in sub. (2) or s. 301.03 (18) for care and maintenance of persons under 17 years of age minors in residential, nonmedical facilities such as group homes, foster homes, residential care centers for children and youth, and juvenile correctional institutions is determined in accordance with the cost-based fee established under s. 301.03 (18). The department shall bill the liable person up to any amount of liability not paid by an insurer under s. 632.89 (2) or (4m) or by other 3rd-party benefits, subject to rules that include formulas governing ability to pay promulgated by the department under s. 301.03 (18). Any liability of the resident not payable by any other person terminates when the resident reaches age 17 becomes an adult, unless the liable person has prevented payment by any act or omission.

Section 18. 302.31 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

302.31 (7) The temporary placement of persons in the custody of the department, other than persons under 17 years of age minors, and persons who have attained the age of 17 years but have not attained adults under the age of 25 years who are under the supervision of the department under s. 938.355 (4) and who have

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1	been taken into custody pending revocation of community supervision or aftercare
2	supervision under s. 938.357 (5) (e).
3	Section 19. 938.02 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	938.02 (1) "Adult" means a person who is 18 years of age or older, except that
5	for purposes of investigating or prosecuting a person who is alleged to have violated
6	any state or federal criminal law or any civil law or municipal ordinance, "adult"
7	means a person who has attained 17 years of age.
8	Section 20. 938.02 (10m) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	938.02 (10m) "Juvenile," when used without further qualification, means a
10	person who is less than 18 years of age, except that for purposes of investigating or
11	prosecuting a person who is alleged to have violated a state or federal criminal law
12	or any civil law or municipal ordinance, "juvenile" does not include a person who has
13	attained 17 years of age.
14	Section 21. 938.12 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	938.12 (2) Seventeen-year-olds Juveniles who become adults. If a petition
16	alleging that a juvenile is delinquent is filed before the juvenile is 17 years of age
17	becomes an adult, but the juvenile becomes 17 years of age an adult before admitting
18	the facts of the petition at the plea hearing or, if the juvenile denies the facts, before
19	an adjudication, the court retains jurisdiction over the case.
20	Section 22. 938.18 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	938.18 (2) Petition. The petition for waiver of jurisdiction may be filed by the

district attorney or the juvenile or may be initiated by the court and shall contain a

brief statement of the facts supporting the request for waiver. The petition for waiver

of jurisdiction shall be accompanied by or filed after the filing of a petition alleging

delinquency and shall be filed prior to the plea hearing, except that if the juvenile

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denies the facts of the petition and becomes 17 years of age an adult before an adjudication, the petition for waiver of jurisdiction may be filed at any time prior to the adjudication. If the court initiates the petition for waiver of jurisdiction, the judge shall disqualify himself or herself from any future proceedings on the case.

Section 23. 938.183 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.183 (3) Placement in State Prison; parole. When Subject to s. 973.013 (3m), when a juvenile who is subject to a criminal penalty under sub. (1m) or s. 938.183 (2), 2003 stats., attains the age of 17 years becomes an adult, the department of corrections may place the juvenile in a state prison named in s. 302.01, except that that department may not place any person under the age of 18 years in the correctional institution authorized in s. 301.16 (1n). A juvenile who is subject to a criminal penalty under sub. (1m) or under s. 938.183 (2), 2003 stats., for an act committed before December 31, 1999, is eligible for parole under s. 304.06.

Section 24. 938.255 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.255 (1) Title and contents. (intro.) A petition initiating proceedings under this chapter, other than a petition initiating proceedings under s. 938.12, 938.125, or 938.13 (12), shall be entitled, "In the interest of (juvenile's name), a person under the age of 18.". A petition initiating proceedings under s. 938.12, 938.125, or 938.13 (12) shall be entitled, "In the interest of (juvenile's name), a person under the age of 17." juvenile." A petition initiating proceedings under this chapter shall specify all of the following:

Section 25. 938.34 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.34 (8) FORFEITURE. Impose a forfeiture based upon a determination that this disposition is in the best interest of the juvenile and the juvenile's rehabilitation. The maximum forfeiture that the court may impose under this subsection for a

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violation by a juvenile is the maximum amount of the fine that may be imposed on an adult for committing that violation or, if the violation is applicable only to a person under 18 years of age juveniles, \$100. The order shall include a finding that the juvenile alone is financially able to pay the forfeiture and shall allow up to 12 months for payment. If the juvenile fails to pay the forfeiture, the court may vacate the forfeiture and order other alternatives under this section; or the court may suspend any license issued under ch. 29 for not less than 30 days nor more than 5 years, or suspend the juvenile's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), for not more than 2 years. If the court suspends any license under this subsection, the clerk of the court shall immediately take possession of the suspended license if issued under ch. 29 or, if the license is issued under ch. 343, the court may take possession of, and if possession is taken, shall destroy, the license. The court shall forward to the department which that issued the license a notice of suspension stating that the suspension is for failure to pay a forfeiture imposed by the court, together with any license issued under ch. 29 of which the court takes possession. If the forfeiture is paid during the period of suspension, the suspension shall be reduced to the time period which that has already elapsed and the court shall immediately notify the department, which shall then, if the license is issued under ch. 29, return the license to the juvenile. Any recovery under this subsection shall be reduced by the amount recovered as a forfeiture for the same act under s. 938.45 (1r) (b).

Section 26. 938.343 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.343 (2) FORFEITURE. Impose a forfeiture not to exceed the maximum forfeiture that may be imposed on an adult for committing that violation or, if the violation is only applicable to <u>a person under 18 years of age juveniles</u>, \$50. The order shall include a finding that the juvenile alone is financially able to pay and

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shall allow up to 12 months for the payment. If a juvenile fails to pay the forfeiture, the court may suspend any license issued under ch. 29 or suspend the juvenile's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), for not more than 2 years. The court shall immediately take possession of the suspended license if issued under ch. 29 or, if the license is issued under ch. 343, the court may take possession of, and if possession is taken, shall destroy, the license. The court shall forward to the department which that issued the license the notice of suspension stating that the suspension is for failure to pay a forfeiture imposed by the court, together with any license issued under ch. 29 of which the court takes possession. If the forfeiture is paid during the period of suspension, the court shall immediately notify the department, which shall, if the license is issued under ch. 29, return the license to the person. Any recovery under this subsection shall be reduced by the amount recovered as a forfeiture for the same act under s. 938.45 (1r) (b).

Section 27. 938.344 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.344 (3) PROSECUTION IN ADULT COURT. If the juvenile alleged to have committed the violation is within 3 months of his or her 17th birthday becoming an adult, the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 may, at the request of the district attorney or on its own motion, dismiss the citation without prejudice and refer the matter to the district attorney for prosecution under s. 125.07 (4). The juvenile is entitled to a hearing only on the issue of his or her age. This subsection does not apply to violations under s. 961.573 (2), 961.574 (2), or 961.575 (2) or a local ordinance that strictly conforms to one of those statutes.

Section 28. 938.35 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.35 (1m) FUTURE CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS BARRED. Disposition by the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 of any allegation

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under s. 938.12 or 938.13 (12) shall bar any future proceeding on the same matter in criminal court when the juvenile attains 17 years of age becomes an adult. This subsection does not affect proceedings in criminal court that have been transferred under s. 938.18.

Section 29. 938.355 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 (4) (b) Except as provided in s. 938.368, an order under s. 938.34 (4d) or (4m) made before the juvenile attains 18 years of age may apply for up to 2 years after the date on which the order is granted or until the juvenile's 18th 19th birthday, whichever is earlier, unless the court specifies a shorter period of time or the court terminates the order sooner. If the order does not specify a termination date, it shall apply for one year after the date on which the order is granted or until the juvenile's 18th 19th birthday, whichever is earlier, unless the court terminates the order sooner. Except as provided in s. 938.368, an order under s. 938.34 (4h) made before the juvenile attains 18 years of age shall apply for 5 years after the date on which the order is granted, if the juvenile is adjudicated delinquent for committing a violation of s. 943.10 (2) or for committing an act that would be punishable as a Class B or C felony if committed by an adult, or until the juvenile reaches 25 years of age, if the iuvenile is adjudicated delinquent for committing an act that would be punishable as a Class A felony if committed by an adult. Except as provided in s. 938.368, an extension of an order under s. 938.34 (4d), (4h), (4m), or (4n) made before the juvenile attains 17 years of age becomes an adult shall terminate at the end of one year after the date on which the order is granted unless the court specifies a shorter period of time or the court terminates the order sooner. No extension under s. 938.365 of an original dispositional order under s. 938.34 (4d), (4h), (4m), or (4n) may be granted

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SECTION 29

1	for a juvenile who is 17 years of age or older when becomes an adult by the time the						
2	original dispositional order terminates.						
3	SECTION 30. 938.355 (4m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:						
4	938.355 (4m) (a) A juvenile who has been adjudged delinquent under s. 48.12,						
5	1993 stats., or s. 938.12 may, on attaining 17 years of age becoming an adult, petition						
6	the court to expunge the court's record of the juvenile's adjudication. Subject to pa						
7	(b), the court may expunge the record if the court determines that the juvenile ha						
8	satisfactorily complied with the conditions of his or her dispositional order and that						
9	the juvenile will benefit from, and society will not be harmed by, the expungement.						
10	SECTION 31. 938.39 of the statutes is amended to read:						
11	938.39 Disposition by court bars criminal proceeding. Disposition by the						
12	court of any violation of state law within its jurisdiction under s. 938.12 bars any						
13	future criminal proceeding on the same matter in circuit court when the juvenile						
14	reaches the age of 17 becomes an adult. This section does not affect criminal						
15	proceedings in circuit court that were transferred under s. 938.18.						
16	Section 32. Subchapter IX (title) of chapter 938 [precedes 938.44] of the						
17	statutes is amended to read:						
18	CHAPTER 938						
19	SUBCHAPTER IX						
20	JURISDICTION OVER PERSONS 17						
21	OR OLDER ADULTS						
22	SECTION 33. 938.44 of the statutes is amended to read:						
23	938.44 Jurisdiction over persons 17 or older adults. The court has						

jurisdiction over persons 17 years of age or older adults as provided under ss. 938.355

(4), 938.357 (6), 938.365 (5), and 938.45 and as otherwise specified in this chapter.

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Section 34. 938.45 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.45 (1) (a) If in the hearing of a case of a juvenile alleged to be delinquent under s. 938.12 or in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 it appears that any person 17 years of age or older adult has been guilty of contributing to, encouraging, or tending to cause by any act or omission, such that condition of the juvenile, the court may make orders with respect to the conduct of that person in his or her relationship to the juvenile, including orders relating to determining the ability of the person to provide for the maintenance or care of the juvenile and directing when, how, and from where funds for the maintenance or care shall be paid. **Section 35.** 938.45 (3) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.45 (3) Prosecution of adult contributing to delinquency of Juvenile. If it appears at a court hearing that any person 17 years of age or older adult has violated s. 948.40, the court shall refer the record to the district attorney. This subsection does not prohibit prosecution of violations of s. 948.40 without the prior reference by the court to the district attorney. **Section 36.** 938.48 (4m) (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.48 (4m) (title) Continuing care and services for Juveniles over 17 who BECOME ADULTS. **Section 37.** 938.48 (4m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.48 (4m) (a) Is at least 17 years of age an adult. **SECTION 38.** 938.48 (4m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.48 (4m) (b) Was under the supervision of the department under s. 938.183, 938.34 (4h), or 938.357 (3) or (4) when the person reached 17 years of age became an adult. **Section 39.** 938.48 (14) of the statutes is amended to read:

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938.48 (14) SCHOOL-RELATED EXPENSES FOR JUVENILES OVER 17 WHO BECOME
ADULTS. Pay maintenance, tuition, and related expenses from the appropriation
under s. 20.410 (3) (ho) for persons who, when they attained 17 years of age $\underline{\text{became}}$
<u>adults</u> , were students regularly attending a school, college, or university or regularly
attending a course of vocational or technical training designed to prepare them for
gainful employment, and who upon attaining that age becoming adults were under
the supervision of the department under s. 938.183, 938.34 $(4h)$, or 938.357 (3) or (4)
as a result of a judicial decision.
Section 40. 938.57 (3) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.57 (3) (title) Continuing maintenance for Juveniles over 17 who become
ADULTS.
Section 41. 938.57 (3) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.57(3)(a)(intro.) From the reimbursement received under s. $48.569(1)(d),$
counties may provide funding for the maintenance of any <u>juvenile person</u> who meets
all of the following qualifications:
Section 42. 938.57 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
938.57 (3) (a) 1. Is 17 years of age or older an adult.
Section 43. 938.57 (3) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
938.57 (3) (a) 3. Received funding under s. 48.569 (1) (d) immediately prior to
his or her 17th birthday becoming an adult.
Section 44. 938.57 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.57 (3) (b) The funding provided for the maintenance of a juvenile person
under par. (a) shall be in an amount equal to that which the <u>juvenile person</u> would
receive under s. 48.569 (1) (d) if the person were a juvenile were 16 years of age.

Section 45. 946.50 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

946.50 Absconding. (intro.) Any person who is adjudicated delinquent, but					
who intentionally fails to appear before the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction					
under chs. 48 and 938 for his or her dispositional hearing under s. 938.335, and who					
does not return to that court for a dispositional hearing before attaining the age of					
17 years becoming an adult is guilty of the following:					
Section 46. 948.01 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:					
948.01 (1) "Child" means a person who has not attained the age of 18 years,					
except that for purposes of prosecuting a person who is alleged to have violated a					
state or federal criminal law, "child" does not include a person who has attained the					
age of 17 years.					
Section 47. 948.11 (2) (am) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:					
948.11 (2) (am) (intro.) Any person who has attained the age of 17 and adult					
who, with knowledge of the character and content of the description or narrative					
account, verbally communicates, by any means, a harmful description or narrative					
account to a child, with or without monetary consideration, is guilty of a Class I					
felony if any of the following applies:					
Section 48. 948.45 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:					
948.45 (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), any person 17 years of age or older					
adult who, by any act or omission, knowingly encourages or contributes to the					
truancy, as defined under s. 118.16 (1) (c), of a person 17 years of age or under $\underline{\text{child}}$					
is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.					
Section 49. 948.60 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:					
948.60 (2) (d) A person under 17 years of age child who has violated this					

subsection is subject to the provisions of ch. 938 unless jurisdiction is waived under

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SECTION 49

s. 938.18 or the person is subject to the jurisdiction of a court of criminal jurisdiction 1 2 under s. 938.183. 3 **Section 50.** 948.61 (4) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 948.61 (4) A person under 17 years of age child who has violated this section is subject to the provisions of ch. 938, unless jurisdiction is waived under s. 938.18 5 or the person is subject to the jurisdiction of a court of criminal jurisdiction under s. 6 7 938.183. **Section 51.** 961.455 (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 8 961.455 (title) Using a child minor for illegal drug distribution or 9 10 manufacturing purposes. **Section 52.** 961.455 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 11 12 961.455 (1) Any person who has attained the age of 17 years adult who 13 knowingly solicits, hires, directs, employs, or uses a person who is under the age of 14 17 years minor for the purpose of violating s. 961.41 (1) is guilty of a Class F felony. 15 **Section 53.** 961.455 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 16 961.455 (2) The knowledge requirement under sub. (1) does not require proof 17 of knowledge of the age of the child minor. It is not a defense to a prosecution under 18 this section that the actor mistakenly believed that the person solicited, hired, 19 directed, employed, or used under sub. (1) had attained the age of 18 years, even if 20 the mistaken belief was reasonable. 21 **Section 54.** 961.46 of the statutes is amended to read: 22 961.46 Distribution to persons under age 18 minors. If a person 17 years 23 of age or over an adult violates s. 961.41 (1) by distributing or delivering a controlled

substance or a controlled substance analog to a person 17 years of age or under minor

who is at least 3 years his or her junior, the applicable maximum term of

1	imprisonment prescribed under s. 961.41 (1) for the offense may be increased by not
2	more than 5 years.
3	SECTION 55. 961.573 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	961.573 (2) Any person minor who violates sub. (1) who is under 17 years of age
5	is subject to a disposition under s. 938.344 (2e).
6	SECTION 56. 961.574 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	961.574 (2) Any person minor who violates sub. (1) who is under 17 years of age
8	is subject to a disposition under s. 938.344 (2e).
9	SECTION 57. 961.575 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	961.575 (1) Any person 17 years of age or over adult who violates s. 961.574 (1)
11	by delivering drug paraphernalia to a person 17 years of age or under minor who is
12	at least 3 years younger than the violator may be fined not more than \$10,000 or
13	imprisoned for not more than 9 months or both.
14	SECTION 58. 961.575 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	961.575 (2) Any person minor who violates this section who is under 17 years
16	of age is subject to a disposition under s. 938.344 (2e).
17	Section 59. 961.575 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	961.575 (3) Any person 17 years of age or over adult who violates s. 961.574 (3)
19	by delivering drug paraphernalia to a person 17 years of age or under minor is guilty
20	of a Class G felony.
21	Section 60. 990.01 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	990.01 (3) ADULT. "Adult" means a person who has attained the age of 18 years,
23	except that for purposes of investigating or prosecuting a person who is alleged to
24	have violated any state or federal criminal law or any civil law or municipal
25	ordinance, "adult" means a person who has attained the age of 17 years.

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Section 61.	990.01	(20)	of the	statutes	is	amended	to	read:
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990.01 (20) MINOR. "Minor" means a person who has not attained the age of 18 years, except that for purposes of investigating or prosecuting a person who is alleged to have violated a state or federal criminal law or any civil law or municipal ordinance, "minor" does not include a person who has attained the age of 17 years.

SECTION 62. Initial applicability.

(1) This act first applies to a violation of a criminal law, civil law, or municipal ordinance allegedly committed on the effective date of this subsection.

SECTION 63. Effective date.

(1) This act takes effect on the day after publication, or the 2nd day after publication of the 2023 biennial budget, act whichever occurs later.

12 (END)